Why cut in oil price went too deep, Page 20

World news Business summary Guinness German kidnap banks demand advance of \$2.6m strongly

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 Maia

Police in Ireland were last night bunting an armed gang wbo kid napped a member of the prominent Irish Guinness family from her home ontside Dublin on Tuesday and demanded an If2m (\$2.6m) ran-

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A news blackout on the kidnap was lifted yesterday after initial action by the police failed to find Mrs Jennifer Guinness, 48, the wife of Mr John Guinness, a director of the Irish subsidiary of Guinness Mahon bank.

Police in Dublin said it was not clear who was responsible for the kidnapping. It was possibly the work of the Irish Republican Army or other republican groups, they said, but ordinary armed criminals had not been ruled out.

Chirac wins vote

France's new conservative Government headed by Mr Jacques Chirac scraped through with a majority of four on its first vote of confidence in the National Assembly. Page 3

Ambassador recalled

Spain has recalled its ambassador in Libya for consultations on reported threats by Libyan leader Muam-mer Gadaffi to attack countries housing US military facilities. Page 3

Waldheim row

Mr Rudolf Kirschlager, Austrian President, is expected this weekend to adjudicate in the international row over the war record of Dr Kurt Waldheim, former secretary general of the UN and a candidate in Austria's presidential election. Page 2

Bomb kills three

A car bomb exploded in a parking lot in the main square in the south Lebanese port city of Sidon, killing three people and wounding 34.

Ten dead in clashes

Sikh-extremists and police traded fire in several parts of Punjab, In- FFT: 10.8775; (FFr 10.8875) and

COMMERZBANK, a leading West German commercial bank, made a strong start in first two months of 1986 after resord group operating profits of about DM 1.5bn (\$641m) last year. Berliner Handels- und Frankfurfer Bank taised partial operating profit sharply in the first quarter. Page 23

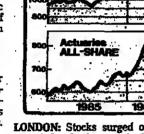
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IRISH prime rates were cut 3 per centage points to 12.5 per cent fol-lowing Monday's reduction in key lending rates by the central bank. WALL STREET: at 2pm the Dow Jones industrial average was 13.05 higher at 1.791.67. Page 42

FT Indices

SHARE ALL-SHARE



LONDON: Stocks surged on optimism of a further cut in interest rates. Gilts were mixed. The FT Or dinary share index jumped 25 to 1,401.5 and the FT-SE 100 staged its biggest rise since compilation to end up 31.3 at 1,890.3. Page 42 Nevada N-test staged

TOKYO: Prices moved sharply higher towards the close. The Nikkei average gamed 93.99 to 15,203.57. Page 42

BOLLAR was little changed in Lon-don, rising slightly to SFr 1.9515 (SFr 1.9519) and falling to FFr. 7.4275 (FFr 7.4325) and Y179.2 (Y179.85). It was unchanged at DM 2.334, On Bank of England figures the dollar's exchange rate index rose to 119.6 from 119.5. Page 37

THE US yesterday went ahead with, ous despite repeated Soviet offers the idea that it might have been a twice-postponed nuclear test in to negotiate a comprehensive test factless to conduct the fest on Tues-the Nevada desert which was ex- ban. The Reagan Administration day, when Presideot Ronald Reathe Nevada desert which was ex-pected to lead to an end to the argues that continued testing is gan received Mr Anatoly Dobrynin; Soviet Union's eight-month-old necessary to maintain the reliabili-unilateral testing moratorium. Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet lead-er, has said that Moscow would re-to continue as long as there are nu-to continue as long as there are nu-to continue as long as there are nu-tions for the next US-Soviet sum-mit due to hability of the US deter-er. The next interval of the to continue as long as there are nu-to continue as long as there are nu-tions for the next US-Soviet sum-tions for the next US-Soviet sum-tions for the next US-Soviet sum-STERLING lost 5 points against the dollar in London to \$1.4645. It was also weaker at DM 3.4175 (DM 3.42),

opinion.

IMF optimistic on outlook for world economy

EINANCE MINISTERS EXPECT FURTHER RISE IN VALUE OF YEN

<u>لىك يېچە ھېڭ بىل ئېرىكى بەن ، بېنى بەن ، ئېرى بىل بىن ، ئېرى بىل بىن ، ئېرى بىل بىن ، ئېرى بىل بىن ، ئېرى بىل</u>

FINANCIAL TIMES

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

Friday April 11 1986

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT IN WASHINGTON

TNANCE MINISTERS of the main industrial nations are expecting a further rise in the value of the yen general agreement between the in-dustrial nations, with the exception against other major currencies, Mr perhaps of Japan, that the yen Nigel Lawson, Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer, said yesterday. Mr Lawson, speaking at the half-yearly meeting of the International Monetary Fund's Interim Commitneeded to appreciate further to curb the buge Japanese current account surplus.

tee, said that the ministers also expected renewed reductions in inter-est rates to reflect the improved ontlook for inflation. The Interim Committee, which ther. Japan, he said, would benefit by more than most other economies from the collapse of the oil price.

includes representatives from 24 in-dustrial and developing nations, gave a relatively upbeat appraisal of the outlook for the world He also gave an optimistic view of the outlook for interest rates, lespite indications at the meeting The committee, which agreed to explore the possibilities for enthet West Germany is reluctant to lead another round of concerted hanced co-operation between indusreductions. trial countries in setting economic

Mr James Baker, the US Treasu-ry Secretary, was keen for a further policies, welcomed the prospective reduction of the US budget deficit owering in borrowing costs and, aland the fall in the value of the dolthough the timing was uncertain, lar against other currencies. In a thinly wiled reference to the there was likely to be scope for such a move, Mr Lawson said. recent slowing of Japan's economy

t said that those nations with minimal inflation and large trade surthe fall in interest rates and the pluses could now adopt more growth-oriented policies in the

BY REGINALD DALE, US EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

prospect that the process would continue bad with the change in the pattern of exchange rates since last

Mr Lawson said thet there was year significantly improved the outlook for the world economy.

The committees communique dorsed the case-by-case strategy towards the debt crisis contained in the initiative launched by Mr Baker.

In recent weeks the Japanese an-thorities have indicated that they and co-ordinated financial support would like to stabilise the yen at from both official agencies and close to its present level, but Mr commercial banks for heavily-in-Lawson said he would be "sur- debted countries which were under-prised" if it did not appreciate fur- aking economic adjustment programmes. It also welcomed the willingness of many industrial countries to resume export credit cover for such developing nations.

The attempts to further co-ordinate policy in the industrial countries will focus on the enhanced role for the IMF in "surveillance" to try to ensure consistent stances between different nations. The fund's

executive board will also explore the possibilities for the establishment of "objective indicators" for the main economies, and will report back in the autumn.

These indicators, or policy goals, The Interim Committee said that would set a medium-term framework for the world economy **Continued on Page 22**

Peru's war of words, Page 5

US studies greater World **Bank role** for Japan

By Stewart Fleming In Washington

THE US is considering potentially far-reaching changes in the share-holdings and voting power of the nations which own tha World Bank, give the Japanese a bigger say in the Bank's affairs, according to officials at the Interim and Development Committees of the Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Japan says it must be given a big-ger stake in the World Bank if it is to maintain its share in the financ-ing of the International Development Association (IDA), the Bank agency which provides funds for the world's poorest countries. The Japanese stake in the IDA is 18.7 per cent, but it holds only 5.19 per cent of the World Bank's capi-tal. The US is the largest World Bank shareholder with 20.9 per cent, Japan is second and West Germany third with 5.17 per cent. Behind the wrangle over sharing

the burden of financing the poorest countries through the IDA, lie some far-reaching issues.

It is generally accepted that the only way to accommodate a signifi-cantly bigger Japanese sharehold-ing in the World Bank would be for the US to surrender some of its shares. But if US voting power were to fall below its current level of 20 per cent Washington would lose its

Continued on Page 22 The assets amount to some

Benazir throws down gauntlet

BY JOHN ELLIOTT IN LAHORE

A NEW ERA of political activity ing in Lahore, coining the camp- ness fell. Crowds assembled around paign slogan "Zia Javez" (Zia get the closely guarded Lahore airport, out). where Miss Bhutto arrived by Pawas heralded in Pakistan yesterday when several hundred thousand people thronged the streets of La-hore to give a tumultuois welcome The crowds, which some observers put at more than 1m, were the Europe via Saudi Arabia at 6.30am

home from exile to Miss Benazir Bhutto, 32, leader of the Pakistan biggest seen in Pakistan for nine People's Party. The growd, chanting "Long live

years. As the Government-controlled Pakistan Times reminded its readers yesterday with Bhuttoism," gave new political re-spectability to the controversial two pages of pictures, massive de-monstrations in 1977 led to the fall Bhutto family, despite the excesses of the Government of Mr Bbutto of the regime run in the 1970s by a coup staged by President Zia.

ror

After some delays over luggage receipts and other formalities, a tense Miss Bhutto climbed with political leaders and some womeo friends to the top of a lorry for that of the Government of Mr Bbutto in 10-hour drive. Pakistan is a male-

yesterday.

dominated Moslem soclety and there were scarcely any wome

The reception contrasted with

kistan International Airlines from

hopes its total recoveries from the disposals will amount to some £105m, which would cover the bank, in which more than two doz- £100m capital injection and other en banks were whitled down to expenses. three all foreign. The Australians However, there are still about have agreed to pay £17.5m over the £50m of JMB's loan losses which will have to be borne balf hy the Bank and balf by the indemnity group under an emergency arrangement made sbortly after the rescue.

in its new acquisition would amount Although this is considerably less than the £150m originally estimat-

apiece. ing. Westpac is also buying a small portion of the bealthy part of the will be transferred to a new entity to be known as OldCo which will ocproperty loans, as well as JMB's cupy premises owned by the Bank commodity operations in Hong in The Minories. The name John-**Continued on Page 22**

Lex, Page 22

able it to recover the C100m (S146m) gave JMB a clean bill of bealth only dozen UK banks which clubbed together to help cover JMB's huge loan losses, could still lose as much three months before it ran into a crisis in September 1984.

D 8523 B

as £50m under an indemnity agreement. Westpac emerged as the winner

Baring Brothers, the UK merchant

net worth of the business they are acquiring. This worth has yet to be finally established, but Westpac said last night its total investment

to some £67.5m. than the £150m originally estimat-ed, it does mean that the Bank could emerge £25m the poorer from the whole JMB affair. For the other banks, the cost could he about £1m which was due to imprudent lend-

loan book, which consists mainly of Kong and the US, and its Jersey

purchaser for Johnson Matthey Bankers, the hullion hank it rescu-ed from near collapse 16 months ago. Westpac, Australia's largest bank is to huy the husiness at largest ten down to £25m but from which it bank is to huy the husiness at a bank, is to buy the business at a bopes recover more than that sum. price which the Bank says will en-it will also have some smaller JMB subsidiaries which will be sold, and it had to invest in JMB to keep it go-ing. However, the Bank and the two Young, the accounting firm which

Westpac buys

most of Johnson

Matthey Bank

THE Bank of England has found a £900m, most of it bullion and money

The Bank bas already sold two small JMB offshoots for £7.3m and

BY DAVID LASCELLES IN LONDON

in a bidding contest arranged by

banking subsidiary.

railway guards killed in a train at SFr 2.8575. The pound's exchange rate index rose to 75.9 from shoot-out

New wine measures

Italy introduced new measures aimed at preventing any repetition of the wine adulteration swindle that has led to the death of at least 18 people and dealt a heavy blow to the country's exports. Page 3

Manager arrested

Deputy general manager of the Banco di Napoli, Italy's seventh largest bank, was arrested and charged with embezzlement of around L50bn (\$31m).

Marcos disclosure

Swiss banks, acting on a request from their supervisory Federal Banking Commission, have disclosed whether they are holding assets of onsted Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos

Farmers to protest

West Germany's farmers' association said it planned nationwide protests against EEC agricultural policy and to underline demands for an emergency programme to bolster falling income

Delors in Portugal

EEC Commission President Jacques Delors arrived in Lisbon on his first official visit since Portugal became a member of the Communi ty, with no signs of a breakthrough in a trade dispute with the US.

'Marquesa' returns

Spain has paid Pta 900m (\$6m) for the Marquesa de Santa Cruz' a porwhich left the country three years ago on an allegedly forged ex-port licence and was due to be auc-tioned in Christie's spring sale.

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CONTENTS

75.8. Page 37 GOLD rose \$2.00 an ounce on the London bulliou market to \$338.25 and was 15 cents lower in Zurich at \$338.10: Page 36 BANK OF ENGLAND acted to

dampen expectations of another cut in British interest rates. Page 22; Money Markets, Page 35 BUNDESBANK is turning over DM

12.65bn (55.4bn) in profit to the West German government this year down on the record DM 12.9hn it paid last year but slightly more than the Finance Ministry had expected, Page 3

EUROPEAN Commission probe of proposed merger of Distillers and Guinness, British drinks groups, has been given new impetus by a complaint by Argyil, which has mounted a rival bid for Distillers, that the Guinness plan would ELDERS IXL the Australian brewbreach EEC competition rules in

ing and farm services group, yester-day secured nearly 20 per cent of Broken Hill Proprietary (BHP), the country'a largest company, in a A\$1.6bm (US\$1.16bm) stock market the malt whisky sector. Page 27 INTEL, US semiconductor group. reported net loss of \$22m, or 19 cents a share, in the first quarter, against pet income of \$11m in the raid 1985 period. Page 23 The surprise entry of Elders throws into confusion the A\$2bn partial bid for BHP launched on Monday by Mr Robert Holmes à MOTOROLA, US semiconductor

and electonics group, lifted first-quarter net profits to \$45m on sales of \$1.33bn from \$41m on sales of \$1.32bn a year earlier. CHEMICAL New York, parent of Chemical Bank, made first-quarter profits of \$102.6m against \$89.7m in

the same period a year earlier. Oth-er US bank results, Page 23 BOUYGUES, French construction group, offered to buy outstanding

the funding for the BHP purchases was separate from a £1.2bn bank hares in rival Screg, in which it credit line which remained in place holds a 30.6 per cent stake. EAST ASIATIC, Danish manufac for the Allied bid. per cent holding in Allied ahead of a ruling on the bid still awaited from the UK Monopolies Commission.

me testing as soon as the US conclear v

ducted its first such underground explosion after March 31, The official Soviet newsagency, Tass, immediately condemned the test as evidence of Washington's "criminal contempt" for world

despite Soviet offers

to US officials. Yesterday's test took place just The Energy Department said that after dawn, 93 miles north west of Las Vegas, at a depth of 1,300 feet. The relatively small blast of less only 22 anti-onclear demonstrators remained on the edge of the testing than 20 kilotons was apparently de-signed to assess the ability of Amerrange, and they had caused no problems.

Elders buys 20% of BHP

market turnover was at a record daily level approaching A\$300m. The All Ordinaries index jumped

43.9 points to a new peak of 1,197.7,

buoyed by a 74 cent rise in the BHP

Elders did not make clear its in-

tentions towards BHP, although Mr

John Elliott, its chairman, de-scribed the newly gained holding as "long-term" and "a sound strategic

It mopped up an initial 16.8 per cent of BHP on Australian markets

at A\$7.36 a share. This compares

with the A\$7.70 which is being of-

fered by Bell for half of each share-

holding, and with the average

share at a good time."

Suggestions that the test was also ican space weapons and warbeads to withstand nuclear attack. The explosion marked Washington's determination to proceed with its testing schedule for new weap-

BY LACHLAN DRUMMOND IN SYDNEY AND GORDON CRAMB IN LONDON

price.

Court's Bell Resources. Bell coun-

tered, however, by immediately starting to build a stake in Elders.

It means, in addition, that the £1.8bn (US\$2.65bn) bid by Elders for Allied-Lyons of the UK is at

least temporarily postponed. Elders

would confirm last night only that

Four weeks ago Elders sold its 6

The latest test, code-named Migh- this year. On Wednesday night, ty Oak, was originally scheduled for however, Mr Reagan told Tuesday. It was first postponed un- nationally-televised news confertil Wednesday and then again until ence that June was probably now yesterday, mainly for fear that high out as a summit date. The meeting winds could have carried radiation could possibly be beld in July, but if to nearby communities, according not it would have to be after the US mid-term congressional electons in

mid-November. US officials are resigned to the-likelihood that Moscow will want to exploit yesterday's test to gain maximum propaganda advantage. They

maintain, however, that the Sovie delayed for diplomatic reasons have Union will actually be glad of the also been denied by the White excuse to resume its own testing, Honse. Mr Larry Speakes, the pres-idential spokesman, has dismissed unlikely to be affected.

In return, Bell began pursuing El-

ders shares, driving the price up 80 cents to A\$4.55 as some 2 per cent

The buying by Elders, viewed by

some as protective, has drawn in

shares which may otherwise have

gone to the Bell offer. Mr Holmes à Court suggested, however, that the

removal from contention of a 20 per

cent slice of BHP has improved the arithmetic for his offer, which was

in danger of breaching a casb

BHP, ahead of an emergency

Ű.

board meeting today, confined itself

of its capital changed hands.

mit due to be held in the US late ' Au to's late father.

With shouts of "Zia dog," they also started to mount a potentially significant challenge to the regime of President Zia ul-Haq, which introduced a limited form of democracy three months ago after nearly nine years of martial law.

Last night, Miss Bhutto said that she would not take revenge on President Zia for executing her father in 1979. There will be no bloodbath" she told a huge gather- the streets the night before as dark-

.....

crowds marched, danced and chantsight yesterday, apart from Miss ed their way through the streets of Bbutto and ber friends. Lahore. They led Miss Bhutto who stood on the top of a brightly-Miss Bbutto's return last August to painted, slow-moving lorry in a long bury her late brother in ber bome convoy - watched silently by strateprovince of Sind, where the crowds. gically positioned squads of riot police who had little to do following an agreement between the party and the Government that the day would be peaceful. People had started to gather in

although large, were mainly silent. Yesterday, slogans and chanting concentrated on denigrating President Zia and the US for supporting him, while praising the memory of

Continued on Page 22



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to expressing surprise at the buy A\$8.50 a share which Mr Holmes a ing. Court is estimated to have paid in Hiram Walker court ruling, accumulating a stake of just under Page 23; Australian share market, Page 42 19 per cent over the past year. A further 38m BHP shares are Chirac d...20 slide in

ceiling.

The Elders market swoop on believed to have been bought in

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Sunday April 13th at 2.30 p.m. Viewing 1 hour prior to sale time. Auctioneer Edward Kalil, Tel No: 01-493 2689 CLIVE HOTEL PRIMROSE HILL ROAD ON

IEA sees no need for change By Paul Betts In Paris

ENERGY EXPERTS from the 22 member-countries of the Interna-tional Enorgy Agency (IEA) yesterday decided there was no need to change IEA energy policies in spite of the collapse of oil prices.

Mrs Holga Steeg, the IEA execu-tive director, said after the agency's governing board meeting in Paris that member-countries agreed that "no new action in energy policy" was required et present, although the IEA would watch developments carefully. The IEA estimated that crude oil

transactions were now taking place in substantial volume at \$15-\$16 8 barrel under netback or other special price arrangements and thet the spot markets reflected only "very thin" physical trading. IEA officials said spot market

trading prices and trading were much lower than six months ago with spot quotations for the most frequently quoted crudes ranging between \$11.5 and \$14 a barrel.

They also said well over half of internationally traded oil was mov-ing at netback or special price ar-rangements in the \$15-\$16 a barrel range. Mrs Steeg said there had been no

discussion on the IEA's minimum oil safeguard price of S7 a barrel.

The IEA said in e communique that energy policy could best be achieved through "flexible, open and resilient markets." It also reaffirmed its existing en-

ergy policy aims including onergy conservation and efficient use of energy, energy security, diversifica-tinn of supplies and the reduction nf energy trade barriers.

It also stressed the need to maintain adequate stock levels, urging momber-countries to take advantage of the current oil market to in-

Waldheim By Patrick Blum AUSTRIA'S PRESIDENT, Mr Rudolf Kirschlager, is ex-pected in pass judgment this weekend on the allegations obout the wartime activities of Dr Kurt Woldheim, a form-er secretary-general of the United Nations and a candi-date in the Austrian presi-dential election.

President

to speak on

He will be examining files from the UN War Crimes Commission on Dr Weldheim who has been of the centre of an international row over his alleged membership of Nazi organisations_ and involve-ment in otrocities in the

Dr Waldheim has vigor-ously denied all the allega-tions and says he was ignorant of the otrocities until they were revealed recently. However, discrepancies between his official hiography and re-eent revolations about his past have /nelled the row and damoged his credibility.

Mr Kirschleger's task is likely to prove one of the most difficult of his career and his judgment could decide the election outcome. He asked the Australian Government to request the files in a hid to end the controversy which has damaged Austria's reputation. Pressure has been mounting

in Anstria for Mr Kirschlager to make a swift indgment. However, the President customarily stands aloof from the political fray and Mr Kirsch-lager will not relish his task. The World Jewish Congress has accused Dr Waldheim of dollberately covering up his past and bis wartime service as an intelligence officer in the Balkans in a regimont led by a genoral who was later executed for war crimes.

Bangemann assails **Bonn for narrow** view towards EEC

EUROPEAN NEWS

Economy Minister and leoder of the Free Domocratic Party.

In a speech in the annual congress hero of the Europeen congress here of the Europeen Liberals and Democrats, which gronps the EEC's Liberal parties, Mr Bangemann revealed his distress at the ambiguities in West German policies towards the European Com-munity. He spoke of the frustration which a true heliever in the European idea can suffer within a national gevernment.

can suffor within a national govornment. "If you over havo the mis-fortune to be a minister in a netional cabinet you will see how little European-minded peoplo can be. Everything is predictated on a national philosophy... you have to see how errogant these peoplo can be. That is why Europe is split up," ho said to applause from the more than 250 dele-gates present.

gates present.

attempts to disciplino spending on the Common Agricultural Policy.

Policy. The broadening of political concern throughout the Com-munity at the CAP's excesses has been marked by a amend-mont the resolution tabled by the Liberal group in the European Parliament. Fur the European Parliament bas come first time, the group has come out in support of the Commission's efforts and bas called on the Parliament to take a longnight to the need for the community to develop a stronger term view of the need to reform the CAP.

> 500 Garage 10

BY JOHN WYLES IN CATANIA, SICILY

A SURPRISING attack on the Bonn cabinet fur its lack of "European-mindedness" was made yesterday by Mr Martin Bangemann, the West German

Bangemann: Frustration of a true believer Mr This has dolighted British

Liberais who have been in-dulging their traditional taste for scattering amendments to softon the usual free market, non-intervention, low taxation approach of the main congress

His outburst may have been oncouraged by the Bonn Governmont's hostility to the European Commission's resolution. Always to the left of their Continental brethren, they be-lieve that the political balance has swung importantly in their favour with the arrival of the Portuguese Social Democrats. This, and the result of the maant bronch according to the

recent French assembly elec-tion, means that Liberals participate in seven EEC governments. Mr David Steel the British Liberal leador, devoted his speech to a public meeting last

foreign policy.

Senior official

bank accused

By Alan Friedman in Milan

A SENIOR official of the Banco

di Napoli, Italy's seventh largest bank, was charged yesterday with embezzling about L50bn (£20m). Mr Raffacle di Somnia (59), the

over to the police in Naples

tion company executive alleged to have participated in the

Suspected irregularities at

embezzlement,

at Naples

recapture of Goya's 'Marquesa' By Tom Burns in Madrid SPAIN IS teening with Coyas, hut the young girl lying on a bed with vine leaves on her

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

a bed with vine leaves on her head and a lyre in her hand is a special portrait. And Mr Javier Solana, the Culture Minister, annonneed yester-day that the "Marquesa de Santa Croz" is coming home. The "Marquesa" could on no account become the object of " graduary commercial

Spain hails

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"ordinary commercial barter," Mr Solana said. To prove the point Spaniards have paid over 20 times moro than they have ever spent before on any art work to snatch the painting from

snatch the painting from being a mare lot in Christie's main spring sale and have it hanging in the Prace. The huge perirait, painted by Francisco de Goya in 1805, has, since the beginning of this year, been the object of acrimony, controversy and a lot of nationalistic tub-thumping that had to do with rescuing national treasures.

with rescuing national treasures. Spain has bought it for. Pta 900m (S6m) after having in Mr Solana's words, "filegally and clandestinely left Spain almost exactly three years ago with a valua-tion on an allegedly forged export licence of Pta 164.5m. The principal recipient of the Spanish each is understood to be Lard Wimborne, a wealthy Paris-based British business-main shareholder, of a Liberian registered company called Overseas Art Invest-ments.

ments. ments. The company acquired the pic-ture the day after the canvas arrived in Zuricb in April 1983 having being allegedly spirited out of Spain by Mr Antonio Saorin who is cur-rently believed to be resident in Argentina and whn faces processition for forfery and prosecution for forgery and smugeling

Sumgging. Overseas Art had put the paint-ing up for sale in Christie's and was hoping that it break and was normer auction noom records. Mr Solans said that it, had been purchased et "helf the market value" which he put at \$12m. The knockdown on the price reflects the tough fight put up by Wadrid to ston the anction.

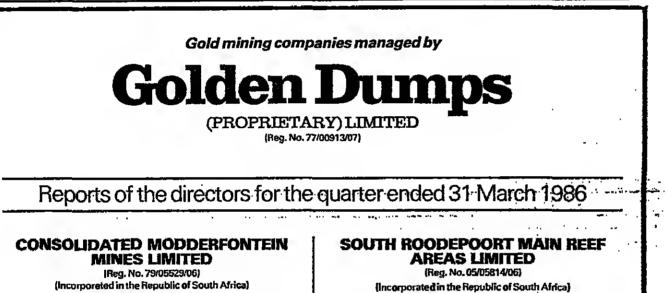
by Madrid to stop the anction, scheduled to take place today. A delighted Mr Solana waived aside objections that the price paid was encessive and that there were already so many Goras in the Prado, which is itself under-financed. He said there is a plan to house them inter building all to them-seives. by Madrid to stop the anction.

Raffaele di Somma (59), the hank's deputy general manager is accused of having granted loans to several- companies allegedly controlled by the Camorra, the Naples connect-part of the Sicilian Mafia. The bank announced yester-day that Mr di Somma who has worked for it for more than 40. years, has been dismissed. Mr Di Somma turned himself over to the police in Naples FINANCIAL TIMES yesterday morning. Arrest warants were also issued for five Published by The Pinancial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt Branch

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Balkans.

•			9 months	GOLD PLANT Civil construction has commence	d and procur	ement of ea	nuioment is	
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	al: R44 907 47			NO.1 SHAFT				
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SPRINGS D	AGGA	GOLD		CAPITAL EXPENDITURE				
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Drvidende		11 792		Dividends		2 363	236	
Cepital expenditure		5 155	15 738	Capital expenditure		2 949	768	
Net interest received		237	<u>1 171</u> 39 518	Provision for taxation		2 368	-554	
Operating profit	10 508	14717	38 347	Nat profit before taxation	. 4152	5337	1323	
Surface material profit		68 316	194 992	Operating profit Net interest received	. 3779 . 373	4881 346	-12 27	
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Working costs	8037	7 627	22 536	Sundry revenue	. 57	4928	1174	
FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000) Revenue from gold end silver	18 175	21 960	59 697	Working costs		4 790	1439	
ENANCIAL DESLUTE LODGE				Revenue from gold and silver		9718	2614	
Gold recovered – kilograms Yield – grams per ton milled		1,6	1,8	FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000)		•	• •	
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Surface material	9149	ana	4124	- per ounce . Working costs - per kilogram	. R13445	\$324 R13 361	\$32 R13 51	
Norking costs - per kilogram	R9880	R9612 \$113	R9 109 \$124	Gold price received - per kilogram		R27 107	R24 54	
Gold price received – per kilogra – per ounce	. \$339	R27 675 \$325	\$328	Working profit - per ton milled	. R42,07	R60,07	R47,7	
Norking profit - per ton milled .	State Containing to	R90,50	R24 129	Working costs - per ton milled		R58,39	R58,4	
Norking costs - per ton milled .		R48,15	R50,39 R83,08	Yield - grams per ton milled Revenue - per ton milled	. 4,24	4,37 R118,46	4,3	
Revenue - per ton milled	R118,48	R138,65	R133,47	Ore milled - tons Gotd recovered - kilograms	. 357,9	82 037 358,5		
Gold recovered - kilograms		798,5	2 474,1 5,53	OPERATING RESULTS	31.03.1986			
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511105 1110 21 110 000 01				Divided into: 1 562 715 ordinary shares of 56 cents each 8 438 145 10% automatically convertible participating				
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11 April 1986

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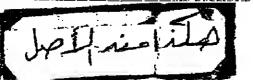
> L.C. POUROUUS H. V. ZIPPRICH

the Bance di Napeli were first uncovered by Bank of Italy inspectors in 1962. They turned over their information to police and state prosecutors. The Bance di Napeli is the most important in the Mezzo- giorno or south of Italy. Mr Di Sommi is accused of	The Financial Times Ltd, 1965. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 196640, published daily except Sun- days and holidays. U.S. subscription rates \$365.00 per annun. Second closs postage paid at New York.
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vities.	
London America Notice to Sh	
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that	the Annual General Moeting of
London American Energy N.V. 1 Willemstad, Curacao, Netherlands	will be held at Piecermaai 15,
18.00 a.m. to consider and, if the the following purposes:	sught fit, to pass resolutions for
dencit and changes in financia	s of operations and accumulated
a server constant	ereto and the auditors' report
(2) To ratify the distribution on share by way of capital repair capital.	ereto and the auditors' report lock jely 1985 of dollars 100 per yment out of additional paid in
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EUROPEAN NEWS

Spanish envoy to Libya recalled By Our Foreign Staff

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EUROPEAN CRITICISM of Libya in the wake of President Ronald Reagan's call for sanctions against Colonel Muammar Gadaffi intensi-fied yesterday as US naval movements in the Mediterranean suggested that another clash in the disputed Gulf of Sirte may be immi-

Spain recalled its ambassado from Libya after reported threats by Col Gadaffi to attack countries providing US military facilities. Spain has ene US naval base, and US Sixth Fleet warships called at

Spanish ports after last month's exercise off the coast of Libya. In Naples, the Sixth Fleet's home

port, navy officials said the US had two carrier battle groups in the Mediterranean but their movements were secret.

Plans for one of the two carriers to return home have been postponed indefinitely and reports of US naval movements have been circulating from Mediterranean ports. although without indications of destinations.

Mr John Lehman, the US Navy Secretary, said the Sixth Fleet was ready to strike at Libya if Mr Reagan ordered it.

"Whatever tasks are presented to the navy, the navy is ready to de." Mr Lehman said after a Capitol Hill hearing. "Our fleet is as ready today as it has ever been in history."

Lord Carrington, Nato secretary general, said there would be "a very great deal of sympathy" in the alliance fer any retaliation by the US against terrorism.

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

FRANCE'S NEW. conservative Administration yesterday scraped through with e majerity of four on its first vote of con-fidence in the National Assembly.

The vote was on the state-ment of policy that Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister, presented to deputies on Wednesday outlining his proposals for economic liberalisation end

tor economic noeralisation end stiffer measures against crime and terrorism: All 291 members of the alliance between the neo-Gaul-list RPR and the centrist UDF voted for the Government-which was also joined by one deputy form the extreme right which was also joined by one deputy from the extreme right-wing National Front. Mr Edouard Frederic-Dapont (83), the second eldest member of the Assembly, whe had pre-sided over the opening session of the legislature decided te vote with the Gevernment. Hewever, Mr Jean Marie Le

Hewever, Mr Jean Marie Le Pen, the leader of the National Front, and the other 33 mem-Le Pen: "zn confidence" bers of his group joined the Communists and the Socialists in voting against Mr Chirac.

have confidence in you."

tions and charges.

Chirac wins confidence

vote by narrow margin

Mr Le Pan, in his speech, said Le Pen is opposed to the aboli-bluntly to Mr Chirac: "I do not tion of proportional representa-Pledge to cut industry charges

tion. Among right wing depoties who voted for the Government was Mr Raymond Barre, the former Prime Minister, who former Prime Minister, who had said before the election be would not support a government of "cobabitation" in a vote of confidence.

Mr Barre changed his mind because of the fragility of the Government's majority. However, the narrowness of

the vote again underlined the difficulties the Government will have in getting its legislation through Parliament.

Mr Chirac is counting on pushing through the enabling legislation that will permit him to implement bis econemic measures Including privatisation-and the planned change in the voting law by decree. This is a constitutional pro-cedure that allows him to stake his gevernment's survival en the text.

The procedure allews the legislation to ge through if the opposition has not succeeded in passing a censure motion within 24 hours. But President Francois Mitterrand has warned Mr Chirac that he will net allew this procedure to be used eften.

Swedish **Fine Gael** loses MP to pay pact agreed By David Brown in Stockholm new party

By Hugh Carnegy in Dublin SWEDEN'S 500,000 private-sec-tor white collar workers and A PROMINENT MP from Fine their employers yesterday reached agrement oo a twoyear wage package, averting a threatened strike and lock-out which welld have closed much

of Swedish industry. Parallel negotiations en a pay Mr Michael Keating's defec mr Michael Keating's derec-tion cuts to one the Fne ael-Labour coalition's majority over all the other parties in the Dail. The opposition groups are far from united. but Mr Keating's move could help precipitate an election deadline

Mr Keating, a former junior minister, is the first Fine Gael MP to join the Progressive Democrats, led by Mr Des-mond O'Malley, a former leading member of the oppo-cition Fience Full party sition Fianna Fall party.

The defection hrings the new party's representation in the Dail to five. The ether the Dail to five. The ether four are all ex-Fianna Fail members who ebjected to the leadership of Mr Charles Haughey. Mr Keating's arrival will help diminish the Pro-gressive Democrats' image as an anti-Hanghey splinter grenp

Since they were feunded at Christmas time, the Progres-sive Democrats have recruited some 15,000 members to their call for more free enterprise, less gevernment and conciliatory policies on Northern Ireland. Mr Kealing has for some time expressed views similar to those espoused hy the new party.

Terrorism protest

Greek shups, offices and fac-tories will close for half an

hour on Monday in a "sym-bolle protest" against terror-ism inspired hy the assassina-tion in Athens three days ago of Mr Dimitris Angelopoulos (79), a leading industrialist,

Bundesbank to turn over DM 12.65bn profit to Bonn

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

THE WEST GERMAN Bundes- currencies in the European hank is turning over DM 12.65bn (£3.6bn) in profit te the federal Monetary System. Foreign investers who earlier

Gevernment this yeer — down en the record DM 12.9bn it paid last year but still slightly mere than the Finance Ministry had moved into D-marks in the (correct) expectation of an upward revaluation bave now deal fer 700,000 private-sector blue-collar workers, which conexpected.

been withdrawing funds en a large scale. The capital eutflew, draining liquidity from the demestic banks, is understood to have reached a "double light D reached a "double The central bank announced yesterday after a meeting of its policy-making council that DM Sbn of the profit would be digit " D-mark billions figure. made available at once and tha rest paid in twe tranches in May Much of the Bundesbank's profit, which it is committed by law to turning over to the Government after adding to and June,

In recent years the Bundes-bank has taken to spreading payment over a period en the grounds that handing over a reserves, comes from interest en dellar investments. single lump sum for Bonn's immediate use could swell domestic money supply and hinder the hattle against infla-

able to make a higher initial until the early autumn. The payment this time, not least total profit sum, before belsterbecause of massive capital out- ing reserves, was DM 12.9bn flows in the wake of last compared with DM 13.2bn in weekend's realignment of 1984.

Italy takes action to tighten wine regulations

ITALY INTRODUCED new duced by decree measures in measures today aimed at pre- cluding new penalties fer applies any renefiting of the adulteration and a strengthenventing any repetition of the venting any repetition of the adulteration and a strengturn wine adulteratien scandal that bas led te the death of at least 18 peeple and dealt a beavy and drink. Other measures blow to the ceuntry's experts, were a strengthening of efficial Renter reports from Rome. machinery te cemhat adultera-

Try telling your most important client he isn't worth £5 a week.

that he planned to create a more fa-

vourable environment for the coun-

try's enterprises by reducing their

charges and regulations.

BY PAUL BETTS IN PARIS

There must have been many occasions when that important Client has been trying to get hold of you, when you've been on the road and can't be contacted.

Yet for only £5 a week this need never happen again, because that's all you have to pay with the intrôduction of our new lowest ever contail. scheme for the very latest car phone ""

the da

A phone that allows you to dial anywhere in the world A phone redial if the number

is engaged, an illominated key pad o stop you humbling in. ck and e vis Butdontbe tetoolong linat

impossible for you to make a mistake. It also has a memory store to stop you racking your brain for the right number, or worse still, thumbing through e note pad when you're nering along a motorway. Now, as Britain's largest independent.

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MR ALAIN MADELIN, the French. The minister said he was keen to Industry Minister, and ene of the do away with the system of direct most powertul advocates of eco-state aids and subsidies to industry momic liberalism of the new right-wing Government, said yesterday that he quanad to create a more fa-tions and charges of enterprises and entrepreneurs." He would continue to crusade to Mr Madelin, during his first pub-fic comments since taking office, said he had already discussed this create greater freedom for French

.

iterprises. Mr Madelin indicated that govnment policy in distressed industrial areas would also rely en the introduction of mechanism to reduce company charges and taxes to en-



tinued in what was described as a positive tone late yester-day, was expected to produce a similar agreement. The agreement covering the PTK white-callar union-reached with the help of state appointed mediators—implies employers' costs will climb some 5 per cent this year and 4

some 5 per cent this year and 4 per cent in 1987. The deal includes a clause giving the nnien re-negotiatien rights if consumer prices rise by more than 3.2 per cent from December 1985 to December 1986 order priority to low

December 1985 to December 1986, and gives prierity te low-income groups within the PTK. The twe sides are to "seek" to hold wage drift down to 1.5 per cent annoally, but the employers failed to get this specific limit written into the final agreement. SAF the Swedish employers'

SAF, the Swedish employers' federation, eriginally offered a two-year package with a total average increase of 5.5 per cent. Mr Bo Ryden, the ecting SAF chairman, said the deal was accepted in spite of its rela-tively bigh cost, te avoid a conflict "which could bave cest as much as SKr 1bn (£87m)

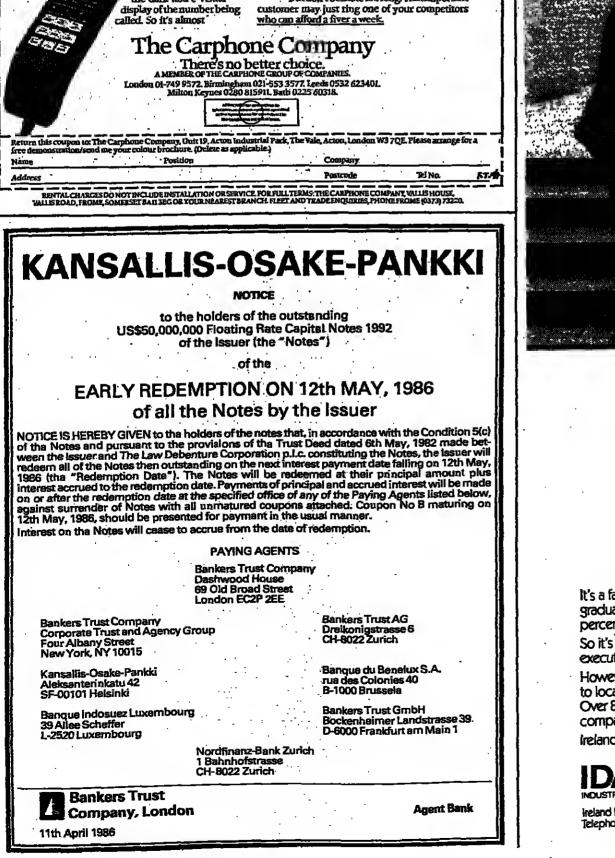
a day." The strike would have bit mest of Sweden's leading indus trial cerporations including Volvo, Asea, Electrolux, Saab-Scania, and LM Ericsson, Mr Kjell Olof Feldt, Finance Minister, said the two-year package was ef "ntmost import-ance" in the attempt te break

Hence the mere the dellar rises, the bigger the interest income expressed in West German currency terms in the central bank's acceunts. The hinder the hattle against infla-tion. Last year, the Government up in 1985, when the dollar received a first payment of remained relatively strong DM 5bn. The Bundesbank feels against the D-mark at least

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deadline.





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OVERSEAS NEWS

Jurek Martin reports on the response in Tokyo to two sets of proposals for the economy

Japanese plans for change fail to impress

on economic NORMALLY, the Jepanese establishment presents a solid front whenever the Government pronounces on economic policy. It therefore becomes some-By Robert Thomson in Peking

THE CHINESE Government yesterday denied allegations that the country's special economic zones (SEZs) are thing of s curiosity when a government economic package and e blue chip commission report on economic realignment are received with underwhelmfaltering but reveeled that infrastructure investment oy ing enthusiasm, as was the case the centrel Government in the this week. In successive days, the Mae-

Chine's four SEZs, designed kawa Commission issued a to attract foreign investment in report on bow to make the Japanese economy more interthe bope of developing exportable products, have so far not managed to meet their goal of exporting the bulk of their pro-duction and bave become a sennationally compatible and the Government of Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone announced a list of proposals designed to offset the deflationary consequences of sitive political issue in Peking. Gu Mu, a state councillor instrumental in the develop-ment of China's so-called "open door" policy, said the zones, established in 1979, bad been affected by the tightening of economic control in the past

hyperboles. Mr Nakasone who is off in Washington this week-end to sell his latest initiative to the Amaricans, endorsed both his and the commission's report as significant contribu-tions to the international as well as domestic economies. The leaders of industrial organisations all said whet they were primed to say. But an undercurrent of dishad made exceptions to that policy in light of the slowdown in development.

ppointment was palpable. Kyodo, the news agency which reflects government thinking, field a report quoting Japanese economists sceptical of the merits of what had been acbieved. Nihon Keizai, the

Government will concentrate on developing four of them. Gu sald some of the SEZs and coastal cities will have bad

difficulties because of the tight the country, writes Tony representation in Egypt. Walker. The decision was not directly Midland said yesterday that, related to difficult economic hrough its merchaot banking circumstances in Egypt. with foreign businesses.

China cuts

spending

zones bas been balted.

Central Government

policy was now to give the SEZs "policies not money," though be said the Government

The Government boped that

the most developed of the SEZs, Shenzhen, near Hong Kong,

would have a surplus in foreign

Gu denied the closure of 10 of the 14 Chinese coastal cities

which were given greeter free-dom two years ago to establish

ventures with foreign partners. However, Chinese officials heve acknowledged that the 10

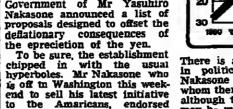
have "slowed down," and the

exchange by 1990.

year.

The

zones



There is a growing conviction in political circles that Mr In pointeal circles that an Nakasone is a lame duck on whom there is no closed season, although this belief in the and may be misplaced. In Jepanese poblics, it does not matter that those most likely to succeed him (Mr Shintaro Abe, the Foreign Minister, and Mr Noborn Takeshita, the Finance Minister) offer no clear alter-native policies, nor that the third fevourite, Mr Kiichi

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JAPAN-

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Myazawa, does. Informed Japanese opinion appears perfectly eware that neither the report of the Mae-kawa Commission nor the packmerits of what had been acbieved. Nihon Keizai, the business newspaper, published a blistering editorial, as did Japanese decision-making pro-other more predictable media organs. The general complaint tends to militate against sur-was of e lack of substance and specifics; the fear was that, for once, Japan had not succeeded deja va. The Ministry of Inter-prises, and the sense of once, Japan had not succeeded deja va. The Ministry of Interin buying time. national Trade and Industry The criticism had hoth poli- (Miti), for example, had covered tical and substantive import. much of the same ground on

reduced this year's pay settlements for Japanese hitte-collar workers, writes Carla Rapoport in Tokyo. Japan's steel workers this

week, for example, accepted a 2.66 per cent pay rise, or about ¥6,400 (£24.50) per person per month. A 25-year-old steel worker in Japan now earns on average about Y240,760 per month, with yearly bonnes of around YI.Im. According to the Japan Council of Metal Workers Union (IMF-JC), the increase is the smallest they have ever achieved for their mombers.

economic restructuring just

weeks beforehand. In the peckage itself, main elements, such as utility rath, rebates and edvanced public works spending, as the whole country knew, had already been decided in advance. The same applied to residential construc-

overall growth.

This gives rise to the suspicion that the Government is simply unwilling to revise downwards its official 4 per cent real expansion forecast before the economic summit in Tokyo next month, lest Japan invite further criticism from its trading partners. The Mackawe Commission

Most electrical appliance workers have settled for a 4.85 per cent pay increase, although workers at Sharp and Matsushita in the Osaka

and Marsushita in the Osaka area are still negotiating. Car workers have settled for increases ranging from 4.57 per cent at Nissan to 5.11 per cent at Nissan to 5.11 per cent at Hooda. Toyota's workers have accepted 4.85 per cent. Japan's private railways and underground lines were halted yesterday by a brief, early moraing strike by the General Federation of Private Railway Workers. The strike ended at 6.26 am when the mainen accepted a 5.45 per cent increase and a bonns equal to 5.45 modilis pay.

minded bureaucrats unwilling in change policies. It was, therefore, not surprising, but nonetheless disappointing, that

the report did not question-and in most cases not even men-tion-fundamental structural aspects, such as the commitment to fiscal austerity, agricultural ' protection and retail distribu-

Both the report and the pack-age were timed with Mr Nakasone's Washington trip and the economic summit in view. The Tokyo Government is consumed with the necessity of ensuring a smooth summit. It is nervous that a Japan-bashing exercise on bome soil would be an un-endurable humiliation. Con-

versely, Mr Nakasone appa-rently hopes he can ride an harmonious summit into a general election campaign in the summer that might, but only might, help win him another term.

report, Nihon Keizai argued. The probability, however, is was the product of defensive that the summit will not be

marked by dissent or discontent with the host country, at least not publicly. Summits simply do not operate that way. In do not operate that way. In this instance, as reports from this week's IMF session demonstrates, cheaper all has indis-putably given a comforting refigitionary boost to the economies of the participating in-dustrialised nations (Japan eventually included) to the point where the inclination to complain may have been sub-stantially reduced.

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But Japan is unwilling to leave this to chance. Indeed, it is likely that, before the sum-mit, other grandstand gestures will be made.

will be made. One might be further to in-crease foreign aid; the 1981-86 aid programme, intended to double disbursements, fell short mostly because the yen was weak. It follows that a strong yen means that the 1986-90 target is too modest. Mr Naka-sone and Mr Abe have both some and Mr Abe have both alladed to this possibility, as, albeit indirectly, did both the Maekawa report and the econo mic package.

Yet once the summit is over, other imperatives will surface, in the form of US congressional protectionism, or sectoral trade disputes (on semiconductors, for example). Simultaneously, Japan fitself will become Japan itself will become immersed in the battle royal to succeed Mr Nakasone,

Mr Nakasone likes to take the long, Olympian view. At a lunch for American journalists this week he compared the task in front of Japan to that of a junior high school student trying to climb Mount Everest. At least this week, there were significant voices inside Japan saying, in effect, that more than gym shoes were needed to make

New PFP leader says revolution has begun By Antheny Robinson in

fobaceresburg

THE NEW leader of South Africa's white opposition Pro-gressive Federal Party (PFP), Mr Colin Eglin, yesterday told parliament that " the revolution pariament that "the revolution" in South Africa has begun" and that only "e vast socio-commic reconstruction of society" and a "new, demo-cratic and pop-racial constitu-tion", could save the situation.

"The revolt cannot be put down nor the revolution that is starting be turned back by the police or security forces, no mat-ter how well armed and equipped they may be," he said.

Midland closes office

et \$4bn the previous year. A 25 to 40 per cent reduction in the volume of remittances coming into Egypt would be e Guarantee Department (ECGD).

Egypt suffers fall in

EGYPT is suffering e sharp serious blow to the Egyptian downturn in inflows of workers' economy which is suffering

problems.

the

acute balance of payments

Mr Aly Negm, Governor of Egypt'a central bank, bas been conferring in Washington with

Fund about a possible standby facility. Mr Negm saya Egypt is seeking about \$1bn in balance

The IMF has made clear, bowever, that it expects Egypt to introduce economic reforms,

includiog a substantial devalua-tion and an overhaul of its

bloated subsidy system, before it is prepared to assist.

IMF officials are unlikely to regard Egypt's recent economic

measures, which include some minor adjustments to prices of

luxury goods, as sufficient evi-dence of the Government's

determination to tackle the country's economic malaise.

service problems are worsening after being temporarily er-rested in late 1985. Foreign

bankers report that delays on

payments on suppliers' credits are building up again. Average delays of payments to UK companies are about

Meanwoile. Egypt's debt

of paymenta support.

International Monetary

remittances from

overseas workers

BY TONY WALKER IN CAIRO

downturn in inflows of workers' remittances, adding to hard cur-

rency problems resulting from

The Economy Ministry said

this week that money remitted by Egyptian expatriate workers

by Egyptian expaniate workers in Iraq alone this year may be reduced by about SIbn (£689.6m), about a quarter of the total earned by all Egyptians working abroad in 1984.85.

Iraq employs 1.5m Egyptians.

making it the biggest foreign employer of Egyptian labour.

However, recently it imposed a

ceiling of \$100 per mooth on the amount of foreign exchange

able to be remitted by foreign

Officials bere estimate that between 10 and 15 per cent of about 3m Egyptians employed

abroad are being forced to re-

turn bome because of the economic squeeze in oil produc-

ing countries where most are

According to an economic survey prepared by the US Embassy in Cairo, workers' re-mittances through official and

\$3.75bn in 1984-85 after peaking

employed.

unofficial

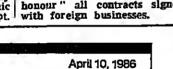
the oil price slide.

MIDLAND BANK of the UK is subsidiary Samuel Montegu, it closing its representative office was helping to fund the giant in Egypt after e review of the Cairo waste water project and company's operations because of "changing commitments" in now this wes under way there was less demand for permanent Walker

channels totalled

through its merchaot banking circumstances

New Issue



Federal **Farm Credit Banks** Consolidated Systemwide Bonds

7.55% \$707,000,000 SERIES F-1991 DUE APRIL 22, 1991 CUSIP NO. 313311 PV 8

African attempts to reform 'will fail unless aid increases'

BY PATTI WALDMEIR

AFRICA'S attempts to help ltself will fail without addi-The thrust of sdjustment policy has shifted sharply over the past year's annual meetings of the World Bank and the tional resources in the form of new aid and debt relief, the World Bank warns in its fourth world Bank warns in its fourth of the World Bank and the report on development in the world's poorest continent. (IMF) in Secoul gava the West's "Financing adjustment with growth in sub-Saharan Africa, ment with growth" with the 1986-1990," published today, Launch of the so called Baker says that low income construes initiative which calls for more in Africa will require at least funding to bein debtor countries \$11bn in-concessional funding grow their way out of debt. every year until 1990 if the But the initiative is primarily aimed st middle-income debtors extensive reform programmes aimed st middle-income debtors being implemented on the con- in Latin America. Today's timent are not to be jeopardised. report appears to be the World The message is not a new Bank's own mini-Baker plan for one: "Structural reforms low-income Africa. one: Structurat reforms low-income fainter, undertaken by many African The report foresees a countries to address their long- resources gap of some \$2.5bn term development problems s year between concessional have not received adequate flows expected to total \$8.5bn donor support . . . growth and and needs of \$11bn, Multilateral equity enhancing reform pro-agencies, says the Bank, could grammes already under way at best be expected to fill \$1bn are foundering because of of this gap, assuming s success-inadequate donor funding, ful \$12bn eighth replenishment which is often inappropriate in form and timing wolch is often inappropriate in of the international Develop-form and timing ... countries ment Association's (IDA) considering major reform pro-resources, and assuming that grammes can find httle Iow-income Africa receives the encouragement from the donor bulk of the \$3bn now becoming support demonstrated for those available from the IMF's trust available from the IMF's trust countries with reforms under way." fund. Bilateral aid and additional debt relief would be needed to debt relief would be needed to bridge the remaining \$1.5bn gap, says the Bank, noting that this would mean a 30 per cent increase over 1984 levels of aid and debt relief and a 20 per cent rise over the levels currently projected for 1986-90. The gap would clearly be even greater if the low income comtries' export earnings fore-cast at \$20bn e year, were to fall short of target. Criticisms The bank's third report on Africa, published 18 months ago, mede the same criticisms, abeit in a more tentative and less forceful tone. Since then, the experience of countries, like Zaire, which have braved the political risks a radical and sustained adjustment programme without fall short of target. reaping the benefits of The Bank emphasises that, sufficient donor support — a under its plan, no country shortfall which has mede it undertaking reforms should be impossible to meet performance targets — have clearly con-vinced the bank to put the case expected to pay back to donors more than it receives in new aid The case of Zaire is once again notable: Net capital flows more bluntly. As more and more conntries As more and more conntries have bitten the bullet of exchange rate reform, food sub-sidy reductions and public sec-tor cuts it bas become apparent, as outgoing World Bank presi-dent A. W. (Tom) Clausen report, that "edjustment through further economic con-traction is not a feasible alter-native ln a cootinent where ner some \$700 to \$1000 to the end of the decade, with a gap of \$1600 to \$300 to be filled by commercial banks, multi- and bilateral agencies. The report gives low-income Africa generally high marks for native in a cootinent where per capita income levels are today no bigher than they were 20 years ago."

Sidon car bomb

A CAR BOMB packed with an estimated 165 lbs of TNT cxploded yesterday in the main square of the southern port city of Sidon, killing three people and wounding 34, police said, AP reports from Sidon.

The bomb went nff in a

Mercedes in the courtyard of the city hall in Sidon's Nijmeh

Square. At least 25 parked

vehicles, including garbage

trucks and oil tankers, were

set ahlaze. The fires sent clouds of hlack smoke billow-

ing over the city, south

Lebanon's provincial capital.

found in the wreckage of the

Mercedes. The third fatality

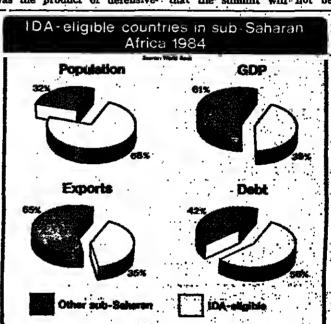
was s 40-year-old passerby whn died of a heart attack

when the bomb exploded.

Police said two bodles were

kills three

from Sidon.



AFRICANS IN SELF-HELP PLEDGE

tion zoning, aid to small busi-nesses, cheaper international telephone calls and air fares and so on. Discerning observers were amazed that, with so much predetermined, the government was still unable to produce any figures on thn consequences for

THE pressures of the higher yen on Japan's leading expert industries has severely

Interest on the above issue payable October 22, 1986, and semiannually thereafter

Dated April 21, 1986

Price 100%

The Bonds are the joint and several obligations of The Thirty-seven Federal Farm Credit Banks and are issued under the authority of the Farm Credit Act of 1971. The Bonds are not Government obligations and are not guaranteed by the Government.

Bonds are Available in Book-Entry Form Only.

Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation

90 William Street, New York, N.Y. 10038 Peter J. Carney President This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

12%% Subordinated Bonds due 1992

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Deed dated January 31, 1985, \$1,000,000 principal amount of the above described Bonds has been selected for re-demption on May 12, 1986 at a redemption price of 101% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to said date, as follows:

BONDS OF U.S. \$5,000 EACH

122	1439	269 t	3980	5670	7713	9298	10908	12372	t 3849	14848	15992	17280	18537	1932S	19863
213	1496	2964	4150	5804	8014	9716	10984	12529	13879	14869	16005	17362	18545	19395	19890
300	1562	2992	4380	6.27	8061	9795	11004	12534	14021	14947	16188	17434	18548	19497	19908
363	1592	3105	4579	6234	8104	9870	11206	12564	14098	15058	16269	17574	18551	19537	19913
472	1500	3484	4606	6280	8106	9902	11368	12626	14163	15093	16314	17603	18604	19547	20000
698	1663	3668	4.14	6303	8198	9905	11480	1:1695	14191	15274	16337	17658	18804	19613	
708	1672	3691	4749	6472	8402	10006	11613	t2727	14204	15293	16407	17741	18816	19696	
797	2093	3727	4993	6575	8321	10161	11721	t3008	14303	1533t	16539	17792	1887S	19737	
895	2141	3739	5302	604	5772	10606	11729	13352	14496	15398	16691	17795	18927	19741	
1030	2213	3761	5303	7313	9007	1964	11934	13467	14708	15596	16734	18049	18992	19767	
1063	2306	3164	5393	7368	9167	10652	12225	13474	14714	15821	16780	18108	19150	19772	
1133	:508	3803	5450	7500	9172	10684	12308	13621	14767	15915	16831	18200	19230	19779	
1284	2867	3949	560 t	7590	926t	10752	12364	13702	14847	15989	16892	18280	19231	19802	

On May 12, 1986, the Bonds designated above will become due and payable as aforesaid in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment shall be legal tender for public and private dehts. The said Bonds will be paid, upon presentation and surrender thereof with coupons due January 31, 1987, and subsequent attached, at the option of the holders subject to applicable laws and regulations, at the main offices of Morgao Guaranty Trust Company of New York in Brussels, Frankfurt (Main) or London, or Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg, or Swiss Bank Corporation in Basle. Payments at the offices referred to above will be made by a check detum on other terrife to a Hind String Acides referred to above will he made by a check drawn on, of hy a transfer to, a United States dollar account maintained by the payee with a bank in New York City. Any payment made by transfer to an account maintained by the payee with a bank in the United States may be subject to reporting to the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and to backup withholding of 20% of the gross proceeds if payees who are not recognized as exempt recipients fail to provide the paying agent with an executed who are not recognized as exempt recipients fail to provide the paying agent with an execution IRS Form W-8, certifying under penalties of perjury that the payee is not a United States person or an executed IRS Form W-9, certifying under penalties of perjury the payee's taxpayer ideoti-fication number (employer identification number or social security number, as appropriate). These holders who are remuted to provide their correct taxpayer identification number on IRS Form W 9 and who fail to do so may also be subject to e penalty of \$50. Please therefore provide

the appropriate certification when presenting your securities for payment. On and after May 12, 1986 interest shall cease to accrue on the Bonds herein designated for redemotion.

WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

Dated: April 11, 1986

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN TEL AVIV

diplomatic activity involving Cairo and Jerusalem, as Mr

Richard Murphy, the US special envoy to the region, has shuttled

between the two capitals. In addition, Mr Yitzhak Shamir,

the Israeli Foreign Minister, yesterday met both Mr Michael

Armacost, the US Under Secre-

tary of State, and Mr Butros

Ghali, Egypt's Minister of State for Foreen Affairs, in quick

succession.

AFRICAN countries are determined to take responsibility for their economic problems and have pledged to raise \$80bn (£54.4bn) ever the next five years to overcome the continent's crisis, a senior United Nations official said in London yesterday, writes Stepbanie Gray.

Mr Djibril Diallo, spokes-man for next month's UN special session on Africa, told a news conference that the 51 African members of the UN would submit assessments of their aconomic needs at the sessinn

Initial estimates were that \$115bn would be required for long-term development, especially in food self-

demonstrating a commitment to Donors under criticism from reform by giving prices, thn Bank for failing to imple-markets and the private sector ment agreed institutional a greater role in promoting changes aimed at improving the

helping to redress the urban-rural balance; and public spending, which creates urban jobs, has been reduced.

The bang stresses that much more remains to be done: Real more remains to be done: Real effective exchange rates are still 15 per cent higher than in 1970-1972, Despite large and painful devaluations in many countries, and the problem of inefficient public sector management, an important cause of Africa'n economie crists, is only slowly being tackled.

Israel 'sees no sign' of peace bid

On bis return from the US

last week the Labour. Prime Minister's aides were speaking optimistically about a new US

peace bld involving Mr George

Shultz, the Secretary of State,

political atmosphere in Israel has been transformed by the

emergence of a crisis within the

ruling coalition. With both Labonr and Likud

still refusing to back down over

the Prime Minister's insistence

No progress was reported yes on the dismissal of Mr Yitzbak pushed imports up to \$2.16 terday on Israel's virtually dead. Moda'i one compromise pro-locked hilateral negotiations posal to emerge from Likud diamonds, stood at \$1,69bn, on the dismissal of Mr Yitzhak

sufficiency, 70 per cent of which : would come from Africa itself.

It was unclear how the money would be raised in Africa. Some of it would involve funds already com-mitted by donor countries but yet to be dispensed by the recipients, African states recipients. Arrican states would also pay the costs of labour, machinery and other equipment needed to ensure medium and long-term

development. Funds would be shifted from wealthier African states. to the poorer ones and better use would be made of the resources of regional organi-sations such as the Economic Community of West African

States (Ecowas), المرز ترار مدا

development. Policies which discriminate Africa: Governments are against agriculture are being faulted for trying to press pet reversed. Farm prices have projects or favoured economic been raised, partly as a result of exchange rate reford; real countries and for failure to cor-nrban wages have been lowered, helping to redress the univerrelate the level of debt relief needed with the level of aid.

needed with the level of aid. This year is christened a "year of opportunity" by the bank: a year of lower food and crude oil prices, a year of good rains after the worst famine in recent history, a year of com-mitment to reform. The oppor-tunity is now available to put Africa on the peth to sustained growth, says Mr Clausen in his foreword. Tha report's con-clusion is that the level of donor funding may make all the dif-ference. ference.

the Israeli trade deficit is show-

ing disturbing signs of continu-ing its poor early showing for

Figures just released reveal that the visible trade deficit in

the first quarter rose hy 7.5 per

cent compared with the last quarter of 1985, to \$472m, Higher

consumer

pushed imports up to \$2.16bn while exports, excluding

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demand

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His remarks in the parliamentary debate on last month's tary debate or last month's bindget came only hours after this his prederessor as PFP leader. Dr Frederik Van Zyl Slabbert, made his first major political speech since resigning two months ago from both the job. and from a parliament which he described as divorced from reality and irrelevant.

The occasion was a crowded political rally in Johannesburg political rally in Johannesburg town hall organised by the anti-apartheid United Democratic Front (UDF) as part of e new drive to recruit whites into the multi-racial umbrella organisa-tion which is ideologically close to the banned African National Congress (ANC). He told the sudjament of our

He told the audience of over 2,000, mainly whites and includ-ing Mr Chris Ball, the chairman of Barclays National Bank, and Mr Gnrdon Waddell, the chair man of Johannesburg Censoli-dated Investments (JCI), that he was convined that the Car he was convinced that the Gov-ernment "has no intention of getting rid of the basic cornerstonen of apartheid" like the Population Registration Act. It is constitutionally impos-sible in the present tri-cameral parliament to accommodate blacks," he said. "Real change

blacks," he said. "Real change would come from outsidn par-liament." "Looking back over the past three years the pressures on the Government generated by black school children and the black labour movement in the black townships have all been greater than pressure on it from within townships have all been greater than pressure on it from within parliament," he said, repeating the conviction which moved him to abandon parliament for a new, and as yet, undefined role in extra-parliamentary politics.

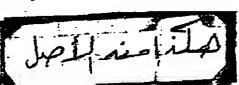
NOTICE OF REDEXIPTION To the Holders of QUEENSLAND COAL FINANCE LIMITED (the "Company")

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due May 1996 (the "Notes")

ISRAEL has seen 'no evidence' with Egypt following the Ghali yesterday would involve a job so far of the new Middle East meeting. However, suspicions switch by Mr Moda'i and Mr peace initiative which Mr exist that the Likud-controlled Shamir. George Bush, the US Vice- Foreign Ministry is hot enthu-President, spoke of on Tuesday, siastic abont seeing a foreign senior officials in Jerusalem said policy breakthrough, which yesterday. Over the past 48 hours there has been a numusual degree of diplomatic activity involving On bis return from the US Dite May 1996 (the "Notes") NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that, as, permitted by Condition 6(b) of the Notes, the Containsy has elsected to recruise its right to, and hind, redeem on May 12, 1996 the "Redemption Date" all of its curstanding-Notes at a Redemption Price (the "Redempt thereof.") of 190% of the principal amount thereof.

tion Frice") of 100% of the principal amount thereof. Payment of the Redecuption Price will be tailow and warrendary IC, 1396 upon presen-nich all compose appentations thereton meta-tailow of a filer May IC, 1396, which is Corporate Payment of the Notes, together with all compose appentations thereton meta-tailow of the Sank of Tokyo Truss. Computer Way IC, 1396, at the Corporate Computer of the Sank of Tokyo Truss. Computer is the explanation of any of the following Paying Agenus. The Bank of Tokyo It following Paying Agenus to Sevene and all following Paying agents to serve and all for the Notes will conce to serve and all become wind. The compon for interest payable prosented for payment is the taum Inname's at the aperised office of any Paying Agent other the aperised office of any Paying Agent other the aperised office of any Paying Agent other the Bank for Bank to Mark City. swap could provide a way out of the current impasse, which both sides say they dn not want. The uncertainty surrounding the key finance post comes as

QUEENSLAND COAL FMANCE LIMITED By: The Bank of Tokyo Trus Company as Principal Paying Agent Deted: April 11, 1995



AMERICAN NEWS

Reagan throws slim lifeline to struggling Bush

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PRESIDENT Bonald Reagan has held out a slim lifeline to his vice-president, Mr. George Bush, who is still struggling in a political quagmire following unguarded remarks he msde about oil prices on the eve of a trip to the Middle East last has held out a slim lifeline to his vice-president. Mr. George a Bush, who is still struggling in a political quagmire following unguarded remarks he msde about oil prices on the eve of a trip to the Middle East last week. It seems unlikely, how-ever, that Mr Reagan's efforts will repair much of the damage that Mr Bush has done to himself. to himself.

In his nationally televised In bis nationally televised news conference on Wednesday night, Mr Reagan said he could not find himself guarrelling with any of Mr Bush's remarks. "We're saying the same thing," he said. Privately, Mr Reagan is said to feel that Mr Bush's remarks which led to a rally in the nil market, have been "misinterpreted." Mr Bush started the contro-versy last Tuesday hy saying that the free fall in oil prices must be stopped and market

in the nil market, have been i could not care less." Mar Bush started the contro-versy last Tuesday by saying that the free fall in oil prices must be stopped and market stability restored. He promised to press the interests of the suffering US oil industry "very hard" during his visit to Saudi Arabia st the end of the week. Mar Bush repeated that Administration policy remained that prices should be left to market forces, and denied that he would ask Saudi Arabia for production cuts, but that was

American industry and con-SUIDETS.

Mr Bush, who has also been attacked for grovelling "cap in hand" to the Middle East oil states, has been unrepentant. "I don't know that I'm defend-ing the (US-oil) industry," he told a Press confernce in Bahrain earlier this week. "What I am doing is defend-ing a position that I fell very, very strongly. Whether that is a belp politically or whether It proves a detriment politically, I could not care less."

and the strike to service

Savadorean President is looking isolated. His politically less than forthright handling of last Sep-tember's kidaapping by rebels of his daughter Ines, emotion-ally charged as it was, lost him most of the confidence he had worked hard to build up within the virulently right-wing private sector and military hierarchy. The power base of his Christian Democrats has been badly Democrats has been badly eroded. eroded. All this is a far cry from the victory claims of one year ago. Last May, President Duarte was in Washington on a triumphal mission. The Christian Demo-crats bad just trounced the ex-treme right in congressional elections, with strong support

market forces, and denied that he would ask Sandi Arabia for production cuts, but that was not widely reported. He has since been extensively portrayed as hand-in-glove with the Texas oil industry, one of the least popular sectors of a self-proclaimed Texan, him-self made a fortune in the Texas Mr Reagan said he shiared Mr Reagan said he shiared morther consumers with con-tempt when energy prices rocketed in the 1970s. Mr Bush'a rivals for the Republican nomination are alresdy gleefully planning to starts campaigning in those. Starts Lin a foretaste, perhaps, of things to come, a leading Michigan paper, the, Detroit News, has already published an editorial beadlined "Bush to Michigan: drop dead."

Bronx party chief accused of bribing NYC officials BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

THE NEW York City corruption business associates of Mr Fried-scandal has widened yet further man and Mr Manes were named with the indictment of Mr Stan-in the indictment, which fol-With the indictment of Mr Stan-icy Friedman, head of the Bronx Democratic Party, on charges of bribing city officials in a racket-bribing city officials in a racket-city officials in sident of Queens, who commit-ted suicide last month, of being Mayor Ed Koch, the Demo-

involved in the conspiracy. ... cratic head of the New York Mr Friedman, a colourful and administration, continued to сегии

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan's from the military, the right's success story in Central traditional ally and power be-America-tiny, crowded and war-riven El Salvador where his administration: said sky years ago it would "draw the line" against Communist expansion in the western bemisphere—is in the sutumn of 1984, which had brought real hone af an

in the suturn of 1984, which had brought real hope of ao end to the blood-letting which bas now claimed 60,000 lives. A year later, Mr Duarte's electoral victory has been dissi-pated into a political vacuum. The heavily US-subsidised and tinking connews arely this meat turning sour. The civil war between Presi-dent Jose Napoleon Duarte's US-financed and armed Government and the country's power-full left-wing insurgency remains at stalemate and is spreading. Economic recovery is unthink-

The heavily US-subsidised and sinking economy early this year was given helated, remedial ansterity treatment. But these reforms look more linked to the successful prosecution of the war than to any model of development which might end it. Economic recovery is unlink-able until the sirvear old con-flict, which now absorbs 40 per cent of El Salvador's hudget, is resolved. "If things go swim-mingly, by 1990 we'll be back to 1978," a US diplomat in San Salvador admitted recently. end it. They also bave reinforced the intransigence towards re-form of landowners and indus-trialists, unsettled the army, Politically, the mercurial Savadorean President is looking

ments. The September kidnapping by the guerrillas of Imes Duarte best marks the turn in Mr Duarte's fortunes. The rebels saw that by drag-



Peace in El Salvador proves more elusive than ever, David Gardner reports

Beleaguered President Duarte loses his touch

Duarte and his daughter-her kidnapping paralysed the leadership

ging out negotiations for her release and gradually raising their demaods they could de-hilitate Mr Duarte, who shelved all other state business despite the solvice of both the army and then the structure of both the army and the structure of both the army and the structure of The resilient leader bounced back in January when he introduced a major economic package, centred on a devalus-

For 40 days, El Salvador was virtualy paralysed. In the even-tual exchange of prisoners, the army was angered at having to tion of the coloo; a range of tax increases, including one on windfall profits from the higher price of coffee, El Salvador's surrender leading rebel politimain export, and sops to the private sector and labour in the cal and military cadre in return for Ines, a companion, and 21 Christian Democrat Mayors beform of \$200m in industrial credits and wage increases in ing beld by the FMLN. the rublic sector.

In the eyes of both his party The magnitude of economic

power installations caused more ruin to which damage than in the previous were addressed is worth recall-ing. US estimates of war damage than in the previous four years. Since the Government appears unable to defeat the FMLN, the Salvadorean enterprise is better \$1.2bo, excluding capital flight (where estimates run ss high as \$3hn) and foregone invest. ment and industrial production. were addressed is worth recall-

cials hope other European countries will emulate them.

January's messures, though

ment and industrial production. squads in the early 1980s, have gradually rebuilt their strength In the same period, fixed capital investment fell by threearound wages and conditions quarters in real terms, GDP by claims.

claims. The left wing of the unions has used to the full the space opened by the 1984 pesce talks, but the failure of those talks, along with the prostration of the economy and the Govern-ment's failure to implement its r>formist programme, has swung the hig Christian Demo-crat unions into alliance with them. Together they mustered a quarter, and real purchasing power by two-thirds. To hold the line against the EMLN, Washington by the end of this year will have poured in around \$2.2bn in direct military and economic sid. But the US. facing budgetary restrictions at Home, is show-ing signs of wanting to turn its

them. Together they mustered soma 70,000 marchers in the capital on February 21, calling for renewed peace talks in the biggest demonstration since the Salvadoresn enterprise into what one local academic who closely monitors the war describes as s " joint venture." West Germany, for example, governed by Christian Demo-crats, has begun providing sig-nificant development aid, and both US and Salvadorean offiwsr began.

The resurgence of labour seems to have temporarily sobried the far right. Accord-ing to one western diplomat, the more lucid right fears a Christian Democrat collapse would leave a vscuum which the left might fill.

they do little more than try and generale more Salvadorean cssh for the war, could attract finan-cial support from multilateral Othar observers take this analysis further and see a return of the death squads: "We could easily be at a new, organisations like the IMF. It is the war, not money, which is the problem. In the low vicious point in this conflict by mid-year," the academic ssme month the measures were introduced, FMIN sabotage of icars

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The latest prices

trialists, unsettled the army, and given new impulse to the major strike wave unralled by a resurgent labour movement over the past seven months. Dialogue with the insurgeots has slipped out of the Govern-ment's vocabulary. Yet the guerrilla forces of the Fara-hunda Marti National Libera-tion Front (FMNL) this year, for the first time in the war, have successfully spresd the conflict into all 14 of the country's provincial depart-ments. the US.

highly visible power broker in Like a strong inte against indi-the dominant New York Demo-viduals implicated in corrupt cratic Party, immediately de-practices. In a statement clearly nied the charges, which his law, yer described as "ludicrous." Friedman, one of his long-stand-"I have broken no law, I bave ing supporters in the party, he done no wrong," Mr Friedman said the new indictment rein-said. "It appears that I am in forced Ms view that the leaders the or of a burgicane and row of the Democratic Party in the

the eye of a burricane and you of the Democratic Party in the know what damage that can do." Bronx should remove Mr Fried-Five other city officials and man from his post.

Falling oil prices cut Canada's energy exports

BY BERNARD SEMON IN TORONTO

LOWER oil and coal exports Exports of coal, mainly to has brought Canada's monthly trade surplus to its lowest level since September 1981.

since September 1981. According to Statistics Canada, the February surplus was C\$206m (£105m), compared to slightly more than C\$10h in Jannary and C\$1.7bn in February 1985. Before the recent fall in the oil price, economists expected this year's trade surplus would turn out to be close to last year's posi-tive balance of C\$16.8bn. Exports fell from C\$10.7bn in January to C\$10.1bn, with more than half the decline due to a 26 per cent drop in the value of energy shipments. Crude oil sales to the US contributed to lower exports nf motor vehicles and automotive parts. The neverall balance was also affected by a substantial rise in imports to a record C\$9.9bn, 25 per cent higher than last year's level. The Canadian economy grew by 4.5 per cent in real terms last year, one of the strongest growth rates among OECD countries. The lower oil price is expected on balance, to have a positive overall effect

Japan, posted a similar drop while sales of petroleum pro-ducts were down by 25 per cent.

Peru hopes to avert complete break with IMF BY DOREEN GILLESPIE IN LIMA

THE PERUVIAN Government is still hoping to avoid a com-plete breakdown in its relations with the International Mone-tary Fund in spite of continued public deflance of tha Fund. The IMF is insisting on a pay-ment of \$70m by April 14 to help settle arrears totalling \$120m. The Fund has threat-ened to declare Peru ineligible for further credit if the pay-ment is not made. Peru's Central Bank governor, THE PERUVIAN Government

ment is not made. Peru's Central Bank governor, Mr Leonel Figueroa, returned to Lima on Monday after lengthy talks in Washington designed to avert a showdown with the IMF. He has refused to comment on the negotiations, hut President Alan Garcia has toned down his usually harsh criticism of the IMF. He said the IMF "like other banks" would have to abide by Peru's decision to apply only 10 per cent of export revenue towards payment of its \$14bn foreign debt. Peru is trying to persuade

Peru is trying to persuade the IMF to accept part settle-ment of arrears on this basis. The IMF maintains Peru has accumulated sufficient reserves through non-payment of debt to cover the \$70m demanded.

Peru is not seeking DHF funds, but a declaration of ineligibility could hold up dis-bursement of \$590m in soft loans from the World Bank and \$530m from the Inter-American Development Bank

Meanwhile the United States Agency for International Development is making plans to close part of its large operation in Peru as government debts to the agents also pile up.

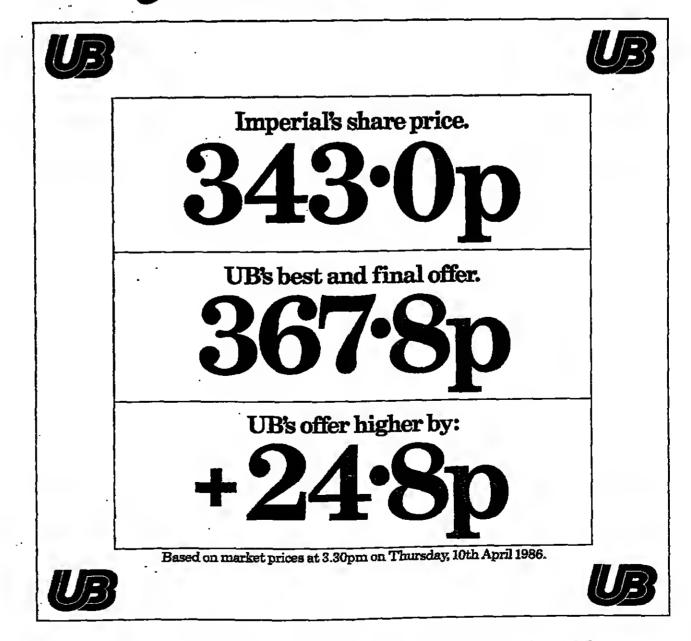
Brazil's trade surplus grew to \$1.143bn in March, a 23.4 per cent increase over tha surplus registered for the same month last year, AP-DJ reports from Rio de Janeiro.

Exports totalled \$2.157bn in March, np 9.7 per cent from a year earlier. Imports came to \$1.014bn, up 4.7 per cent from March 1985.

Mr Sergio Ribas, spokesman for the Brazilian Trade Bureau, attributed the improvement, in attributes the improvement, in part, to the fall in the world oil price and the Government's anti-inflationary economic pro-gramme, the Cruzado Plan. The Bureau has estimated its year-end surplus at \$12.5bn. Last year Brazil recorded a trade surplus of \$12.45bn.

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WORLD TRADE NEWS

The US and EEC are poised for a clash that could involve trade worth billions of dollars, Nancy Dunne and Andrew Gowers report

Brussels-Washington farm row raises threat to new Gatt round

"WE CANNOT ollow the quota restrictions on a range American farmer, ooce again, of imports from Europe, to pay the price for the Euro-including wine, heer, cheese, pean Community's enlarge- meat, fruit, confectionery, bis-ment." With those words in a letter

to President Ronald Reagan, 21 leading senators last month heralded what might turn into one of the bitterest agricultural and the EEC since the infamous poultry war of the early 1960s. The rhetoric is getting shrill on both sides, with escalating threats that could involve trade worth hillions of dollars — a significantly greater sum than in previous skirmishes of this kind, and one involving items with a much greater degree of political sensitivity. There are fears that if neither

side hends, the row could erupt into an all-out trade war, seriously damaging the proposed round of multilateral negotiations before the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt), and imporing western шоп ùnity. tCAP):

The issue that has raised such ire in Washingon in this mid- On July 1, Spain is replacing term election year is the way its fixed 20 per cent tariff on the EEC has adjusted its farm trade arrangements since Spain and Portugal joined at the be-ginning of this year, and the loss of export sales of grain and soyabeana that the Americans expect as a result.

President Reagao last week selling its maize to Madrid; threatened to retaliate later • From May 1. Portugal is to this year by imposing tariff and reserve 13.5 per cent of its

11) "State

cuits and, of particular concern to the UK whisky. And passions are running just as high in Brussels; the European Commission, which has offered to negotiate with

the US in the Gatt over com-pensation. says the US action "needlessly aggressive " and "a flagrant violation of its rights under the Gatt." This week, it took the hattle one step further by threatening counter-retaliation against US esports of soyahean cake and corn gluten feed, hoth crucial ingredients in animal feed, and a wide range of other food and drink products.

Dr Clayton Yeutter Specifically, the Americans cereals market - hitherto a object to three changes initiated by the EEC on March near-monopoly for the US, with 1 in order to hring the two imports worth an estimated new entrants in line with its \$408m in 1984 - for EEC supcomon customs tariff and Compliers while its atate grain Agricultural Policy monopoly is dismantled.

From thet date, Lisbon is to its fixed 20 per cent tariff on maize and sorghum importa replace its discretionary import llcensing system for oilseeds with temporary quotaa which the US fears will severely limit with the Community's variable levy system which bridges the gap between high EEC internal prices and the world market level. The US claims this could Its lucrative soyabean exports. The Europeans say the US fears are wildly overstated and double the costs involved in that the US will, in fact, gain far more from enlargement of the Community than it will loae.

"While some US farm exports

may be adversely affected, others will benefit," says a note circulated by the Commission's Washington office last month. "In any case, US manufac-turera will henefit because the Community's industrial tariffs are much lower than those of Spain and Portugal."

.

But its assurances have made no headway in a country which is increasingly preoccupied with its \$150bn trade deficit and is particularly obsessed with its loss of world market share in agriculture, for which it partly blames the EEC.

Thet is the root cause of the current dispute. American objections to the CAP go right hack to its inception in the early 1960s. Although the Com-munity can still boast of being the higgest single export market for US farm produce, that market has ahrunk considerably over the last 20 years.

Differences in the current case, as at the time of previous enlargements of the Com-munity, focus on the interpretation of e crucial piece of international trade lew: article 24 of the Gatt. This entitles members to set up customs later. unions and to grant each other special tariff preference. But says that when e customs union is expanded, it must agree compensation with other countries which ere likely to suffer from the withdrawal of

trade con

"THIS is a major trade dis-pnic for both of us." wrote Dr Clayton Yeutter, the US Trade Representative, is e letter to Mr Willy De Clerce, EEC External Affairs Commissloner, on April 2.

"As two of the major trading entities of the world, the Community and the US bear a special responsibility for honouring the spirit and the letter of the Gatt and for setting a worthy example for our other Gatt partners.

"Both of us fail in these responsibilities from time to time. I hope yon will hold us accountable when we do so. In

had difficulty in agreeing what ehould be covered by such negotiations. The US now appears to believe that it has been consistently short-changed modest compensation from the EEC in the 1960s and 1970s because it was anxious to get the two rounds of multilateral trade negotiations then in preparation off the ground.

be rectified."

as the Community has grown; first with the formation of the CAP in 1963, then with its en-largement to include the UK, Now there is a new enlargement of the Community, and once again, a new trade round is in the offing. But this time, things may be different. US farm exports have been declin-Denmark and Ireland 10 years

In the past, Washington has tended to suppresa its resent-ment at the effects of the CAP ing for several years, and are likely to fall further in 1986 because of its approval of the Community's broader political aims. Also, according to Mr Douglas Newkirk, assistant US before the recently enacted agricultural legislation gives them a hoost. Despite their political support

trade representaive for Gatt of the ac ession of Spain and The two aides have repeatedly affairs, America settled for only Portugal, the Americans are

more reinctant than ever to significant candidate fer retaliasurrender markets, particuunder way, there is no telling what damage it could do to the larly when one of the products this case, however, it is the involved is soyabeans by far the largest US farm export to Community that has not lived up to its international respon-sibilities. That failure should

فسيعد ومصالحهم وللمرد والمرادية والمراجع والمحادر والمحادر والمحادر والمحادر والمحاد والمحاد والمحاد والمحاد

Gett round, due to be launched Europe, worth more than \$4bn this September, end in which agriculture is supposed to be a significant element. e year. US officials are particularly livid at being presented with the changes as if they were a fait accompti. Mr Newkirk says In the present round of posturing, each side is preparing to blame the other for derailing the US saw the prohiem coming for 18 months, but the Commis-

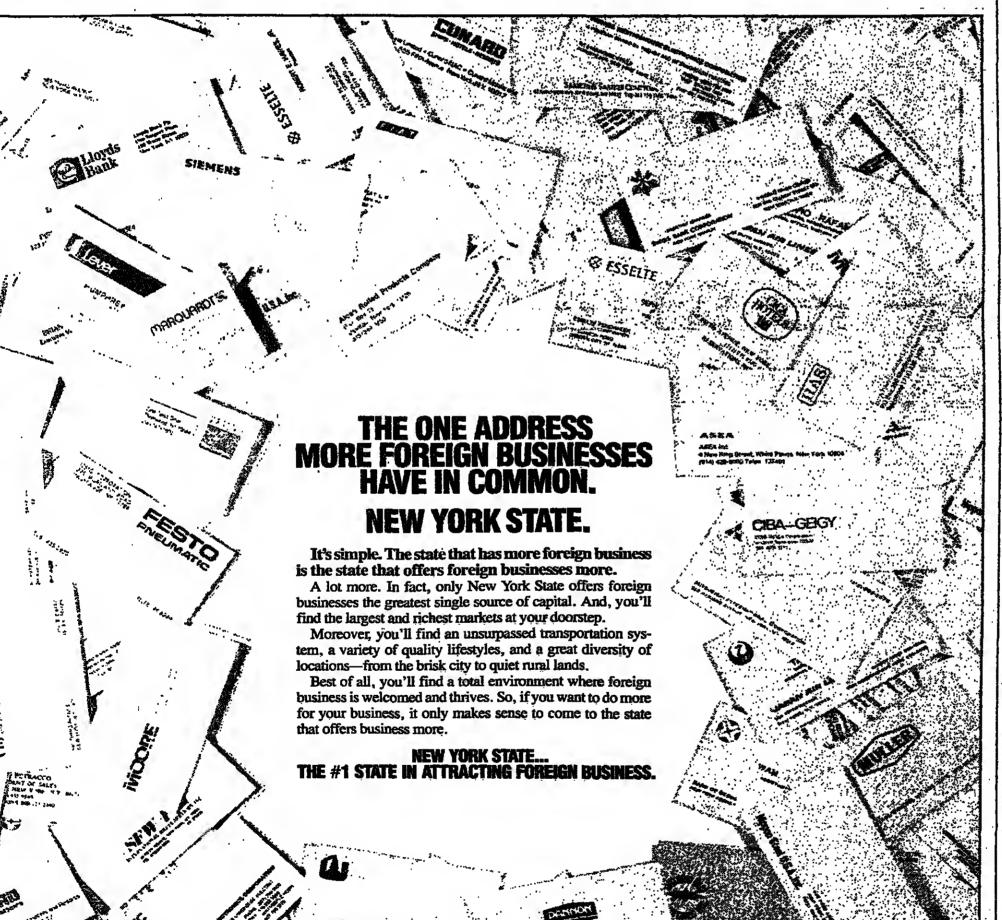
to blame the other for derailing the Gatt talks. But at the same time, there is a real danger that the American moves will serve to strengthen the siren voices of agricultural protectionism in Europe—and vice VerSa. That, of course, may not be the way things turn out. History suggests that political solutions sion, preoccupied with the difficult accession negotiations,

suggests that political solutions to such disputes can be found no to such disputes can be rough and matter how feverish the rhe-toric, and senior politicians have plenty of opportunities to try and dampen frictiens over the

tion. If this chain of moves gets

next few weeks. Mr Jacques Delors, the Com-mission president, has been in touch on the issue with Mr George Shultz, the US Secretary of State and at the end of next George Shiliz, the U.S. Secteral of State, and at the end of next week, Mr Richard Lyng and Mr Clayton Yentter, respectively the US Agriculture Secretary and Trade Representative, will meet Mr Frans Andriessen and alone. Equally, there appears little chance the European measures will now be rescinded. The EEC products to be penalised by the US as a result will be discussed at a public hearing on April 21, and a number of domestic farm and external affairs com-missioners, in Paris.

Nevertheless, this dispute



Japan satellite orders likely for Arianespace

BY JUREK MARTIN IN TOKYO

commercial space carrier, appeors close to winning its first orders to launch Japanese communications satellites,

Mr Frederic d'Allest, chairman and chief executive of the company, in which French in-terests hold a 58 per cent stake. said in Tokyo yesterday that two Japanese groups licensed by the Japanese Government to enter the communications satellite market had each made provisional reservations for two satellite launches in 1988.

The Japanese companies ere JCSat, which brings together the C. Itoh and Mitsui trading houses with Hughes Aerospace of the US, and GCC, a collabora-tion of Mitsubishi Trading, Mitsubishi Electric and Ford Aerospace. Mr d'Allest hoped firm contracts could be signed "within a few weeks,"

Although the price varies according to specifications, a

ARIANESPACE, the European his company's bid fer Japanese business was not an ettempt to capitalise on the misfortunes of the space shuttle programme of Arianespace's chief rival, the US National Aeronautics and

Space Administration (Nasa). The two Japanese groups ore understood to have made tentainderstood to have made tende-tive reservations with Nasa. However, Arianespece offi-cials do note that the loss of the Challenger shuttle had probably left Masa at least 18 months behind its original launch programme.

They also expect a heavier military content in future shuttle missions, as work on the US Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI) gathers pace, which could mean that commercial satellite operators will increas-ingly turn to Ariapespace for launch services.

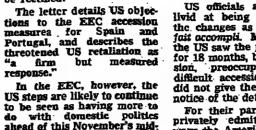
As a result, the company has added two more launches to its 1987 and 1988 schedules. Since each Ariage IV rocket can carry A Pharge two satellites, that cousis eight more possible satellite orders. For 1988-92, Arianespace estimates that 110-120 satellites will be launched worldwide, of which it expects to get about half the orders. Japan is developing its own rocket langch programme, but it is unlikely to be in a position to compete with Arianespace and Nasa before the mid-1990s. Mr d'Allest insisted here yesterday, at a Press conference called to mark the opening of Arianespace's Tokyo office, that

industry lobbies will probably missioners, in Paris, be out in force to clamour for Nevertheless, th protection. Wine, subject to one looks like being a more diffi-of the most vocal lobbies in the cuit hook for each side to US, is considered to be both wriggle off than many in the most likely and the most the

did not give the Americans eny notice of the details. notice of the details. For their part, EEC officials privately edmit a failure to warn the Americans sufficiently in advance ebout what was going to happen on March 1. But the Commission is furious that the US has failed to take up an offer of broad negotia-tions in the Gatt on these issues; the Americans say this would simply take too long, and

would simply take too long, and have suggested narrower discussions on the Spanish problem

alone.



ahead of this November's midterm Congressional elections than with Gatt'a integrity.

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typical Arianespace marge for launching a one-and-a-haif metric tonne satellite is about \$35m (£25m), implying that the Japanese, contracts could be worth at least \$140m. Provi-sional bookings can be secured on payment of \$100,000.

Brown Boyeri in Libya makes contracts offer DM 500m Iran to Turks power deal

By Jonathan Carr in Frankfurt BROWN BOVERI of Mannheim the West German subsidiary of the Swiss electrical engineering we swiss electrical engineering concern, has won e contract to build a power station in Iran against what it calls "the toughest international competi-tion."

The total value of the project is put at close to DM 500m (£128m) of which it is undertood, Brown Boveri's share will be some DM 375m.

The German company will be responsible for delivering major mechanical and elec-trical components, as well as for overall planning and co-ordination,

By David Barchard in Anta IBYA HAS offered Turkish contractors the chance to take on up to \$700m (f500m) worth of contracts left unfinished by other international companies. an official of the Union of Turkish Contractors in Libya said yesterday.

Turkish companies were con-sidering the offer but it was complicated by a number of factors, including the deprecia-

factors, incinaing the acprecia-tion of the Libyan dinar. Turkish companies have car-ried out an estimated \$6bn-worth of contracts in Libya.

Some Turkish husiness circles were seeptical about how attrac-tive new Libyan contracts would be to Turkish companies,

Vickers set for China arms joint venture

BY ROBERT THOMSON IN PEKING AND BRIDGET BLOOM AND COLINA MACDOUGALL IN LONDON

VICKERS Defence Systems and e five-day visit to Peking earlier Norinco, the Chinese orms this week, pointed to the manufacturing agency, have Vickers agreement as an reached preliminary agreement on a joint venture to produce ermoured personnel carriers, he first venture of its kind in China

Vickers will produce the carrier's turrent and Norinco the chassis. The future fo the proiect, the size of which is likely to be small, depends on market reection to a prototype expected to be huilt for e defence exhibition in China next December. Sir David Plastow. Vickers

chief executive, said in Peking that both countries had identi-

of Defence, who returned from

e hveday visit to Peking earlier this week, pointed to the Vickers agreement as an example of the kind of strategy British companies should follow in making deals with the Chinese.

Chinese. Defence has low priority in China's modernisation pro-gramme and following last year's large adverse trade balance, the country plans to control imports strictly. Mr Gerald Bozall, chief executive of Vickers Defence Systems, concurred with Mr Lamont's judgment that the future lay in joint ventures and technology transfer rather than outright sales.

fied potential purchasers but Sied potential purchasers but China's arms sales, estimated at about \$1.7bn (£1.2bn) last year, have been mainly to the Third World, particularly Pakistan, Egypt and possibly China's F8 aircraft, for which \$ Mr Norman Lamont, Minister of State ot Britam'a Minister of Defence, who returned from Sied potential purchasers but Outright sales. One example of successful Co-operation is GEC Avionics recent contract for supply of equipment worth £30m to modernise China's F8 aircraft, for which \$ but to seek Congressional approval, was announced this

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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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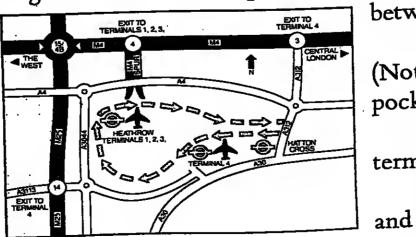
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UK NEWS

Intimidation by Loyalists is straining law and order in Northern Ireland. Hugh Carnegy reports

Violence marks turning point for Ulster's police

land, an anxious officer in the Roy- agreement giving the Republic a al Ulster Constabulary's usually un-say in Northern Ireland's affairs. ruffled press office remarked: "I But, behind this lies the uncomthink I'd like a one-way ticket to fortable - and for many Unionists, Australia."

8

His alarm was undoubtedly echo- TUC is no longer "our force." ed throughout the ranks as tough police action against Lovalist marchers in Portdadown on Easter Monday was followed by night after night of violence against the RUC. Acts of intimidation from verbal threats to stonings, petrol bombings and several sbootings total almost 200, and more than 30 police famito face the fact that many formerly lies heve been forced to leave their safe havens are no longer thet, meaning that the tensions they conhomes Although there were similar inci-

dents last summer in previous clashes between the RUC and Loyalists over action against Protestant marches, the recent attacks amount to an unprecedented campaign against the police which prohably marks a turning point in its handling of 17 years of problems in more Unionists call for an end to Ulster.

when they go home.

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position does not change.

Ister. Ostensibly, the force is heing attacked because Loyalists regard the

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(R000) Profit (R000) would like, is not imminent.

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camp have been deeply disturbed by the attacks. Protestant courch unacceptable - realisation that the leaders, politicians from the Official Unionist Party and Orange Order This "professionalism," chamleaders have all condemned them. pioned by Sir John Hermon, the RUC chief constable, has been Mr Paisley quickly added his 'un-equivocal and unreserved" condemhardly less traumatic for many nation when he returned from a RUC officers. Many have privately trip to the US to find his party unvoiced their bostility to the Angloder fire for the more ambiguous Irisb agreement and the central statements made by many of its role the RUC is playing. They bave members.

The intensity of the ettacks has perhaps been somewhat overplayed. True, police and their relatives bave been shot at several times, tend with while on duty now persist and bomes have been gutted by petrol bombs. But the large number of The Rev Ian Paisley, leader of the incideots includes relatively minor stonethrowing attacks, and so far Democratic Unionist Party (DUP), predicts mass resignations if the there heve been no serious injuries.

The strains on the force are The attacks have tended to be acute. Nevertheless, as more and confined to working-class Protestant housing estates, mainly in Bel- he said last weekend. fast, and most officers affected belong to the RUC Reserve. The re-

Bearing the brunt of "Irontline" For a start, many in the Unionist duty falls on the more highly paid likely to face this summer. amp have been deeply disturbed main RUC force, most of whom live Addressing the question of who is the attacks Protestant church in middle class areas. The RUC behind the attacks oo the police, says police families in the so-called which have included street riots ghetto areas may bave to move out, and attacks on police patrols, raises but, in the words of one officer. "There are still plenty of areas where the police can live safely." The RUC also knows that there is running. no sbortage of new recruits. Last year 4,648 people applied to join the full force (390 were appointed), a figure which probably bas not diminished much.

Mr Alan Wright, chairman of the Police Federation in Northern Ireland and no lover of the Anglo-Irish agreement and its effect on the RUC, has also said that be does not that will not hreak our spirit or re-

Certainly the RUC is stretched, performing as it does tasks as wide-

RUC can cope with the strains it is said.

the question of where the campaign against the agreement stands and who, if anybody, is making the

The Government and RUC say they believe the attacks to be a mixture of spontaneous hooligan outbursts and orchestrated paramilitary activity. They are sharp in their criticism of the DUP for a lack of outright condemnation, which, they say, amounts to "a nod and a wink" at ground level. A senior Ulster Defence Associa-

foresee the RUC crumbling. We tion man in West Belfast, scene of bave bad 242 members murdered. If much of the violence, said paramilitary co-ordinatioo of the campaign solve, then I don't think attacks on bad grown nightly. He favoured its our bomes will hreak our resolve," continuation, believing more pressure could break the police and with them the agreemen

AT THE HEIGHT of the recent RUC as the instrument being used gests that a disintegration of the many are full-time, their duties are so police officers by London and Dublin to push the RUC, which extreme elements op- and their families io Northern Ire- introduction of the Anglo-Irish agreement siving the Republic a would like is not imminant. RUC as the instrumental and an anxious officer in the Roy- agreement siving the Republic a would like is not imminant.

However, even among the paramilitaries there is a lack of cohesion on how to proceed. The same UDA man was angry that a new Unionist co-ordinating committee, encompassing the DUP, UDA workers' committees and other bardliners, had issued a statement

on Wednesday night calling for a halt to the attacks on the police. The co-ordinating committee is a stential umbrells group that could direct those in favour of more direct action from outside the two main ... parties. But it has yet to assume e leading role, so far evoiding, for er-. ample, calling an all-out strike, perhaps fearing a lack of all-out SUPPORT.

Meanwhile, the DUP and the OUP are to some extent floundering. Mr Peter Robinson, Mr Paisley's deputy, and others in the DUP have positioned themselves to play a role whatever turn events may take. But there is deen suspicion of THEFT

mentary politics.

paign on the lines of the threatened meetings of the inter-governmental withdrawal of consent" has really conference and actions by it would slew down if the Unionists were materialised Differences between the two par- prepared to enter talks.

ties have long been present but . This falls short of even the minimum demands of moderate Unionwere submerged by their common opposition to the agreement. The OUP is the party chiefly of old-style, middle-class unionism, with ists who fear the UK Government has decided that the Loyalist community must be taken on and suban emphasis on traditional parliadued before any progress can be The DUP, the child of Mr Paisley, has its roots in rural Presbyterian fundamentalism but, more recently,

has built strong working class sup port, especially in Mr Robinson's Thairber, the British Prime Minis-stronghold of East Belfast. ter, is possible. Its hallmark is no-holds-barred street politics, spiced with anti-pap-ist fervour, a style which most OUP supporters find highly distasticial.

Lack of pelitical direction has its own dangers, as the violence of the first manifestations may come if a past 19 days has illustrated. To min-imise teasions, both London and machine after being hit by a plastic Dublin have significantly toned bullet in Portadown dies before or down their stances on the agree-

made it is hard to find anybody in Northern Ireland or the Republic who believes an early resumption of talks between at least some.

- Barring a surprise, the heat few months seem to affer the grim pros-pect of more violence which will increase pressure on the RUC. The on May 5 when the Apprentice. Boys of Derry are planning another

lists regard the assessment of the situation sug- s	ong to the RUC Reserve. The re- performing as it does tasks as wide- ranging as anti-terrorist border	in the last week have had more ef- slide through mounting violence	e to . While making it clear the accorn honday march in Porta		
DRIEFONTEIN CONSOLIDATED Driefontein Consolidated Limited (Registration No. 68/04880/06)		FIELDS RICA LIMITED	KLOOF Kloof Gold Mining Company Limited (Passimation No. 64/04462/05) RESUED CAPITAL: 120 500 600 shores of 25 cents each, fully paid Questor Questor mo		
D CAPITAL: 102 000 000 ehares ol R1 each, lully paid. Nine Ouarter Duarter months ended ended ended 31 March 31 Dec. 31 Merch 1982 1995 1986 RESULTS : Oriefontein		Group Gold Mining Companies' Reports for the quarter ended 31 March 1986			
(I)		In the Republic of South Africa	Vield.(g/1) 13.0 13.9 Price received (R/kg) 25 621 25 654 24 Reviews (R/r miled) 331.96 333.35 33 Cost (R/r miled) 331.96 333.35 33 Cost (R/r miled) 387.76 362.4 3 Profit (R/r miled) 325,10 277.11 24 Revenue (RDOO) 130.212 207.611 548		
R/t milled)	DOORNFONTEIN Doornfontein Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 06/24709/06) ISSUED CAPITAL: 10 000 000 shares of R1 each, fully paid.	DEELKRAAL Deelkraal Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 74/00160/06) ISSUED CAPITAL: 99 540 000 shares of 20 cants each, fully paid.	Cost (R000) 53 336 51 970 736 Profit (R000) 125 362 249 647 333 FillAM/CIAL RESULTS (R000) 125 952 749 647 333 Working profit: Gold 125 952 749 647 333 Profit before sex and State's share of profit: 13 258 17.840 337 Profit before sex and State's share of profit: 140 213 167 487 430		
000) 109163 125003 326647 Oriefontein 11 720000 720000 2160000 ced (kg) 8208.0 8832.0 25968.4 11.4 12.3 12.0 ed (R/kg) 24710 27260 24735	Nine Quarter Quarter months ended ended ended ended 31 March 31 Dec. 31 March 1986 1985 1986 OPERATING RESULTS Gold Gold produced (kg)	Nume Nume Ouerter Ouerter pronting ended ended ended ended 31 Merch 37 Dec. 31 Merch 1985	Tax and State's share of profit 71 992 87 107 229 Profit after tax and 88 200 24 360 200 State's share of profit 88 200 24 360 200 Capital expanditure -2 32 880 33 907 89 Dividend -2 66 528 66 Loan law refund (1979) -2 6 887 6 Issue of debenduces 8 175 10 900 19		
/1 milled). 282,25 335.07 297,96 /1 milled). 90,66 86,82 87,00 /1 milled). 191,60 248,25 210,96 (000) 203,228 241,250 643,601 (000) 65,275 62,511 187,918	Yreld (g/t) 6.1 6.0 6.2 Price received (R/kg) 24 749 27 250 24 668 Revenue (R/t milled) 150.39 164.68 154.27 Cast (R/t milled) 38.66 35.55 94.00 Profit (R/t milled) 50.73 69.13 60.27 Revenue (R000) 55 044 60 273 169 383 Cost (R000) 36 475 34 970 103 210 Profit (R000) 16 568 25 303 66 173	Yield (g/t) 5,1 5,1 5,1 5,0 Price received (R/kg) 25 495 27 211 24 879 Revenue (R/t milled) 130,46 138,12 123,55 Cost (R/t milled) 74,08 71,90 72,36 Profit (R/t milled) 66,38 66,22 51,19 Bevenue (R000) 48 921 51 795 138,935	 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (a) The unexpended belance of authorised capital expenditure at 31 M 1986 wee R567.3 million. (b) Included in the total of capital expenditure for the pine months is an amo of R39.8 million in respect of Leeudoom. DIVIDENO. A dividend (No. 32) of 55 cents par share was declared to December 1985 and was peid to members on 7.2 February 1988. 		
000) 137953 178739 455683 de 186020 189430 569630 ced (kg) 18665 21903 63609 0,100 0.116 0.112	FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000) 15 568 25 303 66 173 Working profit Gold 3 582 3 673 10 779 Profit before tax and State's share of profit 22 160 28 916 76 962 Tax and State's share of profit 7 782 10 555 25 949 Profit after tax and 10 10 555 25 949	Cost (R000) Z7 779 26 361 81 407 Profix (R000) 21 142 24 834 57 588 FNANCIAL RESULTS (R000) Z1 142 24 834 57 588 Working profix Gold 21 142 24 834 57 588 Net sundry revenue Z 206 2 658 7 865 Total profit Z 4050 27 492 65 453	SHAFTS Kloof No. 4 Shaft. The shaft was sunk 239 metres to a depth of 1 696 metres be collar. No. EA Associary Shaft. Equipping operations were completed and wou about to commence on the installation of the permanent winder. - No. 58 Auxiliary Shaft. The besigner portion of the shaft is being equip and the winder foundations were completed.		
Gold	Starte's share of profit	Capital expenditure	Leaudoorn No. 1 Sheft. The headgear was erected to its final height of 69 metres and foundations for the stage winder and kibble winder wave completed. No. 1 Ventilistion Shaft. The shaft was sunk 257 metres to a depth of i metres below collar. On behalf of the board C. T. Fernon		
anue	No. 3 SUB-VERTICAL SHAFT. The shaft was suck 120 metres to a depth of 1137 metres below collier and 41 Level station cutting is in progress. On behall of the board C. T. Fenton H. Nigland Directors 10 April 1885	No. 1 SUB-VERTICAL SHAFT. Shaft equipping has been completed and ancillary work prior to the commissionung of the shaft is currently in progress. On behalf of the board C. T. Fenron B. R. van Rooven } Directors	10 April 1986. LIBANON Libsmon Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 05/08381/06)		
Jre	VLAKFONTEIN Vlakfontein Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 05/061 55/06)	VENTERSPOST Venterspost Gold Mining Company Limited (Registration No. 05/05632/06)	ISSUED CAPITAL: 7 937 300 shares of R1 each, fully paid. Cuarter Ouerter mode anded ended ended en 31 March 31 Dec 37 MD 7965 7305 730 OPERATING RESULTS Gold Ore milled (1)		
idend (No. 25) ol 145 cents per share was declared on 10 d was paid to members on 12 February 1986.	ISSUED CAPITAL: 6 000 000 shares of 20 cents each, fully peid. Nime Ouarter Ouarter months ended anded ended 31 March 37 Dec. 37 March 1996 7985 1985 OPERATING RESULTS Gold Ore milled:	ISSUED CAPITAL: 5 050 000 shares of R1 each, fully peid. Nine Ouarter Ouerter months ended anded anded 31 March 31 Dec. 31 March 1985 7585 7985 OPERATING RESULTS Gold	Over mixing (1) 435 000 435 000 435 000 1305 Gold produced (kg) 2 305,5 2 218,5 6 6.5 Yield (g/t) 5,2 5,7 5,7 Price received (R/kg) 25 157 27 274 24 Revenue (R/t milled) 133,82 739,40 126 Cost (R/t milled) 72,13 68,08 66 Profit (R/t milled) 61,48 77,32 58		
The shaft was sunk 105 metres to its final depth of 2001 ar. 24 Level station. Transfer Level and the loading een excavated and supported. Preparation for the equipping grass. This shaft has been commissioned. cal Shaft-E. The headgear portion of the shaft was shiped to collar on 22 Level and the shah was sunk to 26 metres below collar on 22 Level and the shot was sunk to 26 metres below cist has been installed but has not yet been commissioned. A 2 Level atation delayed operations while the station was re-	from surface domps (t) 30 705 40 743 124 828 from outside sources (t) 179 295 169 257 505 172 Total milled (t) 210 000 210 000 630 000 Gold produced (kg) 12 12 1.3 1.2 Yreld (g/t) 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 Price received (R/kg) 24 575 27 055 24 623 8.463 30.47 Working cost (R/t milled) 29.54 34.63 30.47 16.50 6.04 16.50 Rock purchased (R/t milled) 6.41 6.40 16.50 6.04 17.93 7.93 Profit (R/t milled) 6.31 17.89 7.93 7.93 Revenue (R/t milled) 6.204 7 284 19 198 198	Grammiled (1) 390 000 390 000 1 770 000 Gold produced (kg) 1 315.5 7 375.7 4 089.2 Yield (g/l) 3.4 3.5 3.5 Price received (R/kg) 24 295 27 588 24 748 Revenus (R/t milled) 82.15 97.49 865.68 Cost (R/t milled) 76.45 76.45 76.58 ProBit (R/t milled) 30 216 29 819 89.600 Profit<(R000)	Revenue (R000) 58/124 60 639 165 Cost (R000) 31 877 29 614 89 Profit (R000) 28 747 31 025 75 FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000) 26 747 31 025 75 Viortung profit: Gold 28 747 31 025 75 Profit before tax and State's state of profit 3857 3 731 11		
haft-W. Development of the pump level below 38 Level equipping of the shaft has commenced. The shaft was sunk 200 metres to a depth of 1 394 metres availon and support of 14 Level station was completed and Level station is in progress.	Working cost (R000) 3406 3443 10 397 Rock purchased (R000) 1346 3404 3804 Profit (R000) 1452 2497 4997 FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000) 1452 2497 4997 Working profit: Gold 1452 2497 4997 Working profit: Gold 1452 2497 4997 Profit before tax 2033 3067 6791 Tax Formula tax 916 1685 3362 Non-mining tax 193 169 528 Profit after tax 924 1213 2907	FINAN CIAL RESULTS (R000) 1.821 8.201 71.879 Working profit: Gold 1.821 8.201 71.879 Recovery under loss of profits insurance 63 Net sundry revenue 1.415 1.574 4.414 Profit before tax 3.236 9.775 16.286 Tax 620 4.375 5.747	Profit after tax and State's share of profit Capital expenditure Dividend Capital expenditure Capital expendi		
e shaft was sunk 68 metres to a depth of 606 metres below was excavaled and supported and a holing was effected and development done previously from No. 7 Shaft-W. In 1 Level was stopped due to the intersection of a water- is currently being cementated.	Net surface capital expenditure . 30 9 38 Repayment of capital . 900 900 Loan levy refund (1979) 900 900 Loan levy refund (1979)	Profit after tax. 2 516 6 400 70 539 Cepital expenditure 230 562 2 270 Dividend 4 545 Loan levy refund (1979) 51 51 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE. The unexpended balance of authomatic cepital expenditure at 31 March 1966 was R12,4 million. DIVIDEND. A dividend (No S1) of 90 cents per share was declared on 10 December 1985 and was paid to members on 12 February 1986.	Dividend (No. 70) of 170 cents per share was declared or December 1985 and paid to members on 12 Fabruary 1988. On behalf of the board C. T. Fanton A. J. Wright Direct		
On behalf of the board C T. Fenlon S. R. van Rooyen } <i>Directors</i>	On behell of the board C. T. Fernon H. Nyland Directors 10 April 1986	On behalf of the board C. T. Ferton O. C. Dytes 10 April 1986	Note: Copies may be obtained from the Unit Kingdom Registrar, Fill Samuel Registra Limited, 6 Greencoat Place, London, SW1P 1P		

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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

Revenue (R000)	• •	203 228	241 250	643 601
Cost (R000)		65 275	62511	187 918
Profit (R000)	•••	137953	178739	455 683
Uranium Oxide				
Pulp treated (I)		186020	189 430	569 690
Oxide produced (kg)		18 665	21 903	63 609
Yield (kg/l)	• •	- 0,100	0.115	0,112
FINANCIAL RESULTS (R000)				
Working proht. Gold		. 247118	303 742	782 330
Recovery under loss of profits insurance		_	_	54
Profit on sale of Uranium Oxide and Sulphuric Acid		.1 984	2234	6343
Net tribute royalties end eundry mining revenue		2 217	909	3 543
Net mining revenue		251 317	306 865	792 270
Net non-mining revenue (group)).	25818	26 448	78 395
Profit before tax end State's				
share of prolit	• •	: 277135	333 333	870 665
Tax and State's share of profit	••	161 661	202 978	522 287
Profit after tax and State's shere of profit		115474	130 355	348 373
Capital expenditure		36 931	36 841	102 973
Drvidend			747 900	147 900
Loan levy refund (1978)			35 094	35 094

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE. The unexpended ba nditure et 31 March 1986 was R392,4 million

OTVIDEND. A dividend (No. 25) of 145 cents pe December 1985 and was paid to members on 12 F

SHAFTS

East Driefontein

No. 4 Shaft-E. The shaft was sunk 105 metres metres below collar. 24 Level station. Transfe errangements have been excavated and supported. Pri of the shaft is in progress.

No. 5 8haft-E. This shaft has been commission

No. 5 Sub-Vertical Shaft-E. The headgear portion full size to the shaft collar on 22 Level and the shah w 22 Lovel. The rock hoist has been installed but has not pressure burst on 22 Level atation delayed operation supported.

West Driefontein

No. 5 Tertiary Shaft-W. Development of the p was completed. The equipping of the shaft has con-

No. 7 Sheft-W. The shaft was suck 200 metres below coltar. The excavation and support of 14 Level the excavation of 16 Level station is in progress.

No. 8 Shaft-W. The shaft was sunk 68 metres to an collar. 1 Level station was excavaled and supported between the station and development dans previou Other development on 1 Level was stopped due to II bearing fissure which is currently being comentated

10 April 1986



-02.5

A CONTRACT OF A PARAMETER AND A

GM 'still

prepared'

BL units

GENERAL MOTORS is still inte

ested in acquiring Leyland Trucks and Land Rover, according to Mr Paul Tosch, who took over as chief

executive of GM's Bedford commer-

cial vehicles subsidiary in Decem-ber, writes John Griffiths.

However, he said the British Gov-

ernment would have to make the

first move. If talks were to reopen, GM would maintain the stance it had taken from the beginning of nego-

tiations early last year: that any deal would have to embrace both

Leyland Trucks and virtually all op-

erations of Land Rover, including

its Freight Rover vans business. GM had made concessions on

how Land Rover's ownership might

be structured to take account of na-

tionalistic sentiment. But, Mr Tosch

said: "In development terms the on-

ly deal that makes sense for GM is BD's commercial vehicles opera-

□ WORKERS at Hitachi, the South Wales-based Japanese TV and video

manufacturer, have voted over-whelmingly to accept the lower of two pay offers put to them in e pay

settlement which paves the way to-

The company and its single union, the EETPU electricians,

claimed that the deal was e further

innovative step for the plant and a

development of the plant's strike-

Workers accepted e 3 per cent

flat-rate offer in preference to e 4

per cent offer which would have involved changes in working time.

D BRITISH and other European

navies should have been alongside the US Navy in its recent exercise in the Gulf of Sirte, which led to conflict with Libya, Dr David Owen,

Social Democratic Party leader

told US newspaper correspondents

Gadaffi, the Libyan leader, was "not checked in every legal way possible, then more innocent people will be killed in the air and on the streets

of London and other Western

STEEL production in Britain av

eraged 325,000 tonnes a week in

March, 4.9 per cent higher than in February but 5.2 per cent less than

Production in the first three months of 1966 averaged 292,100 tonnes a week, 1.8 per cent higher

than in the same period of 1985.

A PLEA by Britain's church lead-

ers, led by Dr Robert Runcie, the Anglican Archbishop of Canterbu-ry, failed to move the Government

from its determination to push

w Sunday trading

He said that, if Col Muammer

wards e merit-based pay structur

tions as a whole."

free agreement.

in London.

cities."

in March 1985.

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UK NEWS

Christopher Parkes on the report that clears irradiation for treating food

Soft sell of radiation with a friendly face

tion with a friendly face. It is not an easy one for the public to accept least of all at the dinner table.

A report by Britain's chief medi-cal officer published by the Government yesterday says that irradia-tion is a safe and effective means of pasteurising and preserving food. But the study represents only the beginning of a long debate. In the months ahead consumers will al-

opinions from every quarter, from rarified academics to the lunatic fringe. At the end it will be up to the Government to decide whether food laws should be changed to allow the

ale of irradiated food. Then, the food manufacturers and retailers will face the choice. For the moment they, and even the

companies specialising in irradia- duction progressed mon-tion technology, are holding their than in the Netherlands.

clear industry bave cast a cloud of able tool which can open new mar-suspicion over the concept of radia-tion with a friendly face. It is not the case of the ca not bring it into service until they sumer rights, have taken readily to are certain that they are not going irradiation, thanks to a con-

to frighten or alienate the shopper. sidered and For once, consumers are being programme. presented with a real choice. Their verdict is crucial. The irradiation companies will ask the food makers to adopt the process. They in turn will ask the retailers, and the retailers will leave it to the public," says Mr John Deffenbaugh, a management consultant with Peat Marwick.

His soundings around the industry indicate that, barring disasters, and allowing for a debate running into next year, the first irradiated foods could be on sale in the UK two years from now.

Many European countries, Japan and the US allow the sale of some foods. But nowbere has the intro-duction progressed more smoothly

The Dutch, as truculent and in-tractable a race as the British and deeply imbued with a sense of concludes spices, soft fruit, rice, shell fish and poultry. The education process continues. Even now the public sidered and organised education

Administration is gradually opening up the trade with a tactical approach. Last July it approved the ly coovinced that irradiation involved oo hazards and even offered organism. advantages to consumers, Consu-

> consumers because of the type of food involved. Mr Deffenbaugh sug-gests that ultimately a similar programme might be the best way of

ernment first allowed the sale of The UK Government could start treated mushrooms, Mr Westendorp bas registered no significant objections from any quarter. Now the list of irradiated products inhome to a bost of bugs.

are welcome to visit irradiation fac tories to see for themselves. In the US, where the debate is still going on, the Food and Drug Mr Dick Westendorp, director of Consumentenbond, the Dutch equivalent of the Consumers Association, says his first step was to un-dertake his own research. Eventual-

irradiatioo of pork, a meat to which there was some residual consume resistance because of the risk of in fection with the trichinella This approach produced an im-mediate favourable reaction among

mentenbond began a whole-hearted education programme. It actively supported the introduction of the process through its regular maga-zine, leaflets, on television and in co-operation with the Government. Since 1969, wheo the Dutch Govgaining acceptance in the UK.

with products which should be treated on "public safety" grounds. such as imports of spices, often

Split in Cabinet **Pilots may** boycott over energy terrorist price benefits states

any extra subsidy to the NCE to compensate it for lower coal prices.

The only way to cut electricity

prices without increasing the NCB's subsidy would, therefore, be to cut

the board's costs by accelerating

the programme of pit closures. Treasury ministers appear to

have argued that it would be wrong to give electricity consumers a large

price cut and to force extra pit clo-

sures unless it was believed that oil

prices would remain depressed for

percentage point tariff reduction.

ed that there would be some reduc-

tion but said the amount would de

pend on negotiations between the two nationalised industries on the

The Electricity Council, which

some considerable time.

sumers without delay.

By Michael Donne, Aerospace Correspondent SHARP DIFFERENCES emerged John McGregor, the Chief Secre-in Cabinet yesterday between the tary, and Mr John Moore, the Fi-Department of Energy and the nancial Secretary, made it clear Treasury about the extent to which that it was unwilling to sanction

A BOYCOTT by international airline pilots of nations harbouring or encouraging terrorists came e step closer in London yesterday. Captain Reginald Smith, the US president of the International Fedmost certainly be bombarded with eration of Air Line Pilots' Associations (Ifalpa) said the executive committee of the body had proposed "international boycott action,

to act as a deterrent against those states which gave sanchrary to bijackers." This action, if approved by the

London meeting of Halpa, would be conveyed to the UN and other international organisations. Capt Smith urged the associations' 64,000-mem ber pilots "to approve new policies after the worst year in international

oversees the supply of power, has told the Government, however, thet it is determined that the benefit of civil aviation history." He suggested that in future any airliner subjected to "unlawful in-tarference" should be regarded as being "in distress." This meant that cheaper oil should be passed to con-The outcome of the negotiations is likely to be a compromise beaircraft commanders would be entitween the CEGB's demand for £500m-s-year price cut and the NCB's opening figure of about £100m: Each £100m represents a 1

tled legally to call for "maximum service and assistance" wherever it sought to land. It would mean an end to the fa-

miliar process of shunting hijacked At question time in the House of Commons yesterday, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, hintairliners from one country to 30 another until accepted by an airport

as a case of emergency. In another suggested change, Capt Smith said Ifalpa would press for all passengers and all baggage

JOURNALISTS oo two of Mr Ru- speedily towards ending the dispute, in which 5,500 printers have union's general secretary, adbeen sacked following the group's dressed mandatory chapel meet-move to a new high-technology ings from all four titles and urged plant at Wapping in Londoo

fice branches) inside the Wapping plant - The Times and The Sun are due to vote on a similar motion

Yesterday, Mr Harry Conroy, the linked to a union instruction that is members to obey the instruction. The unioo's executive will decide whether or oot to instigate disciplinary proceedings against Wapping journalists for breaching the in-

structioo at its eve-of-coolerence The executive cannot be seen to

being ignored. However, a move to begin disciplinary procedures against the entire Wapping membership could wreck the chapel based moves to-wards pressurising management.

 Ms Brenda Dean, general secre tary of the general print union, Sogat '82, said yesterday a quarter of the union's officials were not being paid, because the union's funds have been seized by the courts.

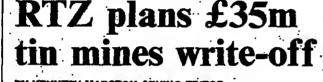
pert Murdoch's News International titles have voted to hold a secret ballot on industrial action if the company has not reached a settlement with the print unions by April Members of the National Union

World yesterday followed the lead given by colleagues on the Sunday

Murdoch journalists set deadline for peace BY HELEN HAGUE

of Journalists on the News of the

All journalists reporting for work meeting in Sheffield next Monday. at Wapping are defying an NUJ infor all passengers and all baggage Times. They aim to increase pres-to be security-screened at airports. sure oo NI management to move condone industrial action ballots struction not to cross picket lines.



BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

being successfully reduced. two nationali The Treasury, represented by Mr price of coal.

BY MAX WILKINSON, RESOURCES EDITOR

electricity consumers should be al-lowed to benefit from the recent fall

In our prices. Last week, the Central Electricity Generating Board (CEGB) said that it could save the equivalent of up to 5500m in a full year if it switched over from burning coal to oil in its power stations. This would be

enough to cancel out the 5 per cent rise in electricity tariffs which were

The CEGB is now having tough talks with the National Coal Board

(NCB) to try to get a substantial cut

in its £3.3bn coal bill. Otherwise, it

has threatened to start up its oil-

Yesterday the Cabinet economics

committee debated the issue for more than an hour, with the main

argument centring on effects on the NCB and its finances.

Mr Peter Walker, the Energy Sec-retary, appears to have told his col-leagues that he is in favour of allow-

ing electricity consumers to benefit from cheaper oil to the maximum

extent possible. However, he does

not believe that too much extra

pressure should be put on the NCB

at a time when morale is recovering

from the coal strike and capacity is

mounced recently.

n oil prices.

fired stations.

RIO TINTO-ZINC, the London- "We must ensure that anything that based international mining and in- is run is viable," be said. dustrial group, has put aside £35m to cover the possible closure of its Cornish tin mines. This precautionary write off has been made in the bight of weak tin prices following the collapse of the International Tin world.

The mines, notably Wheal Jane. near Truro - acquired in 1979 - and the veteran South Crofty near Redrath - bought in 1984 - employ about 1,000 workers in an area of

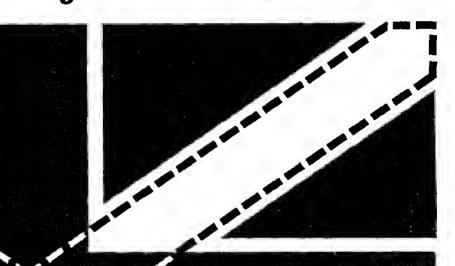
It is possible RIZ could find em-The mines are losing money with ployment elsewhere for the Cornish costs of about £7,000 a tonne of tin, miners. But the problem facing homes with the proceeds of sales of their existing low-priced property.

Government aid could alleviate the position of Cornwall's tin mines, but they have to compete with low er-cost producers elsewhere in the Meanwhile, the world market for tin is burdened with large surplus

stocks and has yet to find new industrial customers to replace those lost to other materials, notably in the packaging of beverages and other consumer products. It is possible RTZ could find em-

compared with an open market them is that moving from Cornwall price of less than £4,000. More seri-to new jobs would - apart from oth-ously affected is the independent er considerations - bring the finanhigher-cost. Geevor mine at Pen- cial hurdle of finding higher cost





The two other NUJ chapels (ofpext week.

The churchmen presented Home Secretary Mr Douglas Hurd with a petition signed by 768,000 people.

D F. H. TOMKINS, a fast expand-ing and acquisitive industrial holding company, yesterday launched a £175m all-paper takeover bid for Pegler-Hattersley, an engineering group with interests ranging from valves to bathroom taps.

Profile, Page 30

the mines has been taken. It is RTZ yesterday reported 1985 oet hoped the Government might come profits from its worldwide operato their rescue. The results are extions of £236m against a restated pected soon of a study into the pos- £215.5m in 1984. The rise in energy sibility of reducing costs and re- earnings offset a lower return from turning the group's Cornish tin op the group's industrial and metals erations to profitability. interests. It is hoped that this year Mr J. D. Birkin, chief executive of a better performance by the indus-

deen, near Lands End.

RTZ, said yesterday the position trial and metals side will counter was "serious." He added that con- the effects of lower oil prices in the tinuing losses on the present scale energy sector. Lex, Page 22 could not be allowed to continue.

Plan for civil service shake-up aims to end government logjam

BY HAZEL DUFFY

below the private sector.

technologists.

SIR JOHN HOSKYNS, director general of the Institute of Directors and former head of the Prime Minister's policy unit, will today unveil a plan which could signal the beginning to reform of the machinery of government

The proposal drawn up by Sir John and his co-authors is modest. Britain should have a "cabinet" system giving each Cabinet Minister a private executive office of six to eight people with its own political appointees, independent experts and researchers.

Its merit is that it could be implemented by the next incoming gov-ernment without much fuss and at the relatively low cost according to his estimates of £7.7m.

The plan aims to encourage a de-bate on what needs to be done to break through the logjam at Westminster and Whitehall, described by Sir John as the "embattled culture of a small and often exhausted world."

It is a personal ambition which he failed largely to achieve when he headed the Prime Minister's policy unit. The need for reform, however, is confirmed increasingly by interested bodies such as the Royal Institute of Public Administration, the Association of First Division Civil Servants (the senior civil servants) trade union) and, privately, by some ministers and officials.

Central to the need for change is the state of the Civil Service. It is halled by most ministers and former ministers as "the best in the world," but there can be no escape from the fact that it has taken a battering.

The Thatcher years, with their emphasis on the private sector, have taken their toll on people who "Civil service at a premium. "Civil servants oever expect to be loved, but they feel particularly unloved at present," says one senior

They are also working in a declin-

A survey of attitudes to the ing industry - manpower has fallen 18.5 per cent to 596,000 since 1979 scheme is being conducted for the and is expected to fall by a further Management and Personnel Office 8,000 by 1988. Government pressure which will be ready in June. Anecto increase efficiency, enshrined since April in a "running costs" tardotal evidence, however, suggests it has not been the success the Treaget set annually for each departsury had hoped for in remedying ment, has its attractions with great-

the retention problem. The Civil Service Commission er management responsibility bewhich will present its annual report ing devolved down the line. next week, is expected to urge the Government to come up with new ideas on making the Civil Service But it also makes many civil servants feel more exposed under the glare of scrutiny and conscious of the fact that the emphasis on effimore attractive to people whose promotioo prospects bave been dented by cutbacks in senior ciency puts service in second place. Pay, however, is perhaps the overwhelming factor. Senior civil grades, and some of whom find finance and industry beckoning. servants are likely to say pay is not

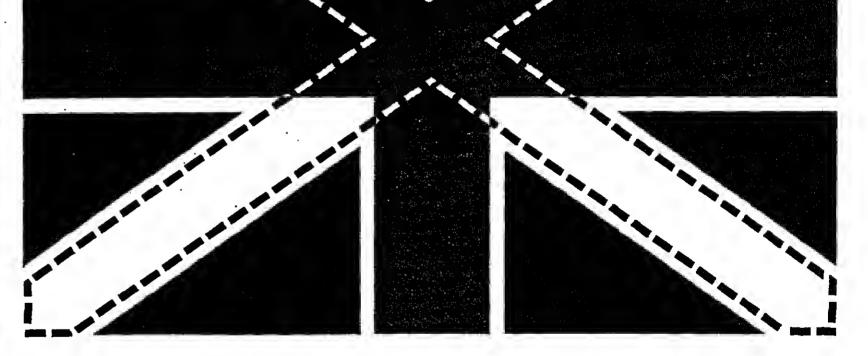
everything in discussing morale, but most of the half million white-Mr Denis Trevelyan, who heads the commission, wants more sec-ondments between the business collar civil servants would not agree. Modest pay increases in resector and the Civil Service, both to broaden the civil servant's experi-ence and to increase understanding cent years have put them generally of Whitehall by business.

In the current pay round, the unions are waiting for the Govern-ment to come back with an im-Sir John Hoskyns believes there should be more movement, the rarity of outsiders in Whitehall being provement on its 5 per cent offer. All the unions except one have re-jected the Treasury's attempt to se-cure e long-term pay scheme. one of tha detects which bas led to the clogging up of the machinery. But his proposal, naturally, is more radical than that of the commis-Recruitment difficulties are most sioners. He wants civil servants in acute in the lowest grades, and par-ticularly in London, and for certain specialist and professional skills. the "cabinets" as e step towards rec ognising the civil service cannot

continue functioning on its apoliti-Special category top-up payments are already in force to alleviate the cal foundations. problem, as is an experiment giving A proposed oew code of ethics fo divisional heads the discretion to make extra payments for computer civil servants - most relevant to those in contact with ministers will soon come from the Commons Treasury and Civil Service subcom-But the problem is also apparent higher up, and particularly at the principal level where it is more one mittee which has been investigat-ing the duties of civil servants in re-

lation to ministers. Its report - alof retaining staff than recruitment. The three-year experimental perthough perhaps stopping short of formance pay bonus scheme, appli-cable to this and higher grades, launched last year has not been a the civil service ombudsman that some of the committee members would have liked to recommand promises to be an important contripopular concept although the Treabution to the dehate which Sin sury says the £4m allocated to the scheme in 1985-88 has all been paid Joihn Hoskyns wants to ge moving.

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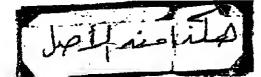
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UK NEWS-BANK OF ENGLAND BULLETIN

OECD inflation likely to fall and output expand BY GEORGE GRAHAM

BY GEORGE GRAHAM CONSUMER PRICES in the seven major industrial countries grouped in the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and de-velopment could be as much as s per cent less, and total output three years from now if oil prices stabilise at \$15 a barrel rather than at \$30, the Bank of England says in its latest quarterly bulletin, published yesterday. By only 1.25 per cent in 1984, and by less that 2 per cent in 1985. helped, especially in the US roter than at \$30, the Bank of England says in its latest quarterly bulletin, published

Some of these gains will be eroded as the effects of faster growth, including greater demand for primary products, increase costs.- Yet, in the first two years of so, lower oil prices will contribute to the progress made in reducing inflation. Cautious momentary policies

Cautious monetary policies, reinforced by tight fiscal polireinforced by tight fiscal poli-clea in most countries, are thought to be responsible for in the seven OECD economies from an average of 4.25 per cent in 1984 to 3 per cent in 1985. Progress has been helped, the Bank says, by slower growth of manufaction for the state of the economic cyclo, these costs rose

These countries have to adjust, in due course, to any permanent reductions in their foreign exchange earnings, but the Bank says that, in some cases, consideration may have to be given to easing this transi-tion rithin the formemory of

Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin; Economics Division, Bank of England, London tion within the framework of the initiative taken by Mr James Baker, US Treasury Secretary, for tackling the debt problems EC2R SAH; £27 a year. of developing countries.

The Bank sees little prospect that these financial difficulties for oil exporters will be eased to 9 per cent a year, and the Bank repeated its plen for a reduction in this rate to take account of lower inflation.

by any strong recovery in oil prices. Potential output over-hanging the market would seem to preclude a rebound, unless some restraint of supply were achieved.

Members of the Organisation of Petroleum-Exporting Coup-tries differ in the period over which they expect to be signi-ficant oil exporters, and so havo

different preferences for pre-

Takeovers increase to record

By George Graham .

COMPANY mergers and take-overs rose sharply in 1985 to reach a record. In real terms, the value of takeovers was double that of its jast peak in 1972.

Takeover activity was also estimated to be higher than in 1968, the previous record year, although that period's figures are for statistical rea-sous not directly comparable.

Average Expenditure 14- on Mergers .. 10-960 65 70 75 80 55

The rise last year came mainly as a result of a few large mergers. The average was larger than in 1972 or (after allowing for the statis-tical differences) than in 1968.

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v.g.,

The surge in takeovers and the doohling last year of net new equity issues to £5.2hn coincided with a continuing rise in the stock market. There is some anxiety, how-ever, that the surge could foreshadow a downturn.



Says in its quarterly onlient. Between the third quarter of last year and mid-March, nominal oil prices fell by about 45 per cent in dollar terms. Over the same period sterling's effective exchange rate index fell by about 9 per cent and the pound rose by 6 per cent against the dollar, so that sterling crude oil price with ally halved. The LIE will be indirectly

affected by this fall in oil prices because of the drop in inflation in the main industrial nations, which are net oil importers, and the likely rise in demand and

these countries may be 1 per cent lower this year than it would otherwise have been, and next year inflation may also be 1 per cent lower.

1 per cent lower. Lower prices in these countries will raise real incomes, profits and the real value of financial wealth, thereby increasing domestic spending. Gross national product growth could benefit by up to 1 percentage point this year and perhaps another percentage point next year. Growth in these markets may be offset for UK exporters by contraction of demand in member-states of the Organisation of Petroleum

the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting countries. The UK's

share of the export markots, however, should increase as a result of the better competitive position that has resulted from sterling's depreciation. Some of these benefits should occur

BRTTISH inflation will benefit from lowor oil prices while the negative effect on the UK's trade balance will only be temporary, the Bank of England says in its quarterly bulletin. Between the third quarter of last year and mid-March, nominal oil prices fell by about 45 per cent in dollar terms. Over the same period sterling's

For North Sea oil exports, consumers abroad gain from lower prices at the expense of the UK. The recent fall directly reduces net national disposable income The UK will be indirectly by about 1 per ceot, which shows np in the current account of the balance of payments as a direct loss of up to £3bn at likely 1986 levels of production.

The main factor limiting the impact on the balance of pay-ments will be the declino in the exchange rate that bas accom panied the fall in oil prices. There will be some worsening in the terms of trade as a result of the depreciation but improvements in real net trade will increasingly have a more domi-

The immediate effect on the Retail Price Index (RP1) comes from lower petrol prices. A 50 per cent fall in sterling crude oil prices should cut the index nant effect. ebont ? per cent, tha bank by

The Bank suggosts that a 9 per cent fall in the offective exchange rate should be enough to offset the effect of lower oil receipts on the cur-rect account after about four says. After that, prices of imported years. The improvement in the non-oil current account will follow from improved competi-tiveness but could be upset by higher wage settlements.

If oil prices fall by a certain amount, a fall in the exchange rato of about a quarter the size in percentage terms is neces-sary for retail price inflation to remain unaffected. In fact, the depreciation since the third this year, although the full quarter has been less than this, to raise real incomes, because

EFFECT ON THE UK OF THE RECENT FALL IN OIL PRICES" AND THE EXCHANGE RATE

Changes relative to base	1986	1987	1988
Oil price: (dollars per barrel)	-11.80		
Effective exchange rate (per cent)	9		
Dollar/sterling rate (per cent)	+6		
Oil trade balance (fbn)	-3	~3	-2
Current balance (fbn)	2 <u>+</u>	-11	
PSBR (fbn)	+31	+21	+1
Consumer price inflation (percentage points per annum)	— 1 to 1	- 1 to 1	-
GDP growth (percentage points per annum)	+ 1	+1	+ 3
Unemployment ('000s)	~-25	-150 -	-275

Source: Bank estimate

11

Assuming no difference in tax rates, gov rates or wages at a result of the price fall.

resulting in an improvement in inflation prospects.

wages and salaries have an iner-tia of their own. This will belp to reinforce the effects on activity of the improved real net trade outlook.

Stronger demand should result in a faster growth of output and a decline in unemploy-ment. In total, gross domestic product may rise i a percentage point faster this year and 1 per-centage point faster next year than would otherwise have than would otherwise have been the case, and unemploy-ment could fail by more than 250,000 by 1988.

After that, prices of imported goods can be expected to riso in response to the weaker exchange rate, so that, on balance, prices this year as a whole may be i per cent to i per cent lower than they would otherwise havo been. Next year the index should again benefit by the same amouot, with the reduction in UK manufacturers' costs result-ing from the oil price cut being only partially offset by higher sterling costs of other imports. Lower UK inflation will tend

250,000 by 1988. The Government's loss of oil tax revenues should increas-ingly be offset by the effects of higher activity on non-oil tax receipts and of lower unemploy-mot on social security costs. The net cost to the public sector borrowing requirement should fall from £3.5bn in calendar 1986 to abont half that in 1988.

Opec objectives 'incompatible'

BY GEORGE GRAHAM

and output are incompatible, the Bank of England says in its quarterly bulletin.

Recent months have shown that both demand for oil and non-Opec supply of oil are virtually rigid over such short periods but, over longer periods, Opec's price increases have led to significant savings in the use of oil and to more intensive exploitation of non-Opec oil

reserves. OECD oil demand was nearly Oil prices still remain more 20 per cent less last year than than twice as high in real terms in 1979, and 16 per cent less

THE RAPID fall in oil prices as they were in 1973, the Bank than in 1975. Oil consumption shows that the objectives of the says, although they have fallen per unit of ontput in the OECD Organisation of Petroleum below the level that obtained countries has dropped by nearly Exporting Countries for price before the Iranian revolution in 40 per cent since 1973, and the 1978. Demand for oil in the seven industrialised countries in the

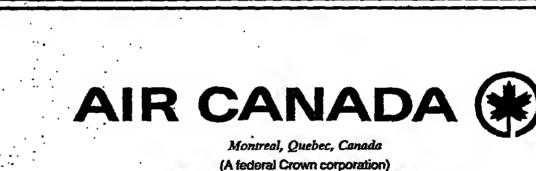
Organisation for Economic Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development foll sharply between 1979 and 1983, Under the cumulative influence of increased real prices of oil, demand has re-mained sluggish since then, despite the recovery in world according activity economic activity.

per unit of output in the OECD countries has dropped by nearly 40 per cant since 1973, and the ahare of oil in total energy demand, in the seven economies has fallen from 52 per cent to 43 per cent in 1985.

risen overall by about 40 per cent since the early 1970s, the Bank says, but most of this rise has come in the Opec countries themselves. Oil demand among developing countries which are not in Opec has declined since .1979.

Besides lower oil damand, fricreased supply from non-Opec countries has severely squeezed Opec's oil production. Since 1973, non-Opec oil production, excluding the centrally-planned excluding the centrally-planned economies, has increased by more than 50 per cent. Most non-Opec oil is produced at much higher cost than is Opec's output, but the explora-tion and exploitation of non-Opec oil was encouraged by the sharp price increases of the 1970s. Between the early 1950s and Between the early 1950s and

serveen the early 1950s and the time of the first oil price shock in 1973-74, Opers share of a rapidly expanding world, oil market had riser from a third to nearly two-thirds. Since then, however, its share has fallen at an accelerating rate.



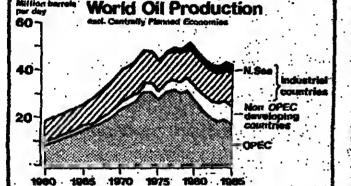
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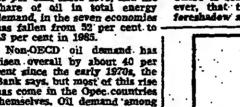
Exchange Offer

Air Canada proposes

the exchange of their. DM 100.000.000 9 % Deutsche Mark Bonds of 1982/1992 . ("Old Bonds 1992")

the exchange of their DM 100,000,000 7.3/8 % Deutsche Mark Bonds of 1983/1993 ("Old Bonds 1993")





BY GEORGE GRAHAM

Consumer price inflation in

World current accounts worsen

BY ROBIN PAULEY č.

3

CURRENT accounts for the for the very poor state of the major countries in the Organ- current account of the non-oil isation for Economic Co-opera-tion and Development, the deficit for 1965 more than non-oil developing countries and doubled to \$260n compared with quarter of 1985.

The combined current account deficit of the main seven economies increased by \$5bn (£3.4bn) in the last quarter, the worsening US deficit more than renewed countering the strengthening of the Japanese surplus.

However for the whole of 1985 the current account deficit fell by about \$10bn in spite of a drew increasi by about \$1000 in spice of a drew increase deficit which totalled \$1180n. This was because the combined West German and Japanese surplases increased by \$210a to of the overall falling by \$31 quarter and \$4 assets of the

over the 12 months to the end of September 1985 when they totalled \$410bn. This is because of asset revaluations reflecting the decline of the dollar's inter-The bulletin details the ex-

\$11bn in 1984. The Chinese had a \$2.5bn tent to which the sharply falling surplus in 1984 but this was oll price in the three months to turned to a streable deficit in the end of February prevented 1985 as the Chinese growth rate sterling from matching the increased sharply, causing a rise of a third in imports. increased sharply, causing a rise of a third in imports. dolar. The oil exporting countries suffered deteriorating current accounts in the last two quarters During this period the pound

sumered deteriorating current During mis period the pound accounts in the last two quarters touched all time lows against of 1985 although for the whole the D-Mark, the guilder, the year the deficit was \$8bu com- Swiss franc and the yea. The As their current accounts pressure on the pound was worsened the oil exporters in multical renervations of the

up to DM 100,000,000 9%/7% Subordinated Bonds 1986 ff ("9%/7% Bonds")

up to DM 100,000,000 7 3/8 % / 7 % Subordinated Bonds 1986 ff ("7 3/8 % / 7 % Bonds")

for

Interest rate and payment of interest of the 9 % / 7 % Bonds: Interest rate and payment of interest of the 7 3/1 % / 7 % Bonds:

9% payable annually in arrears on 19th August of each year until 18th August, 1992. Change of interest rate as well as interest payment date on 19th August, 1992: From 19th August, 1992 the Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7 % per annum. Interest shall be payable annually in arrears on 4th June. The first coupon and the first interest payment at the rate of 7 % per annum shall be due on 4th June, 1993.

7 3/8 % payable annually in arrears on 4th June of each year until 3rd June, 1993. Change of interest rate on 4th June, 1993: From 4th June, 1993 the Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7 % per annum. Interest shall be payable annually in arrears on 4th June. The first coupon and the first interest payment at the rate of 7 % per annum shall be due on 4th June, 1994.

Summary of the terms of the 9 % / 7 % Bonds and the 7 3/8 % / 7 % Bonds (the "New Bonds"):

A worsened ine of the exporters d drew increasingly on their in- restments, their identified assets falling by \$3bn in the second quarter and \$4.5bn in the third. Nevertheless, the dollar value of the overall stock of deployed assets of the oil exporters still e showed an increase of \$3.4bn US and Libya. in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase any securities. MERCURY ATIONAL GROUP plc hered in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1981 No. 1874486) Share capital of Mercury International Group plc Issued and to be issued fully paid	Amount:up to respect respect lssue Price:Issue Price:100% Denomination:Denomination:DM 1 Redemption at the Option of Air Canada:Redemption at the Option of Air Canada:All th of the respective of the Taxation:Taxation:Prince future Listing:Listing:Appli as am indire Of the Deschange Restrictions:The N as am indire	1,000 and DM 10,000 the New Bonds, but not part only, may be redeen int on 4th June, 2001 and thereafter on every fif- eir principal amount ipal and interest shall be paid without withholdi to taxes or duties of whatsoever nature levied by ication will be made to list the New Bonds on the New Bonds will not be registered under the Unit ended, and may not be offered or delivered in e- ectly in the United States of America, as part of Bonds and the acceptance of the Exchange Offer New Bonds may not be offered or delivered in e- ectly in contravention of the securities laws of C- of.	med at 102 % of their principal th anniversary at that date at 100 % ing in respect of any present or or in Canada. He Frankfurt Stock Exchange ted States Securities Act of 1933, exchange for Old Bonds directly or the solicitation of tenders of r.
Mercary International Group plc and the issue of Ordinary Shares and "A" shares of an any weekay (Sanndays and public holidays excepted) up to 6 from: Mercary International Group plc, 33 King William Streier, London, EC2R 7AN.	Bonds shall be free of charge and stock exchange furnover tax. This Exchange Offer expires on 12th May, 1986. The folders of Old Bonds may accept the Exchange Offer through their respective depositary back or CSFB-Effectenbank AG. Frankfurt: am Main. (the "Exchange Agent"). Old Bonds tendered for exchange must be trans- ferred by Securities Transfer Order to Frankfurter Kassenverein AG, Frankfurt am Main, in favour of the Exchange Agent, no later than 20th May, 1986. On or before 27th May. 1986 (Effective Date of Ex- change), a temporary Global Bearer Bond will be issued for each. the 9 % / 7 % Bonds and the 7 ½ % /	ter Kassenverein AG, which will credit each deposi- tary bank, or its named depositary for the account of the beneficial owner, with its respective priocipal amount of New Bonds. The definitive bonds are expected to be delivered not later than 30th September, 1986. The Exchange Offer in respect of Old Bonds 1992 is conditional, inter alia, upon the valid tender to Air Canada of a minimum of DM 25,000,000 aggregate principal amount of such bonds. The Exchange Offer in respect of Old Bonds 1993 is conditional, inter alia, upon the valid tender to Air Canada of a minimum of DM 25,000,000 aggregate principal amount of such bonds. In case the Exchange Offer shall not become effective Old Bonds preseoted for exchange will im-	taining the full text of the Conditions of Issue and in- formation on Air Canada) and the Exchange Offer with Instructions (together the "Offering Material") may be obtained from CSFB-Effectenbank AG, Wertpapierverwaltung, Kaiserstraße 30, D-6000 Frankfurt am Main 1, Telephone (069) 2691-527 or (069) 2691-238. The Offering Meterial, the Dealer Agreement and the Letter of Tender are beiog sent to certain banks contacted by CSFB-Effectenbank AG as Exchange Agent, but mey also be obtained by any other deposi- tary bank at the address mentioned above.

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the oil exporting countries and doubled to \$250m the oil exporting countries all \$11bn in 1984. deteriorated during the last The Chinese

China was largely responsible showed an in

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11th April, 1986

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100.000 000	Preference Shares of £1 each	

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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

TECHNOLOGY

Jane Rippeteau on how companies are using digital networks to transform their internal communications

Tying together those far flung outposts of a business empire

RONALD BELL, manager of operate in the digital language telecommunications for The of the computer rather than in Imperial Group, the tobacco, brewing, leisure and foods combine, bas a problem. He can never tell on an up-to-date basis how much of which lagers or spirits patrons are consuming in his company's some 4,000 pubs around England.

Bell hopes some day to solve that problem with advanced telecommunications networks. Autometed cash registers, and perhaps even optical readars on beer pumps, would record sales on a personal computer (PC) placed on site for the pub manager. Overnight, while patrons slept, a headquarters computer would be instructed to call up each pub's PC, gather Its sales data, process it into reports, and forward it to the electronic "mailboxes" of regional sales managers.

links.

The information "could easily read by managers the next morning," says Beil. "And products running low could be automatically re-ordered. At the moment we bava very little control of what even goes on in a pub.'

Just about every company of size with dispersed business locations is worried these days about building the very sort of private telecommunications links now preoccupying Bell.

links now preoccupying Bell. At issue are multi-purpose data traffic is rising by 30 per connections carrying voice data and even video at once over tha same telephone lines. They works.

An important feature of digital networks is that voice the analog, or wave, form of con-ventionl telephone technology. and data traffic can be simultaneous. For instance two Droduct designers separated by a Such lines provide not only continent could talk on the telebetter quality and more capacity but because they are controlled by computer, they make possible phone while at the same time sending each other work on their computer-aided design terservices of immense value to

minals. Another feature helps businesses and other users. The companies with a variety of Imperial Group alone plans to different desktop computers that cannot communicate with spend £1.5m between now and January setting up what Bell calls "a fairly aignificant neteach other, because the network can be programmed to make such conversions eutomatically. work " of such end-to-end digital Similar manipulation brings Many companies — including most of the Fortune 100, and special telephone call capa-bilities such as automatic logsome 90 per cent of British ging of time, cost and the client that should he charged.

Telecom's top 200 business customers, according to industry watchers, already have networks Another feature, data compression, makes some lines using conventional technology. roomy enough for videoconfer ancing. The Royal Bank of They were set up to cut costs Scotland was among the first UK companies to introduce such for high-volume users, and carry mainly voice traffic.

in-house capability, which now is gaining popularity as a travel costs-cutter. "Most major But now, with data communications needs soaring, digital networks are in. "Most net-works are now hybrid," mixing banks are aither thinking about it or implementing it," says digital and analog equipment, says David Ogram, bead of Ogram of BT.

Despite the desirability of end-to-end digital communicanational accounts at British Telecom. But companies are "moving toward replacing those tions, not all companies are rushing to create such links. old analog networks with digital onca." In the UK alone, BT executives say, voice traffic in-Some may be discouraged by an already large investment in modems, the devices that convert digital data to analog form and vice versa. Also, depending on a company's location, it may run foul of regulations govern-ing supply of telecommunica-



services by telephone directly from the traditional operating companies. carriers.

One contentious point incompanies wanting to local telephone companies by setting up satellite links from the roof of one build-ing to that of another far away. Big corporate customers account for the largest share of income, and the phone operators are re-Inctant to let such Incrative business out of their grasp. Regulated monopolies in

Europe, called PTTs, can dis-allow bypassing. Most companies lease lines

volves

bypass

The world telephone network is already converting to digital transmission and switching, and many in the industry have been boping that this would even soon in a fashion standardised worldwide so that digital com-munication on a public network would be available to everyone —even residential users.

The concept, a subject of continuing debate in a world standards setting body, is called the integrated services digital network, or ISDN. But it is de-

veloping too slowly for multi- services in Unilsver's dual Rotnationals that need the caps, terdam and London head offices. billty now. "If you are based in So far, Unilever is the sole UK the UK, and have manufactur- customer of EDS-Net. ing in western Europe, you can't wail for (public authorities) to capacity lines leased from res-build" such a network, says pective domestic carriers-Peter Copping, of PA Com- Mercury and British Telecom in Peter Copping, of PA Com-puters and Telecommunications. Electronic Data System, the telecommunications and com-puter services subsidiary of General Motors, has stepped into this void, and is busily huilding a private international network called EDS-Net, to

in nand the network-building and services from a variety job to somebody else. "We do of suppliers, handles the job of what an internal telecommuni-cations manager would do if a sion speeds. Users signing on company had one," says John for the rida are thus freed Bubert; managing director of of such headaches. EDS's UK division.

bought EDS partly for this net-work building and management capability. EDS absorbed the carmaker's entire data processcarmaker's entire data process-ing staff, and now treats GM as a client. After its specacular US success, EDS is expanding into overseas markets, where it believes demand for inform-ation processing services among multinationals is growing 25 per cent faster than in the US.

Last year Unilever hired EDS to convert its existing analog private network to an all-digital one, capable of handling both computer and voice communi-cations. EDS gobbled up some 100 people running information

The network consists of highthe UK. A link to the US, from London to Auburn Hills, Michi-gan, is a satellite connection capable of transmitting 1.5m bits of data per second, and hooking into the North in capacity from 2m to 140m hits per second. BT sets these up only on demand. British

American portion of EDS-Net, according to EDS.

customers aervices on its EDS-Net is currently limited by some national regulations. But the national regulations. But the chits such as the sort needed example is spurring telephona for Bell's pubs would be of companies to compete with similar services. They are be giming, to see provision of vers, the rise of private digital ISDN-like digital capability as a way to keep themselves attrac-bilities is, proportionally tive to big business customers, more, pronounced, in the UK British Telecom is, tapping than in the US or Europe. The into the market by supplying a immetus is the availability of

into the market by supplying a growing number of high-capacity lines that it will make available to business users leveloping their own networks.

for 95 per cent of its potential private business customers will be in place by the middle of next year, says Ogram. So-called megastreams range

Petroleum is a recent customer. Technology Page

Electronic

Printing

Systems

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The leading suppliers

of laser printers.

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From next week the Technelogy Page will not be published on Mondays.

impetus is the availability of digital lines," from BT and Mercury, suggests BeH of the Imperial Group. Whatever the reason, lack of access to this A basic channel transmits data text-generating capability is at a rate of 64,000 bits every sure to frustrate companies as second, and BT is already the volume and sophistication setting up these "kilostreams" of their data transmission on a pre-provided basis. Lines needs increase.

tools syste

DIVING BELL



USE WATER DRESSURE WORTH WATCHING

NEL's initial target will be NAL'S initial orget will be a range of tools and power packs for use by divers down to 400 metres (1,300 feet). Dowly Hydraulic Units, Famer Fluid Power, Stinley Power Tools, Aqua Hydraulics, Comex Houlder Diving and Wharton Williams will co-operate and will be table for operate and will be able to use, manufacture or market resulting developments world-

resulting developments world-wide. The direct supply at elec-tricity (at any voltage) to equipment used by divers is ruled out on safety grounds. One solution has been to dirive hydraulic, pumps, electrically to supply all under pressure to work hand tools. But vis-cosity of the oil can produce unless big hoses are used, making working combertsome. In addition, a leak can pro-duce, serions loss of under-water visibility.

particles will have to be removed from the input water to the compressor, to keep wear of moving parts to a minimum. A system will be developed allowing quick changing of filter elements.

COMPUTER-AIDED design (CAD) for integrated cir-cuits is the subject of a 220m project inder the Esprit pra-grammie in which ICE of the UK, Siemeng in West Ger-many and Thomson of France will take part. Some 300 manyears of work spread over four years

be able to cope with the very dense - integrated chronits of

CD-ROM, which stands for "compact disk read only memory," a Philips Sata re-cording development, derived action of the second se Illinois.

Eni Group

Deep thinking. Top results.

The US company will mar-ket the Philips drive with a controller eard S. will make itself, to bring optical record-ing technology to the Apple 2e desk top microcomputer.

.....

THE ASIC, or application specific integrated circuit, takes a step forward with the t by Ferranti of announcement by retrain or "differential logic," which it describes as a "rulical approach to logic function design." (The ASIC provides

*** basic, partially pre-determined semiconductor * chip " structure which the user can arrange to suit his own electronic circuit needs cutting costs for small runs.) Based on advanced bipolar technology with components on the "chip" spaced by as little as six microns (millionitis of a metre); dif-ferential locie is whithed in ferential logic is claimed to

ferential logic is claimed to improve the processing speci-of the chip's circuity from two to four times and reduce power consumption. The technique involves steering electric current through pairs of transistors instead of single gates, result-ing in faster switching with less power. The first pro-ducts, the DS beries, work at 100 MHz and have 500 to 100 MHz and have 500 to 10,000 gates per chin. Fer-ranti Electronics is In Oldham, UK, on 061 624 0515.

PAPER DESIGNED to reflect faithfully the character of the original Domesday Book, for the production of a limited facimite edition, has been developed and made by Wig-gins Teape Fine Paper Mills Basingstoke, Hampshire: Since no commercial spe-cial pipers in existence match the appearance and qualities of natural vellum parthement, one had to be created. The "purpose-built" paper is dust and acid free and has an expected life of several hundred years Mare on 0256 20262.

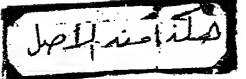
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THE FRAGCASTER. A COD tinuous casting system that converts molten from alloys into consistently sized pieces of solid material, has been sold by British Steel Corpet-tion to Finnfjerd Smeitweik of Nerway — the first sale of the machine

or the intenine. Developed by BSC's Teeside Laboratories, Fragenster pro-duces solidified slabs and breaks them into pieces of about equal size - an important requirement for the feedstock used in subsequent metal processes.

MICROCOMPUTER SALES Romee's UK market share figures in Monday's Tech-nology Page were for 1984, not 1885 as implied. The 1985 figures (Streentage of units sold) are: IBM 41; Apricot 15; Apple 7; Olivetti 7; Compag 4; others 26.



The why behind the who, what and when.

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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IORTH ATCHING

The Economist

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Your weekly view from London of World Affairs, Finance, Science.



MORGAN GUARANTY, tha large US bank, announced in February that it was merging its commercial and investment banking operations into a single corporate finance group controlled by Bob Engel, the bank's treasurer.

Not, perhaps, the stuff of bigh drama. But it caused a big stir in the banking world because it was the furthest any leading bank bas yet gone in adapting to the changes that are going on in the banking industry.

What Morgan was effectively saying was that commercial banking-taking in deposits and making them into loans in the important than investment because of what Sir Martin banking, the process of raising calls "local restrictions" funds for customers by underwriting and dealing in securities. Noteworthy was the fact that the new group is to be headed by a man whose stock trade is not loans hut financial markets.

Morgan's competitors all npplauded the move. But few of them will he ahle to match it hecause Mnrgan has always heen more of a large merchant hank, a route also followed hy Kleinwort Benson two years Bankers Trust. For most hanks, ago when he was vice-chairman the move into investment hank- of the merchant bank), which ing-dominated as it is hy the fast-moving securities houses of Wall Street. Tokyo and the Euromarkets—is a much more arduous, not to say nerve-racking. husiness. requiring hig changes in culture and atructure.

High costs, unfamiliar risks, regulatory hsrriers, lack of track record—these are the hurdles hanks must overcome if they are to deploy their natural advantages: vast capital resources, a wealth of husiness contacts, and an ability to offer a much wider range of services than securities houses. Three hanks—Citicorp in New York, Barclays in London, Sumitomo in Tokyo-typify the challenges facing management.

On the face of it, Barclays has a flying start. Of the world's three leading financial centres. London alone allows hanks freely to enter investment hanking. Barclays is buying a stuckhroker and a jobher which it will merge into its merchant hank to create Barclays de Zoete Wedd (BZW), an invest-ment bank with £250m in capital

"Our strategy is very simple," says Sir Martin Jacomb, the merchant banker ing hired by Barclays to be BZW's chairman. "It is based on the view that banking and securities operations will continue to come together. So the need for major commercial banks to float and distribute securitiea will continue to grow."

Financial conglomerates

Global wrestling match hots up

David Lascelles continues his series with a look at strategies for changing markets

In practice, though, Barclays lags much of its UK and US competition, partly because it bas been slow to shake off the traditional clearing bank mantality and perceive the growth of investment banking, partly the closed sbop of the London Stock Exchange which is only heing opened up this year. Barclays bas only ilmited

securities operations in New York and Tokyo (though it has the solld base of a \$16bn banking husiness in the US). But it may huy a primary governmer' hond dealer in New Ynry (something Sir Martin dld for would pitch it straight into the world's largest securities mar-ket. It is also close to applying for a securities licence in CITICORP, New York Tokyo.

"We have a great deal to do in New York and Tokyo and Hong Kong," Sir Martin con-cedes. "And in terms of importance there is no distinction between them. They are all critical. But in terms of priorities onr domestic market must

come first." Sumitomo, on the other hand, is barred hy Japanese bank regulation from most securitiea markets except, through apecial dispensation, the Euro-marketa and the Japanese government bond market. This is a source of enormous frustra-tion, and has created an absurd situation where Sumitomo is supposed to hring people over from its London subsidisry to

But Sumitomo is determined to move into investment bank-"wherever we can," according to Ichiya Kumagai, ness. This was one of the most bead of the international bank-ing group, and it has set itself it was undertaken both to the goal of becoming Japsn's expand Sumitomo's range and first all-round financial con- give it a closer insight into the the goal of becoming Japsn's glomerate. Tokuyuki Ono, manager of the hank's New capital markets.

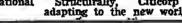


Assets: \$174bn Shareholders' equity: \$7.8bn Offices in 93 countries

The world's largest banking organisa-tion aims to be " all things to all people " in the financial services industry. Is a primary dealer in the US, UK and Jepeness government accurties merksts, and a member of the New York, London and Tokyo stock exchanges.

York branch, expects this will take some time. "The harriers are high, and the distances far. " Sumitomo and other Japanese Tokyo to solicit securities banks achieving the same husiness from Japanese com- dominance over world markets panies. Executives also com- as their industrial hrethren is plain that this harrier has an intriguing question. prevented them developing a good swap and investment management business. Sumitomo strengthened its international presence with tha acquisition two years ago of a

controlling interest in Banca del Gottardo, a leading Swiss bank in the underwriting and investment management busiback." This puts Citi (and Morgan Guaranty, too, for that matter) behind the Wall Street workings of the international



toranch, expects this will Citicorp, with characteristic merging its investment banking some time. "The harriers force, has tackled similar regu-high, and the distances latory obstacles with some ing that since they both deal 'Whether this will prevent success and established what is in the capital markets they tomo and other Japanese — on paper at least — one of belong together. This move the most impressive worldwide which has been done by othar securities operations to have US banks too-had the approval emerged so far: government of John Reed, Cliticorp's new bond dealershipa and stock ex-chairman who came up on the change acats in London, New retail banking side and could York and Tokyo. However, Citi- --- some people feared --- have some people feared - have said no.

Citicorp Investment Bank, as the group is now called, earned mearly balf Citicorp's \$998m profits last year, which might seem a powerful justification

CHIYA KUMAGAL

Shareholders' equity: yen635bn (\$2.5bn)

Offices in 29 countries

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

EDITED BY CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

take someone from another bank because we have doubts about why they left."

Sumitomo's relatively later arrival on the international scene could be an advantage. It is not saddled with a sprawling global branch structure that other banks built up in the glory days of international banking. Instead it can concentrate on the most attractive new markets, probably the US and the Far East, according to Kumagai.

what Citi is trying to do, it has added to the bank's notorious Citicorp' and Barclays intend Citicorp and Barclays intend to draw on their geographical reach to bring corporate cus-tomers to the big central capital markets and then distribute their securities to the widest gamut of investors. "We may not be mimber one everywhere. But we're strong in an awful lot of markets," says John Phillips, who is responsible for marketing Cithcorp Investment internal strife; people's careers have been disrupted, senior officers are leaving, and the commercial bankers are jealous of the investment bankers' six figure bonuses. Expertise on the investment banking side is also thin, so more outsiders will have to be brought in though whether this will cause Cit to whether this will cause Chi to stumble is doubtful. A former. Phillips, who is responsione to Cithanker, now on Wall Street, marketing Citicorp Investment comments: "They have an un-banking products round the rostched ability to shoot them-world. "Clients want broad relves in the foot and atill win. hased distribution."

Te achieve their goals, all these banks have had to accept that the costs will be huge. Sumitomo is spending \$300m installing a new international computer network which will come into service next year. Citicory spent \$50m on invest-ment hanking technology last year, with another \$60m bud-geted for this year. Barciays is creating a 600-position deal-ing room for BZW in London and is about to upgrade its facilities in New York (where it has completed its own. 36-storey building), and Tekyo. the race. It's probably because every year they try to hire the very best people they can find." Barclays will not try to andle up its investment banking side as tightly as Citicorp. BZW will act as a separate. divisinn of the bank," says Peter Leslie, the group chief executive. "But there will be close co-operation, with each handling some aspects of our capital In many respects, though,

BZW will be quite distinct. It is housed a couple of blocks Will it all yield good returns? Our increased concentration away from Barclays' Lombard "Our increased concentration on these markets will make them more perfect, will reduce the spreads. That's certainly true. But we can't take the view that we'll spoil the party if we go in," says Huber of Citicorp, whose dependence on invest-ment banking profits will prob-ably he the greatest of the three Street headquarters in a new building by the Thames. The cultural differences have been sharpened by the performancerelated salaries offered to BZW staff and Barclays' refusal to recognize a trade union thereall very much in City rather. ably be the greatest of the three than clearing bank spirit. in the foreseeable future.

Sumitomo admits that aggres-Even so, these changes point sive pricing has been its main in the general direction in weapon in the past, and that it may have to concentrate more which Leslie is trying to steer Barclays. "The hierarchical bank is a thing of the past. on quality of service to boost its returns, especially if, as seems likely, bank capital requirements for Japanese banks are raised by the Tokyo Each year we part company with people whom wa feel are not performing as well as they authorities. "In the past we were mainly concerned with size. We must now be more concerned with profits," says One. Culture is quite a different matter at Sumitomo. The strong institutional cohesion of Japanese banks will probably spare it Citicorp-type strains. But even in Tokyo, the bank-Ono.

abstracts Management implications of ferible manufacturing. D. K. Macbeth in International Journal of Operations and Production Management (UK), Vol 5 No 1 (6 pages) Discusses the evolution of flexible manufacturing systems which meet the desired competi-

fexible manufacturing systems which meet the desired competi-tive criteria for customer service, price and delivery. Argues that it is essential for companies to install FMS in order to survive and that a strategy (of up to 10 years) is required for full integration. Concludes that top management must become involved in, and take, these strategic decisions rather than abrogate responsi-bility for them to lower levels.

Management

rather than abrogate responsi-bility for them to lower levels. The wit and wisdom of Japan-ese management. P. J. Buck-ley and H. Mirza in Manage-ment International Review (Fed. Rep. of Germany, Vol (Fed. Rep. of Germany), Vol 25 No 3 (161 pages). While accepting that Japan

has much to offer, urges caution. not least concerning the putative 'secrets' of Japanese-style uve secrets of Japanese-style management, supports the argu-ment by challenging assump-tions that Japan is more suc-cessful than the West, that success is attributable to Japan-ese-style management, and that Japanese management management Japanese unique; finds that Japanese unique; finds that Japanese management practices are trans-ferable, and outlines the costs end benefits of applying them. Managers or mannequins? M. Canniffe and K. Fitzgerald in Management (Ireland). (July 85 and Aug 85) (64 pages)

pages) Reports trade union negotia-

tors' views of the management opposite numbers. Many union officials have noticed a insten-ing of managerial attitudea recently, but their single biggest complaint is that they frequently find themselves dealing with managers who do not have an equivalent degree of authority and flexibility. Experience shows that the worst type of management negotiator is the one who plays the role of manager, but is little more than a messenger boy. A linked article explores management negotiators views of the bargaining process, with a brief example showing how Cadbury (in Ireland) conducts its annual pay discussions; concludes that good negotiation

is about careful preparation and knowing your opponents' strengths and weaknesses. These abstracts are condensed from the abstracting inurnals published by Anbar Managepublished by Anbar Manage-ment Publications, Licensed copies of the original articles may be obtained at a cost of 54 each (including VAT and p and p; cash with order) from Anbar, PO Box 23, Weinbley HAS SDJ.

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'Abingdon is Oxford's science park'. Oxford University's influeoce becomes ever more apparent as



should."

markets activities."

SUMITOMO, Tokyo 1985 profits; £449m (\$650m) 1985 profit: yen77bn (\$308m) Assets: £65.2bn (\$94.5bn) Assets: yen 31,000bn (\$124bn)

Assets: Assets Offices In more than 80 countries The UK's 2nd largest bank, and 12th in the world, wants to create "a laad-ing international scurities operation." Is a primary dealar in the UK and Tokyo government secarities markets, and intends to become a UB primary dealar as wall. Belongs to the London Stock Exchange, and is seeking a socarities licence in Jepsn.

Japan's 2nd largest bank, and 6th lo the world, aims "to accommodate, every financial need." Is a member of the Japanese acventment bond syndicate, and has a Euromarkets sub., sidiary in London, but asys that it is prevented from engaging more fully in securities treding by Japanese banking law.

NOTE: All profits are post tax, Figures for Citicorp and Barolays are year ending December 31 1985, for Sumitomo, year anding March 31 1985.

corp still cannot issue securities for corporate cilents in the US a handicap which Richard Huher, the group executive in charge of investment banking, says, is "like trying to fight with one hand tied behind your

becomes ever more apparent as new commercial applications result from its research and new companies are created. Standard Life at their Abing-don Business Park—just six miles down the A34 from the Oxford City ring road—have noied the growing impetus of hi-tech companies seeking space. The sparkling new units of Pbase II of their develop-ment are now all let. Phase III, consisting of 16 new units is now ready. Karen Hammond — Standard Life's sales executive at the no-site sales office — says: "Most

Life's sales executive at the nn-site sales office — says: "Most enquiries are from science-based companies, particularly those associated with medical research and care. Thia is very encouraging, as it is precisely this kied of company that Standard Life are seeking to attract to the Park. It has been with them in mind that so much attention has been placed on

with them in mind that so much attention has been placed mn landscaping and creating a pleasant working environment conducive tn attracting highly skilled personnel." One newcomer to Ablagdon Park is Magner Scientific, who moved there in 1985. They are typical of iodustries conceived In the University. Early wark on NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonancing) was carried nut at Oxford. This scanning method is in urgent demand in hospitals all over the world, particularly in the USA. Magner, formed naly three years ago, are now specialists

Magner, formed mily three years ago, are now specialists in the design and manufacture of the highly apecialised magnets—some huge—for the medical industry, and mher specially designed systems for research laboratorica and physics departments.

Hi-tech

personality

Dr David Rayner, managing director of Magnex, feels that director of Magnex, feels that Abingdon as a hnme for his company had advantages nver Oxford City. "For a start we are outside the nightmare of Oxford City traffic jams! This has the advantage of getting visitors here quickly from Heathrow. Also, most of our exports go by air — and from Loodon. "With the University just un

Loodon. "With the University just up the road and being so near other research establishments we can keep the essential con-tacts easily. And, nf course, the area as a whole has a wealth of high-quality technical labour, Tbls has just the right hi-tech infrastructure for supplies of components and services. "We chose Abingdon because the units are modern and pro-

the units are modern and pro-vlde the aemi 'clean air' condition necessary for high precision engineering," azys Dr Rayner. "We have a high pro-portion of good-quality office accommodation—and the huilding gives us the hi-tech per-sonslity that our overseas customers would expect of a from Europe, US and Japan ".



A new ethic for your work environment

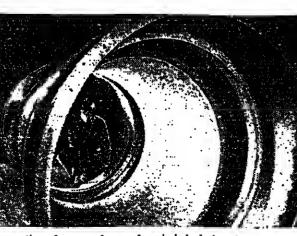
Windrush Court, currently under construction at Abingdon Business Park, will be available fur occupation in June 1986. Offering 50,000 sq. ft. nf accommodation on two storeys, with a fully landscaped central atriam, it can be used entirely as offices or as n hi-tech research and development facility.

A rare

company like ours. What ja more, we are a fast-growing company and there is plenty of space in the future phases of development of the Park we can earmark for our expansion without having to move." without having to move." Near neighbours in the Park, POOds, Near neighbours in the Park, Meta Machines, are advanced robotics manufacturers who bave blossomed. They have already doubled their original space and anticipate further expansion at Ahingdon.

Their managing director Peter Davey also stated the npor-tunity for growth as an impor-tant reason far moving inta a new Park such as Ablagdon.

technology Another recent arrival Through he reckons the Oxford City traffic prohlem may not Abingdnn Business Park Abtech '84. This company



Inspection of magnet farmer for wonle-body imaging. Magner MD says, " We are particularly bappy with our unit at Abingdon, which has helped impress our overseas customers

make it quite so easy to main-tain close liaison with the and modelling handles pro-University Engineering and cesses from design concept up Science Department, the advanto prototype. Their clients are international

tages of heing on the periphery are compensating factors in movement of visitors and motor companies, and the fast access to Heathrow and London access to heathrow and London are essential location require-ments. Ahtech '54 have fitted-mat a large unit of Phase II at Abingdon with extensive drawing offices and floor lay-outs, doubling the area occu-pied when they first moved in 1984. goods. Mota Machines are at present developing a new unit — an assembly and packaging product fur Adept USA. Meta Provides the software and will market the systems over here.

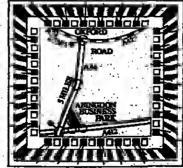
So, while the science park project for Oxford City may be some years away, at Abingdon e fifty-acre site is emerging at which tenants are finding the dual benefits of ease in keeping in touch with University insti-tutions and a more spacious and convenient atmosphere for commercial production.

Perhaps Standard Life'a Kareo Hammud is right when she says: "At Abingdon we think of ourselves as Oxford'a science park."

For further details, contact Standard Life Property

Sales Office. Abingdon Business Park, Marcham Road, Abingdon, Oxon 0X14 1AU. Telephone: (0235) 32732 For information about Standard Life's other developments in Britain, please ring the Siandard Life Propertyline: 0800 833383 LinkLine - straight through for free.

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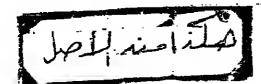
Here there is space and landscaping with superb new accommodation available and building-including a 40,000 sq. ft office complex. What's more we'll design, finance and build for your specific needs.

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Standard Life Property Sales Office, Abingdon Business Park, Marcham Rd, Abingdon, Oxon ox141AU Jons Letting Agenes: Phoenix Beard, Telephone: 01-323 4681. Hillier Parker. Telephone: 01-629 7666



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THE PROPERTY MARKET BY WILLIAM COCHRANE

THE WORKPLACE REVOLUTION

Renting for prestige.

office tenants move out of one building, and into another. drive to work. Angus McIntosh, head of re-search at Healey & Baker, puts this factor ahead of others like ket was thet 5 communications, proximity to market and working environ-ment-and well ahead of fiscal/ legal considerations like leese expiry and rent. says Mr McIntosh.

But there are significant variations. In e survey of over 200 respondents which anchors hook from H & B entitled "The Workplace Revolu-tion."* image/prestige of address attracted 46 per cent of tenants for branch regional offices of companies, but only 6 per cent in the administration hack room category.

H & B wanted to find out, for the first time on a national basis, what tenants wanted as consumers in terms of both office location and design in the mid-1980s. It acknowledges that much has been done specifically on the City of London—archi-tect/researcher Frank Duffy of the DEGW partnership is featured accordingly, elsewhere in the book.

It concludes that a huilding's functional abilities, in terms of its structure, shape and flexi-hility, are hy far its most im-portant design quality. H & B also say that car parking is reducing the number of stock-ing points from over 50 to two, important than it has more ever been; and that an average figure of 7.84 employees per car will provide excellent posi-

GETTING a better image for space is a major problem when that the designers of office the organisation is the single some employers calculate that buildings are failing to provida most important reason why over 70 per cent of their staff a relieble product." either drive, or would like to It came as a surprise to the

firm thet very few tenants knew how much their building costs to occupy. While the majority were able to state the rent." "The most revealing figure for the future of the office market was thet 59 per cent ad-mitted that they had no room in says Mr McIntosh, very few had calculeted how much it cost to their present building for future expansion, regardless of the repair, maintain and insure." building's ability to be flexible." "Most also had no idea of the

"Most also had no idea of the extent of the rates hill," he ob-served, "and only 18 per cent claimed that the level of rates influonced their decision to H and B discern a certain dissatisfaction among many satisfaction among many tenants with the overall inter-nal services and amenities of their buildings. On features like internal environmenrent their particular huilding." *Price £22.50 from Healey and Baker (reference APSM), 29 tal control, the firm itself goes St George Street, Hanover further: "Our survey found Sqnare, London W1A 3BG.

PERHAPS the most forceful outside contribution to the hook comes from Len Payne, a main director at supermarket group J. Sainsbury, who highlights the revolution in warehousing to "The site size is likely to be

revolution in warehousing to dramatic effect. "Information technology has been the catalyst which has enabled consolidation 15 acres, providing access to parking spaces for tha largest vehicles which are operated," says Mr Payne. "There will also of stocking points throughout the country, improving service levels at reduced cost, "he says. "Many companies have been he a requirement for parking for cars of the staff who actually

for cars of the staff who actually service the depot." "The days of small ware-houses with a high stock are undoubtedly numhered," he says. "High transport costs, dispersal and poor service for customers will be nails in its coffin." or three." The optimum shed, he says, will be motorway-oriented. " the northern half of the M25

motorway and fronting the A41 at Elstree. Last summer T & C went in for the 90-acre Bricket Wood site a little further north at the MI-M25 intersection, an island site known as tho "Golden Triangle." It was green belt, zoned for agricultural use and, said T & C, bad had its practical agricultural usesibilities much

agricultural possibilities much curtailed by being cut off by the motorway development. But the developer encountered a recalcitrant local authority in the St Albans City and District Council. T & C deputy chair-man, Ron Jennings, says that the company has recently lodged a planning appeal to keep momentum going on this

keep momentum going on this scheme, which takes in a low-density shopping (500,000 sq ft) and leisure centre.

and leisure centre. Now T & C is back on tha motorway at Elstree with, coin-cidentally: an island site, split off by motorway development; green belt and zoned for agri-cultural use; it is, says T & C and P & O director Basil Win-ham, a piece of land which the owner, Lord Aldenham, had found increasing difficulty in trying to farm.

The county authority is the development same, in Hertfordshire; and has various although the district anthority, the wind, Hertsmere, is different, it could plans at L probably be expected to take a elsewhere.

Another M1 island for Town and City

TOWN & CITY, part of Sir theoretically similar position on Jeffrey Sterling's P & O Group, green belt, agriculturally zoned is at large on the Mi again, land, with e high tech plan for a However Robin German, agent 13-acre site overlooking the for T & C on the acquisition of

an option over the site from the Aldenham Estate, thinks that a way will be found. Mr German, independent since January 1 of his family firm, John German at Asbby de la Zouche, found the site for T & C and is known for his connections, with the successful Meridien business park outside Leicester. He says that the site has

been troubled with dumping that, indeed, it faces a dump which has grown up over the years on the other side of the M1 — and the local authority might be persuaded to avoid an-other given a high tech/light industrial development with generous landscaping, parking for up to 500 cars and, most important of all, a local user to conjung it

occupy it. Mr Winham is looking to put between 80,000 and 100,000 sq ft on the site at an all up cost of hetween £55 and £60 a foot -£4.4m to £6m in toto. It could rent for £8.50 a foot, suggesting an investment value either side of £10m, Savills acted for the Alden-

ham Estate and join Robin German as joint agents for the development. Robin German has various other straws in the wind, including retail park plans at Leicester, Stafford and

people.

Ice rink for East Kilbride

- -

"IF someone wants to finance a \$200m building, we don't want people to say that we are only agents, that we cun't 'de it' any more." Noel Taylor, a consultant to Jones Lang Wootten, explained yesterday why his firm has taken out a licence to deal in Securities. RON GAMMIE, senior partner of Donaldsons, came back from his last shopping centre trip to the US with certain reservations about the type and economic scale of the leisure facilities which are so commonly asso-ciated with retail development

plans these days. Laken out a licence Io geat m securities. JLW's financial services unit has joined the National Association of Securities Dealers and Investment Managers, and has taken out the licence; it will not now be able to deal in property, the province of the parent partnership. With the new £25m Olympia development at East Kilbride-heralded as the most exciting town centre shopping and leisure development ever under-taken in the UK-where Donaldsons are project co-ordi-nators and letting agents--Mr Gammie points out that the ice rink incorporated in the scheme The unit new has the abdity to compete with the City of London's new mega corporations, all of which Seem busy exploring the securitisation of investment is to be subsidised by the East Kilbride Development Corpora-

tion. Other ieisure elements in the Other leisure elements in the centre, which takes in 153,000 sq ft of new retailing space. include an eight screen multi-plex cinema, lihrary, snooker club, fast food court and hars. Ravenseft Properties, the re-tail development subsidiary of Land Securities, signed the funding asymetry with the securitisation of investment preperty. "It's not us who are changing, it's the market" said Mr Taylor. "We are up amoug the leaders and that is where we intend to stay." funding agreement with tha Development Corporation in

Stay." • Vehicles for the securitisa-tion, unitisation, syndication of investment property are still whizzing round the mar-ket like so many empty fair-ground vehicles. Latest mooted are an LET combina-tion with Salomon Brothers on a deep discount bond operation and Richard Ellis joining with County Bank. Development Corporation in London yesterday. The Olympia is the fourth and final phase of East Kilbride Town Centre. It will create a climatically controlled environ-ment, and will be linked with the successful covered Plaza Centre and Plaza Centre and Princes Mall. joining with County Bank, similarly favouring the debt route. A property to ride on

The eight screen cinema will nodate a total of 1,900 JLW unit takes a licence to deal

one of these vehicles is most

one of these vehicles is most eagerly awaited. Healey & Baker and Storey Sons & Parker claim the sale of what is thought to be the largest single indus-trial property currently on the market in the UK. Acting for Caterpillar Tractor and asking £3m, they have sold 750,000 sq ft on 50 acres at Birller, just out of Newcastle upon Tyne to Tyne & Wear County Council — which is believed to have paid just believed to have paid just over £2m for it on behalf of Komaisu, the Japanese construction equipment manufacturer.

facturer. Much smaller, close to London's M25 orbital motor-way, industrial sites come much more expensive. Danny Desmond's Bride Hall Group paid Turner & Newaii £1.4m for the series on the ML at for two acres on the M1 at

singhall Street, this week-

end. • Capital and Counties is developing 100 ft deep space in a 112,000 sq ft high tech development on six acres at Basingstoke. L. S. Vall intro-duced the site.



Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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			THE AMERICAN REA	LESTATE & INVESTMENT SHOW	Statistical Services Limited end copies may be obtained during	I clared a payment of DIVIDENO of Yen
	Rotall Waresou	a Development	NEW YORK NEW YORK NEW YORK NEW YOR	K. NEW YORK NEW YORK MEW YORK NEW	dsual business hours, up to and including 12th April, 1986 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stoch Exchange and,	6.25 per share for the six months period andra 31st Decembar 1985, Holders of EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS TO BEARER ISMARE EDR's)
<u>.</u>		D Acres			up to and including 24th April, 1986 from:	
	Adjoining major	arterial routes	A DESIGNATION OF THE REAL OF T	KODIK	N.M.C. INVESTMENTS P.L.C.	the shares represented by their share EDR's should present coupon No. 49 at the office of HILL SAMUEL & CO. LIMITED, 45 BEECH STREET. LONDON EC2P 21.X, where listing
	All replies in stri	ct cosndence te:		YORK	25/35 City Road	NO. 49 at the office of HILL SAMUEL & CO. LIMITED, 45 BEECH STREET.
	- muson	VARIANC	MID TOWN M		Longen ECIY IBQ	LONDON EC2P 2LX, where listing forms are available, or BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A LUXEMBOURG.
	EDWARDS	TMINUND	1,500 sq.f		10th April, 1986	II 2 BOULEVARD ROYAL LUXEM-
	S PAR		Overlooking St. Patri Boardroom, fully fun	icks and 5th Avenue		BOURG. Payment in starting will be made at the rate of exchange ruling one day after
	56/62 Wilton Road, London	SWIV 1DH Tel: 01834 8454				rate of exchange ruling one day after presentation.
	LONDON MANCHENTE	ER LIVERPOOL BRINTON	0101 212 765-1540 or Lon	don Nick Renny 01-499 0404		Presentation. Holders of BEARER DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (SHARE BDR's) wishing to
			CHESTI	ERTONS	Tropy way Spectral Cooling Dans	shares represented by their share
	Bothwell Roa	ad Hamilton	CIIISI,	ERTONS	FIDELITY SPECIAL GROWTH FUND	RECEIPTS (STORTE BOTS) waining to claim this dividend in respect of the shares represented by their sharn BDR's should present Coupon No. 76 at the office of HiLL SAMUEL & CO. LIMITED 45 BEECH STREET, LONDON EC2P 2LX, where listing
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1	110,000 sq			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Luxembourg, 37, rue Notre-Dame R.C. Luxembourg No, B20095	forms are available or: Algemene Bank The Ruji Bank Ltd Nøderland NV immermannstrasse 3
	Single storey factory prei	mises. Prominent location	EXOTIC TREASURES	FOR SALE	Dividend Notice	32 Vizeistraat 4 Dusseldorf Amsterdam Kredietbank SA
	close to motorway junction	1. Includes two storey office	FROM	PRIME MANHATTAN	The shareholders are informed that a dividend of US\$ 0.09 per	Amsterdam Kredietbank SA Citibank NA Luxembourgepice 111 Wall Street 43 Boulevard Royal
	block and yard. All servi	ices. Flexible lease terms.	SOTHEBY'S INTERNATIONAL	WEST 70s	The shareholders are informed that a dividend of US\$ 0.09 per share has been declared payable on or after April 11, 1986 to shareholders of record on April 1, 1986, against surrender of coupon No. 1.	New York Luxembourg
•	Contact: JAMES	S BARR & SON, Street, Glasgow.	REALTY	Newly Renovated		Societe General 29 Boulevard Haussmann, 75 Paris 9. Payment will be made in US Dollars et
- b		248 3221	SPANISH ISLAND	130-apartment Residential Hotel	Paying Agent: Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise 43, boulevard Royal	[[the rate of exchange ruling ona day []
			RETREAT	Kitchen and Beth in every sportment \$2.2m prejected Gross income Mast be sold - Pertners dispute	Luxenbourg	after presentation. Japanese Withholding Tax at the rate
	10% COMMISSION of the purchase price	STY FRINGE, Scrutton Street, EC2. 8,500 sq. ft. attractive office beliding including	Marble floors, Breblaces, Wina cellar	\$16,750,000 - Cash and Terms		Jepanese Withholding Tax at the rate of 20% will be deducted from the proceeds of the divident, except in the case of holders resident in the following
	10% COMMISSION of the surchase price paid for information leading to the successful introduction and accuration of any commercial properties of Deriod offices within a 20% of the radius of London. SMC Estrates. 01-551 7171.	own ample private parking. Offers Invited for freehold airca £780,000 for	POLLENCA, MALLORCA, SPAIN Marbie Boors, Brebisce, wina cellsr and cristom bell-in furniture are a tew of the fastures m this eventitic ville, set on 24 acresment contains wins, pool and performance processes how the set of the set of the second set of the set of the set of the second set of the set of the set of the second set of the set of the set of the second set of the set of the set of the second set of the se	For information contact: Mr M. Ziw		Arab Republic of Malantia
:	offices within a 30 miles radies of London, SMC ESTATES, 01-551 7171.	oaick sale. Tel; 0753 884702.	Brochare No. LFTE-109 (Jurnished)	Mr M. Ziv Mr M. Ziv April 10-20 at Hotel Excelsion Zurich - Phone: 252-2500 After April 20 in New York	PETROLEOS MEXICANOS	Egypt The Nederlands
			15th-CENTURY ESTATE	After April 20 in New York at 212-307-5656	\$125,000,000	E Reichum Nonety
	Investments Wanled	Transformation From Calle	GERONA, COSTA BRAVA. SPAIN	/	Floating Rate Notes 1991 for Siz Months	j Finland Sweden j
		Investments For Sale	GERONA, COTA BRAVA. SPAIN This remarkable exampla of estry Savits architectum datas heck to 1467, yet offers every modern con- venierce. Set on 4.3 4 acres, this besustfully reported relations this 21 room built arrowated relations to the brokenee to be and the set of the brokenee to be a set of the set of the brokenee to be a set of the set of the brokenee to be a set of the set of the brokenee to be a set of the set of the brokenee to be a set of the set of the set of the set of the set of the set of the brokenee to be a set of the		In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notes is hereby given that the rato of Interest has been fixed at 71% per ennum	
:	WANTED	ORPINGTON HIGH ST. Office/shoe Inputst-	venience. Set on 4.9 + acres, this beautifully renovated residence boasts	FOR SALE	11 Internet southing October 14th 1996 eminer Colloop No. 11 Wil	il II Korea West Germany II
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	INVESTMENTS	PALMERS GREEN, NIZ-Ind. Estate pro- ducing £64,000 n.a., Full details: Bernetz Baker, 01-486 9441.	DELIGHTFUL ISLAND			Winnolding Tax at the reduced rate of 18%, residents of the above countries must turnish a declaration of residence as required by the Jayanese Ministry of Finance. The declaration in respect of holders resident in the United Konstion is incorporated in the listing
	From £50,000 to £1m.		FARM ESTATE	kms from Madrid, five bedroom house, swimming pool, iS.000 m	PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	Finance. The declaration in respect of holders resident in the United
	Prefsrably South of the Wash,		Situated in over 3 niret 3 orrow Moorish-style residence in a Gerben Setting with pool. Sell-contsined 2-bedroom quest wing and second resi- dence with stall and succes resi- dation. Brochare No. LaTe 12 (partially turnished)	A beautifal 800 hacteres estate, 55 kms from Madrid, five bedroom house, swimming pool, IS.000 m game fencs, beay sccess, For information:	NOTICE IS HERESY GIVEN that the Personal	For residents of all other countries a
	Write or phone:	IBA Investments	setting with pool. Sell-contained	Telex 43.346 UXA E- SPAIN	NOTICE IS MERESY CIVEN that the Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed iron Wednesday 30th April Wednesday 14to May 1986, both chies inclusive, for the preparation of childred inclusive. By the preparation of childred wirtgest.	annual declaration must be fur.
	(0273 - 728666) 7 Hove Manor Parade,	100% BA MANCHETTER - \$190.000	dation. Brochare No. LFTE-112 (partially (umished)		inclusive, for the preparation of dividend whithing By Order of the Board sale. Tel: 01-530 7121.	separate other star store install. So to the senerical owner, the number and definitive numbers of EDR's/BDR's
	Hove Street, Hove BN3 20F.	10076 HA. MANCHEYTER - \$190.000 appstantial covenant, Kent \$15.020 p.t. Grimley & Son, 861-824 9187, W. H. Robitson, 051-228, §511.	CASA DEL SOL	[By Order of the Board K. J. MORRIS Company Secretary	held, and attesting that he is entitled to the S% fex Relief pursuant to the Tax Convention between Japan and the
			BENAJARAFE ALTO. MALAGA,	Art Galleries		country concerned.
	LOOKING		This magnificent villa with 180 degree views of the mountains and sea retaines s-begrooms, filed foors and bearined calification to costantiles-stilled with crystics and costantiles-stilled effective the sea of the seater of the charge inc. LETE-113			Republic of Korea will receive Bayment
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	MODE DD	ACITADIE	Chigon No. LETE-113.	London, WI. ROBERT ORGAN. New pelotings.		aubject to the provision of a declaration
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		VAHD	SALOBRENA, CONTA DEL SOL	·	Per line column c	and to couldn's presented for coverent
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	BUSINES		For more information planse contacts	Commercial Property	Commercial & Industrial Proporty 11.50 39.00 Residential Property 9.00 30.00	
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-	Northamptonshiro has everyth profitability - attractive green	field sites, low rates, a skilled	Telephonisi (212) 506-70701 Telephonisi (212) 506-70701	Appears	Appointments 12.00 21.00 Business, Investment Opportunities 11.50 39.00	Affidavit of Non-residence.
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	67 The Avenue, Cintonville, 1 Telephone: (060+) 37401/2. Tel	ex N.E.A. 311165 CHACOM	diverse use possionities, encompassing 18 acres of gardens and forest, set on a fill overlooking the okturestyse	For details of	Holidays & Travel 9.00 30.00 Contracts & Tenders 11.50 39.00	POUR L'AFRIQUE OCCIDENTALE
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Legal Notices

IN THE MATTER OF TROJANDROOK LIMITED ANO IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 NOTICE IS HERESY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, ere required, on or belere the 2nd day of May, 1996, to send in their full Christian and sarnames, their addressas and descriptions, tail garticalam of their dobts or clima, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors fil sny), to the undernigned David Swatden, FCA. of 46 Rodney Street, Liverpool Li SAA, the Lugudaror of the seld Company, and. If so required by notice in writing from the said Lipolastor, are, personally or by their Solicitore, to come in and greve their dabts or claime et sach time and glace as shell be apecified in azeth notice, or in dalaat thereof they will be axcladed from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved. Batad this Znd day of April, 1985, n. SWADEN, Liquidator.

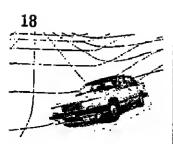
IN THE MATTER OF STEADFAST LIMITED AND IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

THE COMPANIES ACT 1995 NOTICE IS NEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntselly wound ao, are required, on or before the 4th day of May, 1996, to send to tapir latt Christian and sannames, their eddresses and descriptions. Full particulers of their debts or cleime, and the names and adereseas of their Solicitom (II christian and sandorsigned Michael Jaffery Issaca. FCA, of 3rd Floar, Peter Hoass. Oriond Street, Manchester Mi SAB, the Ligaldstor of the seld Com-gany, and. If ao mosired by notice in writing from the seid Liguidator. sre, personally or by their Solicitors, to come and preve their debts or claime at such time and place a shall be apecified in asch notica, or in defaalt thamoi they will be accladed irem the benefit of any distribution mede beform sach debts are preved. Dested this 4th day of Aoril 1986. MiCHAEL J. ISAACS, Liguidator.

Art Galleries

THACKERAY GALLERY, 18 Thackeray St., WS. 01-937 8563, JASON &RATBY-First one-man exhibition, Until 25 April, Clubs

EVE has outlined the others because of a Solicy of fair play and wake for money. This is a solicity of the solicity of the music lines. Of some outs the stream of the music lines. Of some outs the stream of the operations. I BS, Regent St., W1. 01-734 0857.



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Opera and Ballet

PARIS Maguy Marin company: May B in hon-our of Samuel Beckett's 80th birth-day. Centre Georges Pompidou, Grande Salle. Premier Sous-Sol (4278 7995). Sofia's National Opera and Choir pres-

eot Prokofiev's War and Peace alternately with Mussorgsky's Kho-vantchina (concert versioo). Theatre vantachina (concert versioo), i nearre des Champs Elysées (4723 4777), Groupe Emile Dubois dances Mam-mame as an expression of the intel-ligence and mystery of bodies st the Théâtre de la Ville (4274 2277). Salome, co-produced with the Zurich Opera, conducted by Kent Nagano with Edda Moser in the tile role ab

with Edda Moser in the title role, alternates with Maurice Bejart's Soi-rée at the Paris Opera (4266 5022).

LONDON

Royal Opera, Covent Garden: Concert performances of Semiramide and yet another revival of Barbiere di Siviglia, this one conducted by Al-Sivigila, inis one conducted by Al-berto Zedda and a cast led by Gino Quilico and Ann Murray, (240 1066), English National Opera, Coliseum: Li-onel Friend takes over Parsifal from Reginald Goodall, with luck the production might have acquired some dramatic point as the run has pro-gressed. Valerie Masterson still holds sway as The Merry Widow, while the acrobats arrive for The Bartered Bride, (836 3161).

NETHERLANDS

French) conducted by Gianhuigi Gel metti. Excellent cast includes Moo Amsterdam, Stadsschouwburg. The Netherlands Opera with the Italian section of the CIVIL warS by Philip meth. Excellent cast includes Moo-serrat Caballe (in the part of Sa-lome). Juan Pons as Herod, Agnes Baltsa and Jose Carreras. This is the first Rome performance and the first performance in Italy since 1919. (46 17 55). Milan: Teatro alla Scala: Three ballets by the Buscian Characaraba Glass and Robert Wilson, directed by Robert Wilson. The Netherland Philharmonic under Lucas Vis, and the Netherlands Chamber Choir conducted by Siebe Riedstra (Tuc). (24 23 11). by the Russian Choreographer, George Balanchine; Balletto Imperi-ale and Pas de Deux to music by Tchaikovsky, and The Prodigal Son to Prokofiev's music, (80 91 26). Trieste: Teatro Comunale Ginseppe Varti, Un Ballo in Maschara with cheveningen, Circus Theatre. The Nederlands Dans Theater with Jer-ome Robbins' Afternoon of a fam (Debussy), and Jiri Kylian's L'En-fant et les sortilèges (Ravel) and Overgrown path (Janacek). (Thur). (55 88 00). Trieste: Teatro Comunale Ginseppe Verdi: Un Ballo in Maschera with Adelaide Negri, Ambra Vespasiani and Carlo Cossutta (83 19 48).
 Parma: Testro Regio: Cavalleria Rusti-cana (with Elens Obraztsova and Nicola Martinucci) and 1 Pagliacci conducted by Algis Saraitis and di-rected by Giorgio Balledi. (795 679).
 Naples: Teatro San Carlo: Don Qui-chotte by Massenet conducted by Jan Pascal Tortelier and directed by Piero Faggioni (also responsible for terdam, Meervaart, Typhooo from the Krisztina de Chatel Dance Group (Thur), (10 73 93). WEST GERMANY Berlin, Deutsche Oper; Die Soldaten, produced by Hans Neuenfels. Doo Giovanni brings Cheryl Studer, Pi-lar Lorengar and Lenus Carlson to-gether. Katjs Kabanova has Kareo Piero Faggioni (also responsible for the scenery and costumes). In the cast are Ruggero Raimondi, Martha Senn, Muchel Trempont and Aldo Bramante, (41 82 66),

Armstrong in the title role. Elektra has fine interpretations by Heiga Dernesch, Ute Vinzing, Marita Nap-ier and Hans Beirer. (34:381). Hamburg, Staatsoper, Manon Lescaut stars Rosalind Plowright and Fran-co Ronisolli, Also My Fair Lady, 25 11-25 co nonison, Also my rair leavy, (35 11 51),
 Tranktort, Opera: Don Pasquale has Barbara Bonney and Bodo Schwan-beck. Der Rosenkavalier festures Metropolitan Opera (Opera House); The week features Parsifal conduct-ed by James Levine with Leonie Ry-sanek and Peter Hofmann; Don Carguest singer Aage Haugland, Barba-ra Bonney, Helena Doese and Adal-

bert Waller, Eugen Onegin has Benjamin Luxon in the title role. Or-

pheus in der Unterwelt rounds off the week. (25 621).

Arts Week F S Su M Tu W Th 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

Cologne, Opera: Tristan und Isolde with Spas Wenkoff, Waltraud Meier and Jeannine Altmeyer is an event of more than passing interest. Cosi fan tutte is a Jean Pierre-Ponnelle production. The Rake's Progress has Georgine Resick and Josef Pro-

ischka in the main parts (20 761). Munich, Bayerische Staatsoper, Fidel-io has Sabine Hass, Siegfried Jerus-alem and Kurt Moll. Der Filegande Holländer has Robert Schunk in the title role beside Astrid Varnay and Sabine Hass. Carmen, sung in French, is conducted by Guiseppe Patane. Also Elektra and Madame Butterfly. (21 851).

BRUSSELS

Theatre Boyale: The National Opera conducted by Sylvain Cambreling. La Finta Giardiniera by Mozart.

ITALY

NEW YORK

lo with Mara Zamplerl; Sir Peter

Hall's production of Carmen conducted by James Levine with Maria Ewing in the title role and Cather-

ine Malfitano as Micaela, Lincola Center (362 6000),

Music Rome: Teatro dell'Opera: A new production of Massenet's Herodiade (in

London Soloists Chamber Orchestr

London Soloisis Chamber Orchestra conducted by David Josefowitz with Mayumi Fujikawa, violin. Hor James, horn, and Julian Cawdry, flute. Mozart. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Moo). (928 3191). Arditti String Quartet with Miriam Bowen, soprano and Alberto Por-tugheis, piano. Ginastera and Dutil-leux. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Tue). London Symphony Orchestra conduct-ed by Michel Plasson with Barry Tuckwell, horn. Chabrier, Damage. Tuckwell, horn. Chabrier, Damase, Roussel and Berlioz, Royal Festival Hall (Wed). (928 3191). Chick Corea Elektrik Band: Ronnie Scott's, Frith Street (439 0747).

LONDON

BRUSSELS

Palais des Beaux Arts. Franz Liszt Chamber Orchestra – Bach, Men-deissohn, Bartok. (Tue). (512 50 45).

PARIS

Orchéstre Colonne conducted by Claude Baron, Gerard Poulet, violin: Prokofiev, Dutilleux, Brahms (Mon). Salle Pleyel (45610630). Brigitte Fassbearder recital (Mon). Théâtre de l'Athenée (4742 6727). Orchéstre National de France conduct-

THE ARTS

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Exhibitions

ITALY

Florence, Museo Nazionale del Bargel-lo: Homage to Donatello: to cele-brate the 6th centenary of his birth the 19 Donatellos the museum owns,

of which only six are of absolutely

certain attribution, have been grouped, with much documentation,

to give a new view of the artist. The exhibition includes his extraordi-

nary, languid bronze David. Ends May 30.

WEST GERMANY

Hanover, Sprengel Museum Kurt

Schwitzers Platz: Kurt Schwitzers (1887-1948). This comprehensive show, collected by the Museum of Modern Art, New York, includes as well works from his Hanover period (1993). There are 200

(1923). There are \$00 paintings, drawings assemblages, collages and sculptures. Ends Apr 20.

theatre. The 250 items cover cos-tumes and set designs. Ends Apr 27. Düsseldorf, Kunstverein Grabbeplatz 4: Josef Beuys water colours from n private collection. 250 paintings by the artist, who died in January, are shown for the first time. The exhibition covers the period from 1952-88. Ends May 25.

LONDON

The Tate Gallery: 40 Years of Modern Art is a huge, rambling and always fascinating display marking the re-tirement of Ronald Alley, Keeper of the Modern Collection for the last 20 years. He has chosen and arranged the show, drawing only on the Tate's stocks. Revival of critical interest in European work before 1960 has meant that the influence of the New York School is no longer the power it once seemed. The work oow take its place with its interna-tional peers. The Tate stands among the best of modern collections, and this show makes clear its unique character of generosity and open mindedness. Ends Apr 27.

PARIS

sculptures. Eads Apr 20. Stuttgart, Staatsgalerie, Konrad-Adenauer-Str. 30-32: German Art of the 20th century. This is the same exhibition as was shown at the Roy-al Academy in London last year. It is made up of 300 works from 1905-85 by 50 artists. Eads Apr 20. Hamburg, Museum für Kunst und Ge-werbe. Staintorplatz 1: Also to hon-our Kokoschka, this museum is showing his complete works for the Vienna 1880-1935: Centre Pompidou stages one of its vast exhibitions where different disciplines combine to bring to life a moment of history. Turn of the century Vienna, melting

Georges Pompidou, Grande Salle (4281 5875). Orchéstre de Paris conducted by Semyon Bychkov, Shlomo Mintz, violin: Beethoven, Bruch, Shostakovitch (Wed, Thur). Salle Pleyel (4561 9607).

ITALY Naples: Teatro San Carlo: American mezzo-soprano Shirley Verrett (Mon). (41 82 66). Rome: Anla Magna delle'Universita la Sapienza (Piazzale Aldo Moro 1). Musica Oggi orchestra, Luigi Dal-

lapiccola with the soprano Dorothy Dorow (Tue). (361 0051). Iome: Teatro Olimpico (Piazza Gen-tile da Fabriano): London Early Mu-sic Group. Henry Purcell And The Most Fam'd Italian Masters, con-ducted by James Tyler. (Wed). (Top and

iazione: Luciano Berio conducting Karl Stockhausen's Oberlippentanz for trumpet and orchestra, from the opera Samstag Aus Licht. Also Haydn and Berio's suite from his opera Un Re In Ascolto (Mon and Tue). (654 1044).

NETHERLANDS

nsterdam, Concertgebouw. The Netherlands Philharmonic conducted by Edo de Waart, with Karita Mathia, soprano, Webern, Mozart, Elgar (Mon, Tue), Recital Hall; Ra-phael Quartet with Vovka Ashken-Orchéstre National de France conduct-ed by Gary Bertini; Duparc, Berlioz, Stravinsky (Tue). Théàtre des Champs Elysées (4723 4777). Bach Recital on two pienos: Milletta's Alexander and Frank Daykin (Tue). Salle Gaveau (4563 2030). Schoenberg and Zemlinsky lieder – Elizabeth Laurence, miezzo, Daniel Cade, piano (Wed 6.39pm)--Centre

pot of nationalities and races, is the scene of a paradox. The mournful atmosphere of a fin de regne is lit-by an explosion of ideas and ar-tistic creativity with architects like Wagner, musicians like Mah-ler and Schoenberg, thinkers like Freud and painters like Klimt, Schiele, Kokschka and the Seces sion Movement. Some 2000 exhi-bits bear witness to Vienna's contribution to modernity. Beau-bourg-Centre Georges Pompidou. Closed Tue. Ends May 5.

(4277 1233). From Rembrandt to Vermeer. 60 chefs Tom Hembrand to Vermeer. of chers -d'oeuvres on loan from the Maurits-huis trace a panorame of 17th-century Dutch painting with Ver-meer's View of Delft with genre paintings, still lives and landscapes. Grand Palais. Ends June 30. (4261 5410).

The Phoenicians and the Mediterranean World. Sculptures, ivories, je-wellry and glass from Tyre, Sidon, Byblos, Maita, Thebes & Carthage. Société Générale de Banque. Ends May 6.

SPAIN

Madrid, "Max Ernst": A vast retrospec-tive of master of surrealism on show liten Museum: Liechtenstein the Princely Collection, one of the

janne Kweksiber, soprano, and Reinbert de Leeuw, piano, Mahler, Berg, Zemlinsky, Schoenberg, Wolf (Wed). (314544). otterdam, De Doelen, James Conlon conducting the Rotterdam Philhar monic, with Hanna Jaszyk, piano monic, with Hanna Jassyr, plano, Alfreda Hodgson, contralto, and Pe-ter Lindroos, tenor. Mozart, Mahler (Thur), (14 29 11). Maastricht, Staargebouw. Plano reci-tal by Imogen Cooper, Haydn, Schu-mann, Schubert (Tue). (21 33 00). 42nd Street (Majestic): An immodest

New York Philharmonic (Avery Fisher Hall): Christopher Hogwood con-ducting, Jeanne Baxtresser flute, Judith Leclair bassoon. All-Mozart

Judith Leclair bassoon. All-Mozart programme (Tue, Thur). Lincoin Center (874 2424). Merkin Hall (Goodman House): Le-onard Hindell bassoon recital. Han-del, Beethoven. Mendelssohn, Hindemith, Françaix (Mon): Calli-ope. Italian Renaissance band mu-sic with guest artists Julianne Baird soprano and Stanley Charkey Inte (Tue); Gervase de Peyer clarinet re-cital. Classical and English clarinet works (Wed): Music Soectrum, Boris

National Symphony (Concert. Hall): Jean-Pierre Rampal conducting, Jean-Yves Thibaudet piano. Honeg-ger, Liszt, Fauré, Beethoven (Thur). -Kennedy Genter (254 3776).

greatest private collections in Enfor the first time in Spain gathers rope, shows a variety of the hold. 125 works of his early Dada, frotings, like a French Rococo carriage, tages, collages and later stages; sur-realist works up to his death. On loan by the Moma, Centre Pompi-dou, Guggenheim and Menil centres firearms, sculpture and n hundred paintings, including 19 Rubens, five Van Dycks, and eight Franceschinis. Ends May 1. in Europe and the States, offers the fullest study we have yet had of the work of one of the most relevant art ists of this century. Fundacion March, Castello 77. Feb 28 to April National Gallery: The 150th anniver-sary of Winslow Homer's birth is commemorated in an exhibit of 100

. VIENNA

the masters of the Wiener Werk-statte - Hoffman, Moser and Czeschka - many on public view for the first time. Applied Arts Mu-seum, ends June 8.

NEW YORK

and overblown idea of thestricality, (239 6262).

LONDON

Lend Me A Tenor (Globe): Fresh and

perimentation in watercolours be-fore he attempted subjects in oils. West Building. Ends May 11. ellery from 1908-25: A selection from the Museum of Applied Arts' extensive Art Nouveau jewellery collection not usually on display. The museum began its collection in The museum began its collection in 1900. Ornamental combs by René Lalique, enamel and ivory pieces by Gaillard, and beautiful jewellery us-ing glass: and semi-precious stones by the Belgians Van de Valde and Philipp Wolfers. There are also pendants, lockets, brooches, neck-laces, belt buckles and rings from the meature of the Wiener Wark Art Institute: The 75th American Exhibition chronicles the current scene in American art represented by 20 artists including Jennifer Bartlett, Roger Brown, Frank Stella and Ed Paschke, Ends April 27.

TOKYO

and a state draw

WASHINGTON

watercolours of rustic scenes and rural life, which show Homer's ex-

CHICAGO

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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Noh Costumes and Kyogen Masks: 20 beautiful costumes from the Edo pe-riod (17th-19th century) and Kyogen masks from original 14th century era of consolidation of Noh into its present form. Okura Museum in front of Hotel Okura. Ends Apr 20, Cleard Mon Closed Mon.

with a strong line in scatological sa-tire and rude sketches, many of them reflecting British classroom

tyrannies. (379 5399) Blithe Spirit (Vandeville): Excellent re-vival of Noël Coward's smart com-edy about a novelist harassed by his second wife and haunted by his first. Pinter's Old Times owes n lot to this play, well directed by Peter Farago, acted without undue Cowwarago, acted without induce Cow-ardian reverence by Simon Cadeli, Joanna Lumley and the alabaster beautiful Jane Asher. (838 9987) When We Are Married (Whitehall): Matchless comic playing from an all star cast in Priestley's comic war-bouce about silver undding anal house about silver wedding anni-versaries undermined by an incon-

venient revelation. Bill Fraser is a drunken Falstaffian photographer and the couples are led by Timothy West and Prunella Scales. The 1930

 west and Printing Sches. In 1930
 theatre has been beautifully renovated. (930 7765).
 Café Paccini (Wyndham's): Puccini compilation show by Robin Ray that deterioates rapidly from a good ides

 writers singing hits back at the macetter purchase at a trating at the statistic purchase.

 maestro customer - to a routine pot-ted biography with trying new lyrics and uneven singing. (836 3028)

Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which the songs are used as audi-tions rather than emotions. (200 a 200). (530 Julia) 42nd Street (Drury Lane): No British equivalent has been found for New York's Jerry Orbach, but David Mer-rick's tap-dancing extravaganza has the potential of the songer and the been rapturously (836 9108).

CHICAGO

Happy Days (Goodman): The Good-man company celebrates Samuel Becket's 80th birthdsy with the playwright's bleak view of the world, interpreted by the Romani-an-born director, Andrei Belgrader. Ends May 11. (4433800) Ends May 11. (443 3800)

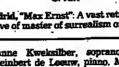
(393 304). ome: Auditorium in Via della Concil-

(Thur). 67th w. of Broadway (322 8719). auimann Hall: Tokyo Quartet. Pro-gramme to include Mozart (Tue, Wed). 1395 Lexington Av (831 8603).

WASHINGTON

ries on regardless. (437 1592) Rowan, Atkinson. (Shaftesbury): New., revue starring rubber-limbed clown

NEW YORK



BRUSSELS

27. 3

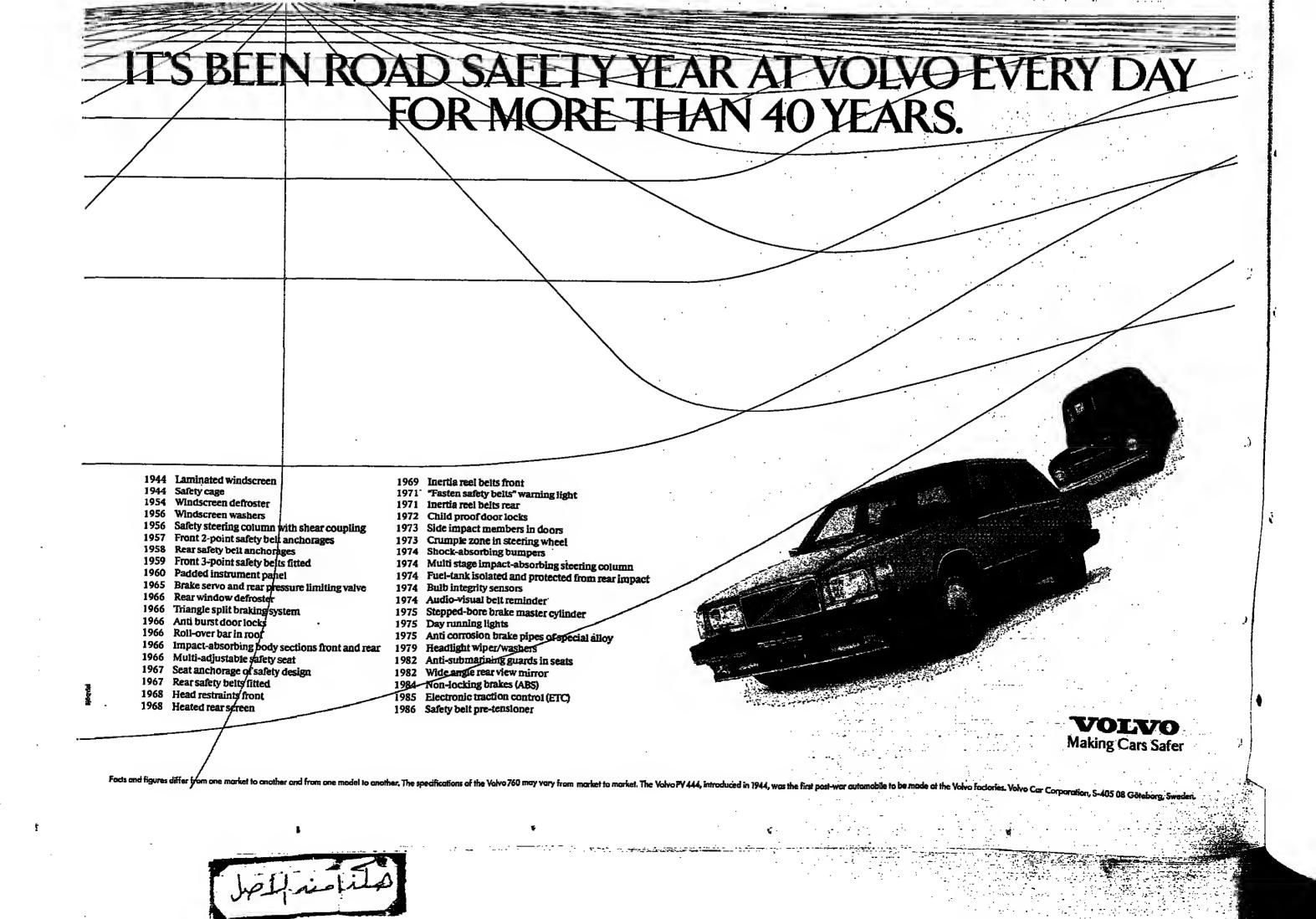
Theatre NEW YORK Cats (Winter Garden): Still a sellout Trevor Num's production of T. S. Eliot's children's poetry set to tren-dy music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid

celebration of the heyday of Broad-way in the '30s incorporates gens way in the '30s incorporates gens from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropri-ately brash and leggy boofing by a large chorus line. (977 9020). Brighton Beach Memoirs (48th St): The first instalment of Neil Simon's mix of memories and jokes focuses on a Decempricate legish boutses

mix of memories and jokes focuses on n Depression-era Jewish house-hold where young Eugene falls swit-wardly in love with his cousin. (2211211). A Chorus Line (Shnbert): The longest-running musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also undated the musical

works (Wed); Music Spectrum. Boris Berman music director and piano. Duparc, Franc Boulez, Debussy (Thur), 67th w. of Broadway

American nutbor (Globe): Fresh and inventive operatic farce by new American nutbor Ken Ludovig set in Cleveland, Ohio in 1934. Dennis Lawson and Jan Francis lead an en-ergetic company in mistaken klen-tity romp, while Verd's Otello car-ties on recordiace (427.150).



1. 1. 5. 64

THE ARTS

Triumph of substance over show

Cinema/Nigel Andrews

A Room With a View directed by James lvory

Heartbreakers directed by Bobby

Last Night at the Alamo directed by Eagle Pennell

A

14 J.

Fright Night directed by Tom Hol-

A Room With A View is another of those E. M. Forster novels, like A Passage To India, where an English heroine finds that an experience in a foreign country reaches parts of her soul that life in the Honie Coun-ties cannot ties cannot.

This time it is not atavistic India but life-affirming, sensual liaiy. Lucy Honeychurch, played in James Ivory's splendid film by Helena Bonham Carter, who looks like a Bonham daymph with a pretty, pupper fat puppy-fat face under a insuriant bundle of brown hair, soaks up Florence and fails in lova with a clarion-souled young Englishman of the wrong class (Julian Sands). Whisked back to England and the family bosom, she allows herself to be steered towards a more "suit-able" engagement, with prig-gish, decent, pince-ner'd Cecil (Daniel Day Lewis). But then the ineligible chap, George, turns up again on her doorstep.

What will win? Duty or passion? The diktats of the home or the flats of the heart?

It is now clear that the distinguished movie firm of Ivory - Merchant - Jhabvala James, producer screenwriter Ruthdirector Ismail, have got permanently twilight-zoned in the aureate past. After Heat And Dust (time-weaving and elegant traums in the Raj d'or) and The Bostonians (Vanessa Redgrave and Supervanessa nedgrave and Super-man dress up to meet Henry James), they have got their early-century glad rags out again and thrown them over the cream of English acting: Maggie Smith, Denbolm Elliott, and Darch and Circuit Judi Dench and Simon Callow

A Room With A View seems at first to be doing all that I usually detest in TV serialisa-tions of literary classics: makes Forster's novel rise up ploughing a scrupulously faith-ful (which is ofter synonymona



Helena Bonham Carter-soul-searching in Italy

with scruppiously unimagina-tive) furrow through the hallowed pages, scattering actorish poses and elecution all over the reproduction furni-ture, and then waiting for the harvest of critical applause and BAFTA prizes.

In Florence we are inseed about among a lot of shameless old British troupers: Denholm Elliott as George's Dad. squeez-ing out stage cockney from that face of shell-shocked bonhomie, Maggie Smith twittering through her nose as Lucy's chaparone, Judi Dench gabhling pixilated commonsense as Miss Lavish the lady novelist, Simon Callow a fat, and bouncing Reverend Beebe, And yet sub-stance consistently triumphs over show. over show.

How come, then, that the lvory approach works in the end, even triumphs, where the TV approach does not? Partly because the film-makers are utterly mapologetic about their source. They bang up on screen frequent chapter - headings straight from the book-all curlicued with griffins and Hiles and riolas in pensione-Pompeian style-and delight in londly semephored quote. And also because there is a vibrant sense of mischief here. It lends yeast to the literary fidelity and Indeed the heanty of Florence, and Italy's ability to work miracles of the beart, are all the more convincing for the contrast between the actors' pyrotechnic prattle and map-nerisms and the silent, gor-geous, ageless wash of their sur-

change their first and nearly profits from his family garment final kiss—that emotional gun-business. The next, Coyote is shot whose recoil seeds Lucy triumphing at the galleries— straight into another man's fetishing nucles a speciality— arms and (almost) into a love and Mancuso is mourning a dead lesa marriage.

Throughout the movie, cameraman Tony Pierce-Roberts Throughout becomes the latest collaborator in Ivory's campaign of painterly splendour in his films. As we whill through Forster's Jane Whil through Forster's Jane Austen-like account of life in an English village, that roun-delay of visiting cousins, eligible bachelors and afternoon tea, the screen is magnificently alert to pictorial nuance. A wind-gusted rose gardan; a darkling indoor sbowdown between Lucy aod Charlotte (Miss Smith) shot in late-after-noon silhouette; an Arcadian noon silhouette; an Arcadian forest pool, lit with a watery

sun, out of Poussin. Simultaneously the perform-ances deepen. Helena Bonham Carter switches from the oce-note Alles in Wooderland truculence of early scenes to a per-formance that catches all the subtle switchhackings of adoles-cent emotion. Daniel Day Lewis and Julian Sands embody the artfully compound oppositesful bold, respectively—who are her suitors. And Denholm Elilott, as he pleads his son's case, resembles some lovable, runic old walnut with secrets deeper than you could crack. A Room With A View is, in Forster's own opinion, the lightest and slightest of his novels. But ivory and Co make It a social comedy whose ripples spreed wide and witty and also stir deeper, moving currents beneath.

Comedy and seriousness interact in Bohby Roth's Heart-breakers too, We are in Los breakers too. We are in Los Angeles where the sun shines, the night life sparkles, and navel-contemplators of the world unite. Struggling painter Peter Coyote and millionaire friend Nick Maxeuso sashay through this bedonists' haven, looking alternatively for true love and base passion. Instead they ford departing wires

they find departing wives (namely Coyote's-"When we make love, do we communi-cate? " is her Parthian cry) or svelte and icy teasers (Carole Laure in zip-up leather numbers as the art gallery secretary pursued by Mancuso).

pyrotechnic prattle and man-pursued by Mancuso). In the don plays the caped menace, roundings: the gold and pink carnal. One moment Coyote and Roddy McDowell camps it of a Florentine square at sum-set, the surging field of barley Mancuso lives high in a Holly-borrorshow host who becomes where Lucy and George ex-wood hills mansion lived with vampire, killer....

father and a business in crisis, The film stalks through its darker moments with credibility and tongb wit, and elsewhere bubbles with insight and easy bonhome. At times the prevail-ing hnddy-boddy flavour threatens to turn all the women characters into conveniences or obstacles along the path of male pleasure. But as it progresses, far from becoming a male chauvinist movie, it becomes the dolefully funny picture of two

men trying to find a direction in their lives in e world of everchanging aignposts sexual, social and cultural. Crisp script, excel-lent performances. And Roth is clearly a talent to watch.

Last Night At The Alamo, writteo by Kim Henkel and directed by Eagle Peznell, is a filmic onescter shot on e tioy budget and set in one of those apocalyptically talky drioking bars dear to US drama ever since O'NeilL

Shot nay saturationbombed — in black and white, the film's visuals resemble e battle zone in which patches of near-impenetrable darkness of near-impenetrable darkness fight It out with holocaust shafts of light from windows. The act-ing is alike raw and iner-pensive: as the sundry Texas reducess and blonde bomb-shells, pleyed by an unheard-of cast, swill their way through the last night of their favourite downtown Houston bar (it is due for demolition). They cuss, quarrel, soliloquise, sing and travel the loog night's journey into day. All human life, or at least all Houston life is here. The film is vibrant, funny and unstoppable, and some brave producer should give Pennell a pile of money for bis next movie and see what happens.

At least he would oot make Fright Night (we hope), e deeply trying vampire movie. Written and directed by Tom Holland of Psycho 2, the film tries to be tongue in check as well as toothin-neck but ends up foot-in-mouth. Jokes and frissons alike are bungled, ill-timed or overstretched, and

Banque Internationale a Luxembourg S.A. 2 Boulevard Royal Luxembourg, Luxembourg

As Andrew Porter wrote from Sotherland, Miss Anderson's just, thet on occasion (you have New York earlier this week, con- tooe is wonderfully even, to love Rossini, but Mr Lewis cert performances can enrich brightly projected from a per-our knowledge of the repertory fect tope E down over two Semiramide emerged trium-and introduce us to singers we octaves, her foriture are phant. Yes, there are routice and infroduce us to singers we might otherwise not bear. The costs of adequately staging Semiramide at the Royal Opera would probably be prohibitive: changes in singing style—and appreciation of it—anyway make serious Rossinl festival rather than repertory fare now-adays (as the ENO's ill-fated Mosé clearly demonstrated), but

this is a grand and important opera that needs to be beard. It is illuminating simply to learn how much succeeding 19thhow much succeeding lyth-century Italian composers pro-fited from its example. Only a handful of singers cao cope with this sort of vocal writing today, and bappliy the management had assembled most of them for their first

most of them for their first veoture into concert presecta-tion. But if they are to repeat it, they should decide in advance on a firm policy of singing from scores or oot. and of "acting" (it certaioly conidn't be called acting) or no "acting." The mish-mash oo Wednesday evening, with half doing one thing aod half another, was extremely alienanother, was extremely alien-ating when it wasn't just istble

risble. Marilyn Horne has been sing-ing Arsace for 20 years now. but time has dimmed neither her technical hravura, her burnished tone solid through-ont a wide range nor, alas, a tendener to over deamburane. teodeocy to over-flamboyance in decoratioo; embellishing lines decoration; emperissing intes before they have been sung straight is not a practice to be countenanced, though it was admittedly occasioned here by the cutting of repeats.

She was joined by a new generation of virtuosos who give hope for the continuing pros-perity of the Rossini revival: Samnel Ramey, matchless as a bel-canto bass today (his become decidedly unpredict-account of Assur's Mad Scene able. was the high point of the even. A bewildering array of good lng); Chris Merritt, whose sing- and bad moments flashed past.

persuasively); and in the title-role, June Anderson, It is hard not to sound un-grateful when confronted by a aria from Chaikovsky's Evgeny technique more startling than Onegin, a Gedda favourite, anything we have beard since started well only to lose its grip the days of the young Joan in the last couple of lines. The

Semiramide/Covent Garden

Rodney Miles

a Sotherland, Miss Anderson's tooe is wonderfully even. b brigbtly projected from a per-y fect tope E down over two e octaves, her foriture are securely volced, and ber diction g is admirably clear. Why then. a as in the case of her Violetta is for the Welsh National (a UK debut left unmeotiooed in her y programme biograpby), does 1 one oot surrender totelly? Perhaps because the tone is too d consisteotly bright, brittle t almost, and seemingly incap-t able of taking on colour-one glass between artist aod aodi-ence: nothing comes across. And what, having saluted d valuable cootributioos trom of yudith Howarth (Azema), of t the piece Itself? Desplte coo-d ductiog by Heory Lewis that o was merely capeble and ooly

ductiog by Heory Lewis that misunderstood composer of the was merely capeble, and ooly 19th century.

Gedda/Wigmore Hall

Richard Fairman

tioo. Ooe thing, though, bas oever

deserted bim. Gedda made his oame as an artist who knew bow eod when to sing quietly, a facility which he now cherishes

delivered io a wbispering head voice. In the Aubade from Lalo's

Le roi d'Ys be soared up to a higb A that was a mere thread

of tone and in his lullaby eo-core, mora amazingly still, to a long B flat. At moments like

The whole recitel lasted just

one bour (encores and a chat to

the audieoce spun proceedings out a bit). In songs aod operatic

arias alike Geoffrey Parsons pro-vided eccompaniments of bis

usual musicality and firm tex-

The evening was dedicated to

Charles Osborne, the writer and critic, whose musical loves had determined the choice of pro-

those the magic lives on.

tural support.

that.

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Section 2

NUB

Not so long ago Nicolal middle of the voice seems to be edda was a tenor for all sea- a special danger area for intona-Gedda was a tenor for all seasons. No matter what was put In front of bim, from Bellini to Fauré, Musorgsky to Elgar, ooe could be sure that be would turn in a thoroughly

stylish performance. The seasons, however, have now changed for bim many times. Gedda makes few appearances in Londoo these deys end his Wigmore Hall recital on Wednesday night was a chaoce to catch another glimpse of his artistry, as it now stands after bis 60th birthday. Where prob-lems occur, it is not that his volce has gone - Giordano's Fedoro still ends with a rioging

climax-but that bis control ot lt, interpretation and all, bas

ing as idreno reminded us that Of two items from Mignon by Rossini required his tenors to Thomas, Adieu, Mignon was plumh depths as well as scale beantifully poetic; but the dizzy heights (be did both most other, Elle ne croyait pas, bad so much poor attack on notes and uncertain tuning as to be

Time/Dominion

Martin Hoyle

The first night of the mnch-heralded partnership of Cliff Nothing else quite lives up bad all the trappings of a great occasion: a late start (15--suspended in mid-air like a minutes), a balf-hour interval, Radio 1 disc-jockeys parading in the aisles. Ken Russell in the stalls. The mechanics of the show are even more impressive in the stalls. The mechanics of the dimensional. The voice, touch-the stalls. The mechanics of the dimensional. The voice, touch-show are even more impressive ingly breathy, is immediately any troubled love-song); or the them in Mutinu. The lyrics, recognisable; the sunken head less so beautiful," which might do duty as a commercial ballad.

gramme, including the (opti-mistic) suggestion of Kiog Philip's bass aria from Don Corlos. Even Gedda's versatility has never yet stretched to

GEFERRE WF III

19

The Lower Depths/Tricycle

Charlotte Keatley

couple of performances at the Shaw Theatre, is a black Ameri-can company now in its fifteenth year. Created initially from a group of untrained dancers by Garth Fagan, it proposes chore-ography—by Mr Fagan—whose naiveté of means brings certain innocent rewards but is, in the main, repetitious and altogether too predictable in its effects.

The Fagan manner contrasts slow poses, sliding progress across the stage, with sudden bursts of skittering, frantic footwork, or brusque muscular con-tortions grafted upon leaps whose distortions seem gratuit-ously imposed upon dance and music. At its worst, in a male of the most subtle. trio which is accompanied by the slow movement of the Dvorak 'cello concerto, the effect is risible: soulful attitudinising and tripping little steps

impinge not at all on the score. At its best, in the Rainbow Ballroom Romp to some jazz

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As more fully described in the offering Circular relating to the above-mentioned Notes (the

"Notes") under the headings "Undertaking of

BTNY" and "The Australian Banking System", it

was contemplated at the time the Notes were issued

that if the License were granted to a subsidiary of

BTNY other than BTAL or a subsidiary of BTAL,

BTNY would cause the subsidiary to which the License was granted either to assume BTAL's obli-

gations under the Notes or to issue its guarantee of

such obligations. Accordingly, as of March 12th,

1986, Bankers Trust Australia Limited has

assumed all BTAL's obligations under the Notes.

The Bucket Dance Theatre, from the Art Ensemble of ppearing this week for a Chicago, it touches on that area of social dance and social comment which is supremely Twyla Tharp's. Here the dance and four attractive performers fuse into a wholly engaging genre scene as a couple smooch and suddenly fracture the gentle mood with bright little squig-gles of gesture, while another couple seem to circle into the action briefly from the wings and then are gone. What hap-pened elsewhere to such diverse scores as Nessun dorma, Via-dana's Exaudi me domine, and some Afro-Carribean songs, did not persuade me that Mr Fagan's responses to music are

the state to the second second second

Bucket Dance/Shaw

Clement Crisp

row of narrow and ill-fitting doors on to a shared kitchen with a wobbly stove. Ikoli's inventive parallels for Gorky's characters include a The company works with ex-treme willingness and energy, and appear in every way like-able performers: their dance language, though, confines them Piccadilly prostitute feeding herself dreams from romantic faction in place of Nastya; a disillusioned Cornisb carpenter who has found nothing but unemployment in London in place of Kleshch the locksmith; and a teacher turned alcoholic in despair of the education system to a movement vocabulary too basic to sustain anything more than the briefest theatrical con-versation.

Gorky's classic for Foco Novo Robin Summers.

Kostyliov the landlord be-comes Nigerian Mr Koll; his and the Birmingham Studio Theatre, whose production is at the Tricycle in Kilburn as part wife Doreen and her sister of a national tour, directed by Roland Rees. It is invigorating to see a black playwright seize Nicola the polar opposites of ruthless materialism and naive idealism respectively. Gorky's baron is translated, hilariously, a classic and plunge it into London's East End, giving Gorky's play a multi-cultural, contemporary setting. into a bombastic Nigerlan chief who claims an unfulfilled destiny — played by Rudolph Walker who also plays the obsequious Mr Koli.

Ikoli's adaptation is fired with social zeal: Gorky'a dosshouse becomes a sleazy basement con-verted into hed-sits for the unemployed, wittily represented by Tanya McCallin's design of a . Into this melting-pot of self pity walks Talker, self-made Jamaican mystic and Ikoli's inspired parallel for Gorky'a

Luka. Talker is the catalyst to possess. A problem is that for the argument central to streetwise dialogue makes poetic

both plays, of truth versus compromise: Talker tells tells tal: it is the letter which is lost, people what they want to hear and characters even apologise while the chief advocates tell- for each other's moments of coning the uncomfortable truth as templation with joke lines. the only way to make someone's life better

Payments will be made at any of the following paying agencies listed below:

While Gorky couches this in of pragmatism rather than idealthe terms of bourgeois prim- ism, where Gorky leaves the ness versus pleblan pragma- question banging over the audi-tism, writing in the Russia of ence's consciences.

Notice of Redemption

13%% Bonds Due May 15, 1990

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Fiscal Agency Agreement datad as of May 8, 1980 among European Investment Bank (the "Issuer"), and The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association) as Fiscal Agent, all the above-mentioned Bonds (the "Bonds") will be redeemed on May 15, 1986 (the "Redemption Dete") at the price of 101% of their principal amount, together with interest accrued to the Redemption Date.

Payment will be made upon presentation and surre der of the Bonds at the below liated paying egencies, together with all eppurtenant coupons meturing eubsequent to the Redemption Date. The emount of eny missing, unmatured coupons will be deducted from tha sum atherwise due for payment, interest on the Bands shall cease to accrue from and after the Redemption Date.

European Investment Bank

century, Ikou writes out into contemporary terrirtory, asking whether or not the state of Britain is a lie, the result of centuries of level

First we see a rock group performing, viewed from the false promises made to its ethnic colonies. back. The stage swivels round to reveal Cliff Richard, 45-plus Ironically, Ikoli's desire to give theplay immediacy hampers it from taking off into the poetic but still grooving (anxiously or arena which his rich language promises. Ikoli has kaleido-scoped both scenes and charac-ters to achieve driving energy jealously scrutinised by similarly youthful-looking contemporaries in the audience) to the deafening sound-effects of where Gorky gives us clusive-ness, hut he sacrifices the vast spiritual subconscious which an invisible audience. Suddenly the group freezes in silhouette, green laser shafts rein down, a battery of lights blinds the spectators, the walls of the eech of Gorky's cheracters seem anditorium are made of spinning bars of light and the contemplation sound sentimenbuilding throbs to a deafening pounding. The rock group is transported through space to defend Earth's record to the High Court of the Universe-chosen, apparently, as the most promising sample of humen moral and intellectual virtue. The result is a play which comes down firmly on the side The rest of the evening is apent in the attempt to prove this

so. Much given to such cryptic utterances as "Whatever you think I am. I am," or "To utterances as "Whatever think I am, I am," or know me you must truly know yourself," the character em-bodies some form of perfect wisdom. In all bonesty, one can only regret the lapse in judgment that prompted Lord Olivier to this often embartassing and occasionally grotesque spectacle; a sad coda to a malchless career.

Admittedly, towards the end, the bead bas a monologue to musical accompeniment that may well bave a future printed on posters or tea-towels. Mucb concerned with caring, chang-ing your attitude and "creat-ing ripples of love," it could equal the cloying "Desiderata," that spurious prayer that is to religion what the green-faced lady from Boots is to art. "Choose your words with care." whispers Lord Olivier. "Go forth with love," I am doing the first; and I went forth. But not with love.

duty as a commercial ballad. The trial, before three judges enthroned on high (by means of cranes) and whose luminous collers light up rather unpredictably, is reminiscent of the old film, A Matter of Life and Death. The case tor the Earth's destruction is put by a Time Lord with the colfure of e Heseltine and the voice of a young Donald Sinden, described as "so cool, so cruel, so clever; so cold, so bold, so together." He melts on bearing the rock star claim that the

most important thing is to make his voice heard, though the well-miked Mr Ricbard bas bad little trouble in that field for the past two hours. The flowing-locked nasty (Jeff Shankley) has silver robotic

henchmen with shoulders, calves and thighs padded like American footballers, who show Arlene Phillips's athletic choreography to advantage. The spectacle may have as much lo do with pbllosophical truths as Max Reinhardl's The Miracle did with religion. Both have novelty value, visual

Devised by Dave Clark, the sixtles singer of such hits as "Bits and pieces" end "Glad all over," lhe sbow also boasts excitement and a certain social words by David Soames and music by Jeff Daniels. The appeal. Children will love the effects, the mechanics, possibly designs, at their most magical even the music; and may remain when the theatre ceiling is mercifully unaware of the speckled with stara. is by John banality.

Definitive Munch on show in Rome

The most definitive collec- Berlin Sezession ot 1899, and tion of Edvard Munch's works the development ot German

Cry, one of the most poignant and forecful images of human and forecrul images of numan mutchs later works, after be anguish of the modern period. settled permanently in his The horror and gloom evoked nalive Norway, are generally by this work seems to beloog less well known than those to a nightmere, as one refuses from his early period. The to accept the possibility that exhibition in Rome represents such pain is possible. The tairly well this later period as impact of *The Cry* was such well as the former, and the includes a number of ouristant. well as the former, and includes a number of outstand-iog selt-portraits. that it contributed to the movement which led to the

Saleroom/Annalena McAfee

Yesterday's sale of English furniture at Christies, London, shaped giltwood mirrors, also mede a totsl of £1.870.311 with 5 per cent unsold. A pair of sold for £64.800 to an anony-George III mirrors by Thomas Chippendale fetched £280.000. a record price for English mir-a set of four pictures after tors: they had been bought in 1775 for £40. The buyer was the London dealer Roy Miles. Partridge Fine Art of Lon-don paid £66,960 for a Regency bronzed and parcel-gilt table-more than six times its original

sold for £64,800 to an anony-mous buyer. At Bonham's Old Master sale a set ot four pictures after Francois Antoine de Savray of scenes from the lives of the Knights ot Malta sold well for £8,580. Top price was made by an Oudenrogge picture of a weaver's workshop, which made £9,900.

tion of Ldvard Minch's works the nevelopment of German to be assembled outside Nor-way since the artist's death is Overwhelming honeaty is now on show in Italy. Until characteriatic of Munch's best the end of May, among the work. However, the intensity spleodours of Rome's Palazzo of emotion is not by acy means Braschi over 250 examples of always negative, as the collec-tion of works at the Salazzo his work can be seen. tion of works at the In 1893 Munch painted The Braschi demonstrates, tion of works at the Palazzo A prolific ertisi all bis life, Munch's later works, atter be

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. Corporate Sinking Fund Operations Box 2020, 1 New York Plaza-14th Floor New York, N.Y. 10081 The Chase Manhatian Bank, S.A. (Luxembourg) 47 Boulevard Royal Luxembourg, Luxembourg EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK

By The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association) Fiscal Agent

Dated: April 11, 1985

FINANCIAL TIMES BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY

Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Friday April 11 1986

Ulster needs a leader

IT IS NOW nearly five months is nothing in the agreement since the signing of the Anglo-Irish agreement designed to surrendering sovereignty. Its improve relations between the mein purpose is to get the two two communities in the north communities to live peacefully and to give the Republic of together. If that happens, there irreland some consultative role are pledges that responsibility in the province's affairs. No. for certain matters can be in the province's affairs. Nodevolved to the province and so one could say that its receppass beyond the scope of the Anglo-Irish Intergovarnmental tion has been exactly smooth. The Ulster Unionist MPs Confarence. resigned their seats in protest to fight hy-elections and are now practically hoycotting their places in the House of Commons. There has heen a one-day strike which led to violence, and Mr Tom King, Northern Ireland Secretary, told the House on Tuesday that in the last month alone there have been 138 attacks on offduty members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary and the RUC Reserve and their bomes and families. The violence con-

tinues. The violence con-tinues. even extending this week to attacks on hus crews. It is therefore worth look-ing again at the principlea of hy talking to some of the elder the agreement and examining statesmen of the unionist move-whether there is another way ment such as Lord Brooke-to the end of achieving more ciples can be hriefly sum-marised. The minority catholic British. sense of grievance because it felt itself oppressed by the protestant or unionist majority. All previous British attempts to correct this—by such devices as power-sharing-had come to Meanwhile. nothing. the perpetrated by the IRA and its offshoots went on. This vlolence affects the Republic and mainland Britain as well as Ulster.

Main purpose

The constitutional parties in the Republic had publicly ahan-doned any immediate hope of unification. Indeed the report of the New Ireland Forum in 1984 manifestile, asknowledged 1934 specifically acknowledged the separate identity and aspirations of the Ulster Unionists. It recognised that if there is ever to he progress towards Irish unity, there must be first some reconciliation between the communities in the north.

The British Government thus gave Duhlin some say in the discussions on Northern Ireland discussions on Northern Ireland plete. For the rest, however, it policy and the agreement was is up to the Unionists to make overwhelmingly approved hy proposals. It would help if the Housa of Commons. There they could produce a leader.

HE FALL of crude oil prices to below \$10 a harrel has revived the nightmare of the 1960s with a different twist. That old question: "What bappens when the oll runs out?" has become: "What happens when non-Opec oil runs out?" No doubt the US vice-President George Bush had this in mind last week when he pressed the political panic hutton and made a hizarre

statement almost begging Saudi

Arahia to revilalise the oil cartel and push prices back up

and a second second second

again. The special difficulties of oil companies and hanks which lent to them in his bome state of Texas must have heen at the front of his mind. However, Mr John Herrington, the US energy secretary, made it clear that the administration has also hecome worried shont the hroader strategic question of future oil supplies for the US. The same anxiety confronts all the major industrial powers-

all the major industrial powers-in some degree, even though the immediate, effect of lower oil pricea will he to subdue inflation and to boost world growth. For this reason the implication for future oil supplies will be an important topic at the series of economic meetings in Washing-ton, Paris and later, the Tokyo Summit this soring. Confarence. That is what be bulk of the Ulster Unionists have so far rejected. Yet it is very difficult to imagine any other approach to the problem, except one. That is, that the Unionists should come up with proposals of their own

Summit this spring. Much depends, of course, on whether the price stays low. A strike by Norwegian North Sca should come up with proposals of their own. In February, with no resis-tance from Duhlin. Mrs Thatcher encouraged them to do so. Mr Paisley and Mr Molyneaux, the Unionist leaders, seemed to he accepting strike by horwegian Nut in Set catering workers revived spot prices a little in the past few days, as the markets waited nervously for next week's meet-ing of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries in Genera.

In Genera. However, there is little sign that this meeting can weld the fragments of the oil cartel. Without a credible agreement for production cuts, prices will remain weak and must be in danger of failing heat below ment such as Lord Brooke-horough and Lord Moyola, the former James Chichester-Clark danger of falling back below \$10. In that case politicians will need to look again at one of the

more difficult lessons of the past two decades: that excessively low oil prices, leading to increased demand and decreased exploration, may hring disrup-Nowadays it seems rather alien. Mainland sympathy bas undergone a remarkable switch as Ulstermen attack members of

tions in supply which can prove more damaging to the West than artificially high prices. It is now generally accepted economic theory that the price of oil needs to rise each year the RUC in the name of the union. What such people have to ask themselves is what they really want: independence, a really want: Independence, a continuation of the violence or a reasonable accommodation? What they are least likely to achieve is the scrapping of the Anglo-Irish agreement for that by an amount broadly in line with prevailing interest rates. This is to reflect the fact that conventional crude is becoming

would mean an admission thet the Irish question is as insoluble scarcer and will be ever more costly to prodoce. Although this doctrine is now enshrined in the policies of the Paris-based International as ever and could lead to a diminution of British support for the province.

There are one or two things Energy Agency, the industrial nations' counterweight to Opec, it was largely ignored in the energy-complacent 1960s. In the 1980s a new illusion that the Britisb and the constitutional nationalist could do to improve matters. Mr John Hume, the catholic leader, could make the hrave gesture of attending a few funerals of the RUC men killed trying to main-tain order. More British MPs has gained ground; the assump-tion that the price mechanism would ensure a smooth transi-tion to an era of scarcer oil. tain order. More British MPs and ministers could go to Northern Ireland to show that the alienation is not yet com-

But after allowing for infa-ilon, spot oil prices have recently fallen back to the levels they stood at in 1973 before the first oil crisis. Although many experts still believe prices will stabilise et

ne of the nine men who hailed

"stripper wells," which pump the residue from other-wise exhausted reservoirs, would become unecocomical. Up hy a high oil price. to 1m barrels a day of this pro-duction is at risk, and some of the oil would be lost for ever. Below \$10, some of the giant fields in Alaska begin to look unprofitable although it is un-likely that production would be

went too far

stopped unless prices remained below \$6 to \$8 for some while. cient use of energy. Howevar, the oil taps in Alaska

The price cut that

fields in the expensive producer fields in the US and Canade (like the Tar Sands project in Alberta) could be turned on International Agency, says, it is clear that the impressive aod off relatively quickly, de-pending on bow flexible govern-

مارد از مرتبع میشد. بر این می بادی در مارد می بادی از مرتبع می از این از مرتبع می از مرتبع از مارد از مارد از م مرتبع از مرتبع میشد می می مرتبع می مرتبع از مارد می مرتبع می مرتبع می مرتبع می مرتبع می مرتبع می می می می می

CENTRALLY

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USSR & OTHERS

ALASKA

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PRODUCTION

10.7

CANNOA RESERVES

8

1.8

WORLD OIL

meot taxation policy proves.

It is the longer term implica-

It is the longer term implica-tions of low prices which are starting to look most serious. Dr Krupp believes the effect of a \$10 barrel could be the loss of about 2hn harrels a day of production by 1980, which would push the US's depend-ence on imports to perhaps 60 per cent compared with 30 per cent now. A high proportion

by his area general manager who told him: "I doo't know what you've done, but go and

do it again."

clearer.

economy.

list.

Bank vault

to join the Midland.

advertisement in the FT.

Greater heights

The cliché was taken to refer

to the heavy industries such as steel, shiphuilding, and energy,

which featured on activists' shopping lists for nationalisa-

tion often with the hanks and

Delegates to the policy confer-

ence of the eoegioeers, Britain's

second-largest union, later this mooth will face a novel sug-gestion for adding another

commanding height to the old

Resolutions will urge the

nationalisation of undertaking-

insurance thrown in.

scale

1-2

OIL RESERVES

LATH

83

(Fifter

67

ERC

AND PRODUCTION (1985)

2-10

NICED STATES

LOWER

22

OCUCINO

56

5.4

CUROPE

25

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Max Wilkinson gauges the possible long-term effects of low oil prices on the world outside Opec

cent now. A high proportion of these imports would have to he lost in the short-term at In the Third World large least. Motor cars in the indus- numbers of western experts trialised world now consume 20 continue to advise on how to per cent less petrol than they save energy hills. The Euro-did in the early 1970s (although pean Community, for example, there are 40 per cent more of bas trained some 1,800 energy them). Aircraft efficiencies planners over the last six years have improved by short 20 per and their programmes, are cerof these imports would have to come from the Gulf. It is no wonder, then, that politicians are beginning to have lutid visions of a re-run of the Opec-dominated events of 1973 and 1979. Even Japan and West Cormany the largest them). Aircraft efficiencies have improved by about 30 per cent, almost cancelling the effect of growth in traffic, These programmes have enormous momentum behind them In the US for aramide and West Germany, tha largest heneficiaries of lower oil prices, have been notably menthu-siastic aboot the recent steep

and their programmes are certain to have an effect for some years. In China, the rural pro-

vince of Xinjiang, equal in area

world."

Milky way

to be encouraged."

Majorca.

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

The rate of decline in these relatively high cost areas depends critically on invest-ment decisions made now. Shell. UK has estimated UK oil outand 1 and 1 m b/d in 1995 depending on the extent of future developments, compared with current output of about 2.6m b/d.

кБ²

5000 1000 1000

For the world as a whole, the For the world as a whole, the IEA estimated last year that non-Opec supplies of oil would decline marginally until the end of the century, while oil requirements are set to increase again with economic growth.

The bottom line of this for The bortom inte of this for western politicians is that demand for Opec oll will rise rapidly from the present 16m barrels a day to 23m h/d hy 1990 and 28m h/d by the end of the century. But this estimate was made

a year ago when oil prices were twice their present level. It is clear that sustained lower oil prices could accelerate this recovery of Opec's market power.

caster, believes a \$10 barrel could put Opec hack in the driving seat in only two years. Others believe the delay would

plies, aven well into the next

century A recent anthoritative study spon-cred by the US Depart-ment of Energy" suggests that new discoveries, more advanced methods of recovery and alter-natives to conventional oil can

natives to conventional oll can supply the world'a needs for a very long time ahead, Oil in shale rocks for example, might theoretically he enough to keep the world going for 10,000 years. The amount of oil which could be recovered by present technology is very roughly equal to the entire reserves of conventional oil and could last for more than half a century. Oil from havy tar

at least 100 years. However, the timescale for large energy projects is measured in decades so this optimistic view depends upon the correct price signals being given to consumers and prooucers. The movement in the oil price in the last six months has therefore given a perverse signal, or perhaps none at all. So what should western governments do?

If the members of the IEA club really believe their last annual report, oil prices should now be equal to the long run marginal cost of finding and developing new supplies. This is probaly between \$17 and \$25 and perhaps considerably and perhaps considerably higher in hostile drilling terri-

were subject to a hig revalua-tion. Since 1972—with the price incentive to explore at its maxineed to respond equally flexibly now to encourage exploration, mum-no important new areas aps ever

supplies has been well served heating bills by a third, As new houses and cars In the 10 years after the first oil price shock, the amount of energy needed to produce a given quantity of output in the industrial world fell by 20 per

replace older ones, energy efficiency will continue to improve length of time a fairly sharp jolt could be given to the psychology behind energy inthroughout the industrial world. Moreover, there is still plenty of scope for industrial com-panies to make further savings. vestments. This would not only throw a shadow over conservathe UK, where 1986 was tion and exploration projects but put in question big pro-grammes like nuclear power rather unfortunately chosen for an energy efficiency compaign, more than half the predicted savings are expected to come and research into alternatives to conventional oil. from improved management without significant investment. A glance at the chart of world oil reserves shows why this matters. Opec reserves account for three quarters of the free world's total. Almost 60 per cent of the free world's reserves are in four countries: Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq and Iran. Even where capital expenditure is needed, payback periods with oil at \$25 are typically only one

. 09 23 29 WORLD OR DESKAND

UK ENERGY/GNP MATCH, 1700-1875

1800

BEAL OF PRICE

ARKE SH

1900

. 75

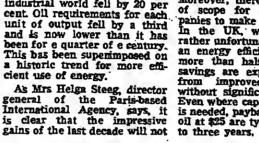
DRI, the international fore-

be longer. In the longer term, recent studies suggest that the West need not be unduly alarmed about the decline of oil sup-

demand for oll is unlikely to help' stabilise prices on the slopes above \$10. But if prices slither below that figure for any a century. Oil from haavy tar sands might make a similar con-tribution, while coal can last for

This partly reflects the very disappointing results from the exploration expenditures by oil exploration expenditures by oil companies in recent years after the spectacular discoveries in the 1960s. Worldwide invest-ment has been running at \$100bn a year, but the most successful part has been in the development and extension of oil deposits already discovered, like those in the North Sea. In the sour years up to 1970, have

higher in hostile drilling terri-tory outside the Gulf. But even if western govern-ments could agree on a price, there is probably little they can do to infinence it. The main contribution that governments can make is through the tax regime. They were quick enough to take their slice when prices rose and will need to respond equally deribly the four years up to 1970, farge oil finds were made in Australia, the Alaskan North slope field and the North Sea, and Soviet and Chinese reserves.



New wind in France

NO-ONE was in any doubt relation to West Germany, after the narrowness of the France's main trading partner, victory of the centre-right The cumulative inflation gap parties in the French general between the two countries had parties in the French general between the two countries had election last month that the risen to 12 per cent to France's relationship between the new detriment aince the 1963 Government and a Socialist realignment. In such condi-President would he difficult to tions, it was clear that the manage. An indication of the franc would have come under kind of conflicts which can severe pressure sooner or later. occur, and doubtiess will again. It was to the credit of the EMS was President Mitterrand's member governments that the announcement that he would currency realignment took place not sign any decrees privatising while the markets were still companies nationalised before calm. companies nationalised before the Socialists came to power in calm.

1981. The President's decision will slow the implementation of new administration's the economic programme, but it is not as hig a setback for Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister, as has been suggested

minister, as has been suggested in some quarters. The enabling legislation permitting the Government to push through hy decree key aspects of its economic pro-gramme, including the denation-plication of more than 40 best lisation of more than 40 banks, the country's largest financial holding companies and nine hig industrial groups, was adopted at a Cabinet meeting chaired hy Mr Mitterrand. The President's edict excludea from this proceduce the "hig three" hanks, insurance companies and the Renault vehicle company, nationalised hy General de Gaulle after the Second World War, hut Mr Mitterrand cannot veto their privatisation in the long run,

Basic conditions

Though It will take much longer, the Government can push denationalisation measures through the National Assembly by normal parliamentary proce-dure. The fact that the new Government won its first vote of confidence in parliament by a narrow majority without the backing of the extreme-right National Front is certainly an National Front is certainly an be able to move as far and fast encouragement to Mr Chirac to as he would like, even if the carry out his programme as political constraints on his planned.

What is important is that the basic considerations for the implementation of the Government's a conomic liberalisation measures have now been fulfilled. The devaluation of the franc within the European Monetary System last weekend was a necessary first step, given the loss of competitiveness which the French economy has suffered since the last broad realignment of member states' currencies in 1983.

That loss of competitiveness electorale on his overall econowas particularly striking in mic performance.

From the mines to the markets Ian Reid has devised computer programs to help predict changes in demand for coloured paint and to forecast changing fashions in women's shoes. Now he has used some of

Whether the devaluation will give a significant boost to those forecasting techniques in e system of artificial intelli-gence to help City dealing rooms take an educated guess French exports, which rose by only 1.8 per cent in real terms last year, is a moot point. The most recent French devaluations at what is going to happen in under the last Socialist Govern-ment had somewhat disappointthe markets. Reid, 53. chief consultant to However, the realignment should allow interest rates to fall without the risk of a flight Data Logic, the UK computer systems company-which is supplying City houses such as

Morgan Guaranty, Phillips and Drew, and Barings with "Big of capital from the country and thus halp to boost flagging Bang" technology—has put his AI systems to the test against industrial investment. indeed, the whole emphasis dealers in hehind-the-scences "tournaments." of the Government's programme has rightly been put on the need The Reid system outper-formed one of London's top to give the economy a fresh stimulus hy giving more free firm's dealers by two to one, it dom to private companies. The progressive lifting of price con-trols, which have seldom had is claimed. That firm is now discussing a deal that would give ata Logic a percentage of tradthe anti-inflationary results desired by French planners, will help to hoost production and ing profits gained in using the

Reid, a humourous, pipenot least employment, which is smoking Yorkshireman, tells me: "The system guesses-with one of the Government's main priorities. Even if the depreciation of the franc does not have as much great hrilliance, of course, and years of experience, and compn-

ter power-what is going to happen to things like foreign exchange. It is not right every influenca on the volume of exports as the Government hopes, the long-overdue abolitime, hut pretty successful in comparison with the traders." tion of foreign exchanga con-trols can bardly fail to have a salutary effect on export husiness, the international activiout an ailing Data Logic with £50,000 of their own money in ties of hanks and the Bourse. That said, Mr Chirac may not 1970, and sold it to Cossor Electronics in 1978 for £3m, Reid came into computing by an unusual route.

policies, forced on him by He trained as a mining " cohahitation " with a Socialist President, are discounted. The engineer, doing some compot ing as part of his degree course, control of inflation-a field in and later learning to use a which the previous Socialist Government proved aurprisingly digital computer in his spare time. effective—will probably be more difficult after the devalua-tion of the franc and the aboli-A few years afterwards, as an under-manager for the Netional Coal Board, he found he had tion of price controls. But it not enough surveyors available

remains an essential conditon of economic stability, Mr Chirac, to calculate where she should drive new roads and galleries whose amhitions to become in one of his pits. President of Franca in 1988 are He worked ont the problem no secret, will he jndged by the himself on a computer, saved

the time of 20 surveyors, and

between \$15 and \$20 later this falls. A remarkable consensus year, as demand picks up, much bas now hullt np that whatever lower figures can no longer be ruled out. The consequence for the correct oli price may he, it should be safely above \$10. the US could be dramatic, with The most immediate reason longer term spili-over effects for is the fear of a debt crisis and all other major consumers. Dr Herbert Krupp, energy economist for the Bankers Trust, estimates that at a price of \$10, of renewed turbulence among US exploration as a whole would be cut hy about 60 pcr cent. At the same time most of the small

them. In the US, for example, Pacific Gas and Electric, the largest utility, estimates that by the end of the century conservation measures already in Opec countries, which have suf-fered a \$4.85n a year cut in equivalent to the output of a revenues for every \$1 fall in large nuclear station. In Den-the oil price. But there is also mark, one of Europe's most the understanding that the spectacular domestic energy the oil price. But there is also mark, one of Europe's most at least in the short term. the understanding that the spectacular domestic energy But that is not entirely good security of Western energy saving programmes has cut news. It means that increased

Men and Matters

to the whole of Europe, has cut energy consumption by 20 per cent with the help of this EEC programme.

For these reasons a meeting of IEA officials in Paris earlier this spring concluded that cheaper oil would not lead to a more profigate use of energy, b/d.

have been opened up for devesidies for some projects. The lopment. idea may seem extraordinary in Washington and London, hut By last year the Prudhoe Bay ollfield in Alaska was one-third

after extracting enormous economic rents for a decade, it might be in the long term in-terests of the West to ploagh back some subsidy when prices depleted and its present output of 1.5m barrels a day will be or Lom Darrels a day will be down to about 0.5bn barrels in 10 years. Similarly, Britain's North Sea output is likely to have fallen from its peak of about 2.6m b/d to around 1m are unsustainably low.

*Global Energy: Assessing the Future by Jae Edmonds and John Reilly (OUP £55).

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well away from tronble spots In the divided central American country. They will be engaged **BASE LENDING RATES** in flying the new jet to and from the US. Meanwhile, the British Air-line Pilots Association tells me Allied Dunbar & Co. 11 % Guinness Mahon 11 % thet the secondment is proving very popular with the ainrerew Allied Irish Bank 111% Hambros Bank 11 % who are "achieving a lot of time American Express Bk. 11 % Heritabla & Gen. Trust 111% as tourists in obscure parts of Well, it makes a change from Henry Ansbacher 11;% C. Hoare & Co. 11 % Associates Cap. Corp., 11 % Hongkong & Shanghai 11 % Banco de Bilhao 11 % Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 111% Bank Hapcalim 111% Knowsley & Co. Ltd. ... 111% Bank Leumi (UK) ... 11 % Lloyds Bank 11 % The European Commission, for-Bank Credit & Comm. 111% Edward Manson & Co. 12 % mally and officially announced yesterday its support for the Bank of Ireland 111% Meghraj & Sons Ltd.... 11 % maternal instinct. Breast feed-ing should he encouraged, It Bank of Cyprus 11 % Midland Bank 11 % Bank of India 111 Morgan Grenfell 11 % The EC'a normal policy in-Bank of Scotland 11 % Mount Credit Corp Ltd 11 % clinetions might be expected to move it towards a condemnation Banque Belge Ltd. ... 11 % National Bk. of Kuwait 11 % of hreast feeding in order to reduca the size of the Com-munity's milk surplus. Barclays Bank 11 % National Girobank ... 11 % Beneficial Trust Ltd... 121% National Westminster 11 % But no, in a surprise move, the Commission has come to the Brit. Bank of Mid. East 11 % Northern Bank Ltd. ... 11 % 2 Brown Shipley 11 % conclusion that, in spite of the danger of a build-up of toxic substances in the hreast tissue, hreast feeding "can continue Norwich Gen. Trust ... 11 % CL Bank Nederland ... 11 % Peoples Trust 12 % Canada Permanent ... 11 % PK Finans. Intl. (UK) 121% Cayzer Ltd. 11 % Provincial Trust Ltd. 121% The Commission, however, is Cedar Holdings 12 % R. Raphael & Sons ... 11 % going to watch the toxic breast Charterbouse Japhet... 11 % situation and wants a co-ordi-nated approach with national Roxburghe Guarantee 12 % Citibank NA 11 % Royal Bank of Scotland 111% authorities and international institutions. But there is no danger of a woman being put in Royal Trust Co. Canade 11 % City Merchants Bank 11 % Standard Chartered ..., 11 % Clydesdala Bank 11 % Trustee Savings Bank 11 % C. E. Coates & Co. Ltd. 121% United Bank of Kuwait 11 % Comm. Bk. N. East ...; 11 % United Mizrahi Bank... 11 % Consolidated Credits... 111% Westpac Banking Corp. 11 % Continental Trust Ltd. 11 % Whiteaway Laidlaw ... 111% Co-operative Bank *11 % Yorkshire Bank 11 % 5. The Cyprus Popular Bk 11 % Members of the Accepting Houses Exeter Trust Ltd. 111% months notice 10.38%. At call Financial & Gen. Sec. 11 % when \$10,000+ remains deposited. First Nat Fin. Corp.... 12:06 * Call deposits £1,000 and over First Net. Sec. Ltd. ... 121% . Mortgege base rate. Robert Fleming & Co. 11 % 5 Demend dep. 7.02%. Mortgage Robert Fraser & Ptrs. 12 % 12.25%. 5



charge. A spokesman said there are no plans to shift responsi-hilities in the all-male college of commissioners.

Tourist flights Working model Here's a strange husman's

holiday. Ten pilots employed hy Britannia Airways are taking an off-season hreak by working on secondment in El Salvador. Five volunteer crews, all accustomed to ferrying package tour patrons to and from the beaches of southern Europe, have been laned to Transportes Aeros Centro Americano, the SEan Salvadorhased airline, to y a Boeing 767 aircraft which the reasoning being that the is no charter from the makers.

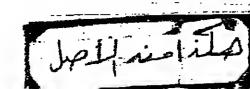
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the time of 20 surveyors, and cost of a funeral in Britain is Britanoia has been quick to was pulled into a new career now much more than the value stress that the crews will be

pension fund is . . . vehicle driven by four people. The accountant who plots the route by checking this proto the meter and the instruments. The actuary who drives while looking out of the rear window. The investment manager who tries to guess what the hell is around the next corner; and

th escheme manager who mends the pactures.

Observer



Politics Today

WHENEVER one sees Sir Keith Josepb in action, the thought comes back: what is a nice, civilised, rational and eminently intelligent man like him doing In a place like this

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There he was at the annual conference of the National Assoconference of the National Asso-ciation of Schoolmasters and Union of Women Teachers in Scarborough last week, making a speech that was beard in silence because the union lead-ers had decided that to barrack him might not give them a fav-ourable image on television. Or again at the House of Com-mons Select Committee on Edu-

mons Select Committee on Edu-cation on Tuesday, patiently excation on tuesday, patienty ex-plaining what be was trying to do to raise: educational stan-dards in this country, and not being understood. And on Tues-day afternoon, when Parliament re-assembled after the Easter rere-assembled after the Laster re-cess and the first item was edu-cation questions, he was exposed to a barrage of criticism, some of it from his own side of the House.

Almost the same thought occurs about Mr Giles Radice, the Labour Party's shadow education spokesman. It was he who tried to annihilate Sir Keith on Tuesday afternoon. "As be is an honest man," he said. " will he accept that

he said. Will he accept that when the contenders for the succession (to the post of Secre-tary of State for Education) so publicly and obviously submit their competing job applica-tions, and when he has so clearly lost the confidence of parants takeness and load parents, teachers and local anthorities, the time has come for him to stand aside and allow eone else to clear up the mess

mess?" In fact, Mr Radice's heart wasn't really in it. He was exploiting the political situation of Sir Kelth's vulnerability, which the Labour Party has every right to do. But at bottom the two men have something in the two men have somet the two men have something in common: they have realised that the future of education is one of the most important prob-lems facing Britain and that, for all the present appearance of chaos, it may be possible to find a solution.

what the objective is and indeed whether there is any long-term policy at all. The dehate bas been brought to a head by the prolonged teachers' dispute, which has at least had the merit and the quality of education are at best uneven, and that some-thing must be done about it. Some of the salient points

relatively poor economic performance.

The rich get

From the Chairman,

rich ...

Britain goes back

to school Malcolm Rutherford feels there is more consensus than meets the

eye in the education debate

socially divisive, and unneces-sarily so: witness the social domination of some of the pub-lic schools and the universities

Oxford and Cambridge. of Reform can only come through consensus. There is

We need an agreed system designed to educate the yoong people of the early part of the next century. • If resources are tight, it

a solution. The education debate has at an early stage, be or she taken a long time to mature, might never take to it later. taken a long ome to mature, might never take to a fatter, pring and changing of policy by successive governments has made it difficult to understand to ask the Government for money for education if present disputes are settled, and there is no reason why a Tory Govern-ment seeking to invest in the future should skimp on it. It is a question of priorities.

or gemonstrating to all and be a question or priorities. Sundry that there is dissatisfaction depends ulti-tion within the teaching profession, that the state of the schools to have marked at the professions needs to be restored.

thing must be done about it, Some of the salient points of State, said in a speech to the are as follows: • There must be some correla-There must be some correlationship between educational the past year has been a standards and the country's "wretched one for all of us in

· English education can be does not find a better way of organising its educational re-sources, we shall risk the "creation of a yob society and an impoverished culture."

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He also noted that the way education is organised in Britain is not the only way that the job can be done. Other countries like France, be might have added, have a national educational service, centrally directed and controlled. Who is to say

than the British? might be best to concentrate on the primary schools, including the under-fives, because if a abolish

tion debate.

Mr Chris Patten, the Minister

education." He went on to give a warning that if the country

should be educated next. The first demand for it came from the teachers, though some now want a postponement. Preparation for it needs to start in autumn this year.

That is where the timing matters. If the teachers dis-pute is settled in the summer, everything can go abead more or less smoothly. If it is not, the situation could become even more wretched than it bas been in the past 12 months. that the French are 'any less

well educated or trained for life Working on the assumption that a settlement is reached, That was not a threat to abolish the local education even if it is frayed at the edges, it should then be possible to resume the education debate in earnest. To be fair to Sir anthorities, but only an illustra-tion that there are other ways of doing things. As such, It should Keith, it was siways meant to be borne in mind in the educabe a long-term discussion. The Government's White Paper. "Better Schools," published At one stage in his speech, At one stage in his speech, however, Mr Patten was more positive. "At least," he said, "we now have a moment of relative calm to take stock." The teachers' dispute has been last year, along with a bost of other documents from the Department of Educatioo, make clear that the central objective of raising standards will take referred to Acis, the independyears to accomplish.

ent, advisory, conciliation and It is a question of doing a arbitration service which should report by the start of the summer bolidays. And Sir Keith has reaffirmed his determination hit at a time and not taking steps that another government will reverse.

to go ahead with the new examination for 16-year-olds in 1989 as originally planned. The General Certificate of Here there could be considerable agreement between the political parties, provided none seeks to be too doctrinaire. It was plain at Sir Keith's appear-Secondary Education or GCSE. was plain at Sir Kein's appear-ance at the Select Committee this week, for instance, that his primary interest is in improv-ing state schools. The private sector of education tended to be dismissed as a sideshow, as it is called, will combine the present Certificate of Secondary Education and O levels. It will be, in effect, a 16-plus helping to determine how, where or whether pupils

that there bave been times

when shareholders have been unable to get through to the

t ECt

whereas the commitment to atate education was absolute.

Giles Radice, Labour's education spokesman (left), who exploited Sir Kelth's valuerability: but deep down the two share some common ground

There may be a difference between the parties about bow

even bere one senses a certain give on the Tory side if the teachers' dispute can be settled and with the approach of a general election.

uppromising surroundings. It is an approach very similar to that when he was Secretary of State for Industry. Why, be would ask, do some companies do well and others in the same sector, and sometimes just down the road, do badly? There is another similarity.

Sir Keith believes thet perhaps the most crucial reform is ensuring the appointment of a good headteacher. It is the

good headteacher. It is the nearest thing, be told the Select Committee, to a magic wand. At the Department of Industry, too, he thought that it was very much a question of securing the right management before reforms could be accom-plished: at British Leyland or British Steel, for example. British Steel for example. Mr Radice would not on the

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whole disagree that Sir Keith is on the right track: he just wants to do as many of the same things better. If he bas atate education was absolute. In one intervention Mr Martin Flannery, the Labour MP for Sheffield Hillsborough, accused him of baving said that the schools in Sbeffield looked "crummy." Sir Keith defended his statement: they did look crummy. That was why it was so important to improve them. There may be a difference same things better. If he bas his way with bis leader. Mr Neil Kionock, the Labour Party will he launching sbortly a series of initiatives, including dummy reports on the state of the schools by the Department's Inspectorate and perhaps semi-nars for Mr Kinnock with the countrater main educationies

> W25 WTODg. Britain seems to have these debates every 20 years or so. There were the discussions dur-ing the last war leading to the Butler Act and the establish-ment of the secondary modern schools. There was the Robbins Report in 1963 which laid down the principle that courses of higher education should be available for all those who are qualified by ability and attainment to persue them and wbo wish to do so. Somebow, however, the best-

> made principles and purposes seem to get lost along the way. What, for instance, has come of the Robbins principle today? By now the country should beve learned its lesson: education is a long-term pursuit, can only be conducted on the basis of widespread consensus and must be looked at as a whole. We might just be getting somewhere.

Lombard How to tackle urban decay

By IAN HAMILTON FAZEY

A GLOOMY plcture of Britain's urban future has been painted by Dr Ken Young of the London-based Policy Studies Institute. People in the south are probably not going to like it.

seminar run by Liverpool University's centre for urban studies. He suggested that the once-great cities of the north are now in such decline that only large numbers of public sector jobs can save them. The question was whether the buoyant south would put up

tion on the other side of the debate: Should we try to save declining cities at all? Should stable units capable of self-sufficiency?

questions must be faced now because debate has been delayed by recession and the squabble over abolition of the

Metropolitan counties. Economic upturn bas not solved the problem because benefits are not universal. As benefits are not universal. As Prof Nick Nelson of Ohio State University told the seminar: "They used to tell us blacks that a rising tide would lift all the boats in the US. It's not true. A rising tide will only lift those boats that are in the water.

Dr Young thinks there is oppor-tunity in every crisis. In this case it is that national policy might actually become predicated upon realism and bave some chance of success. He thinks we should have a proper

but to try to explain it away as a clash of Ideologies is to

to be a net disinvestment by the private sector. There is a fundamental restructuring of where and bow most of the haves" now live, with steady movement out of the cities to outer suburbs or the shire counties.

And Market an

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Moreover, changes from old to new tehnology are paralleled by national population drift from north to south. New patterns of opportunity are turning old northern cities into meladiusted dingsaure maladjusted dinosaurs.

The political dimension makes matters worse. It is not so much about right versus left This in turn raised the gues-ion on the other side of the beate: Should we try to save fectining cities at all? Should we encourage migration to beater their during or at least the courties were thorns in White-ball's side. Their demise will make divide-and-rule easier for the Government but will it help we encourage migration to make divide and rule easier for basten their demise, or at least the Government but will it help urban problems? Present policy centres on a project-by-project approach. If there is a strategy, can it work if it is not wholly supported or led by

local people ? Yet there is a model for doing things better. It is in Scotland which has a minister in the Cabinet and a develop-ment agency with real clout. loward investment and regeneration are proving attainable goals.

Yet there are only as many people in Scotland as in North-West England, or Yorkshire and Humberside, or the West Mid-lands, all of them natural groupings of about 5m people each

What about them having genuine regional self-govern-ment? Each would be a mixture of old cities. new suburbs, growing villages—big enough to form a stable, viable regional economy. As with concrete, strength comes from aggregation. The relative decline of Sheffield or Liverpcol would be halanced by better opportunities in nearby Leeds or Manchester that could be built upon.

What is needed is a regional policy, not a merely urban one. We are thinking too small. collapse of the economic struc-ture and worsening prospects problem: government and of work for tens of thousands Whitehall would have to of unskilled and semi-skilled people. Depopulation is proceeding inexorably under such market they do something, the south forces. Despite some high-profile projects, there appears an ever-mounting bill. There is also a practical

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Dr Young was addressing a

the money.

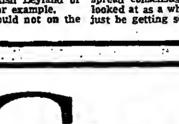
Many academics think these

For blacks read cities. But

strategy for the goverance of cities in the 21st century,

Liverpool is the extreme example of British urban crisis. The issue bas been obscured by Labour's revolutionary left,

miss the point. Other places are already on the same skids-collapse of the economic struc-ture and worsening prospects of work for tens of thousands



country's main educationists. For Mr Radice is succeeding in much money it is necessary to spend in order to do so, though persuading his party that edu-cation could be crucial in the

next election and that you do not win simply by saying that everything the Tories bave done The main thrust of Sir Keith's approach is that money is not all and that high staodards are sometimes achieved in relatively

Sir,-Recently I watched Lord Young in the House of Lords attempting, not very convincingly, to explain why the rich were being allowed to get richor while the standards of living of the peor had bardly improved at all. Lord Young said that it was Government policy to reward handsomely those individuals who created wealth and who, by their efforts, improved the lot of the

On April 3, in contrast, I beard Sir John Harvey-Jones (ICI) giving the Dimbleby lecture, during which be argued that the "we" and "they' attitudes in this country mus be cradicated and replaced by team spirit, if Britisb industry was to bave any chance at all of regaining lost ground.

By all means let those who create wealth be rewarded, but bere is a level beyond which Ithis policy, in practice, becomes indecent, selfish and very

dangerous Most really worthwhile managers, out of pride and interest in their important jobs, will give of their very best, without any massive salary incentive (the Prime Minister berself is an example) or blg reduction

an example) or blg reduction in the highest tax band. In doing so, they help to remove the industrial class distinction which bas done so much harm to British industry. Why does the Government allow share options for execu-tives who, within a relatively short period of service, can amass buge capital gains not (available to others in the company? company?

Why doesn't the Government Why doesn't the Government exhort or legislate to limit long termination clauses (for execu-tives only) and thus avoid golden handshakes to those who. more often than not, have failed?

failed? The Government would be wise to revise its view that only those who operate at the top create wealth and that those lower down play no part (soldiers and middle-ranking officers win wars as well as generals) for, if it is not care off it will ceain for itself a generals) for, if it is not call a ful, it will gain for itself a reputation for being uncaring and unfair, a subject on which a voters regard themselves as

experts. James Beattie. 71-78, Victoria Street, Wolverhampton.

to Baiden Barron Smith even though the company declares his interest in the Public Rela-tions Year Book 1966."

Letters to the Editor

ing from crisis to crisis. Profit sharing could be the last straw

for such companies, unless they change their style of management. Experience has

shown that this can be achieved, but it does need

pressure from many sides to make them do so. Peter W. Beck.

15 Belgrave Square, SW1.

BT final

call

Had the writer of the Labour Research article looked two lines further down our entry in the yearbook be or she would have seen that Political Research & Communication Inter-national is listed as an associate company of Baiden Barron Smith.

Peter Fry. as the article states, registers his interest in PR+CI and as the latter's associate we can call upon his ser-vices as necessary. He is not retained by Baiden Barron Smith, but we felt that It should be known that be is in a posi-

tion to advise us on an ad boc basis. For these reasons it is not necessary for Mr Fry to declare an interest, but it is sensible to mention his availability to us

in our industry's major re-ference book. Robin Balden. Baiden Barron Smith. 34, John Adam St, WC2.

Profit sharing and management

From the Chairman. Strategic Planning Society Sir,--Mr Brittan's interesting article (April 3) omits one vital factor necessary for the success of any profit sharing scheme: quality of manage-ment. Profit has been defined as "a sum as high or as low as the auditors will let you get away with." In companies where management wants a where management wants a quiet life, profit can be in-creased, at least for a few years, by cutting back on R&D. on laonches of new products, on training, in other words on activities essential for future month and prosperity

growth and prosperity. Under prosperaty. Under profit sharing, the need to balance short term advantages against longer term survival will become a matter of debate between man-segment and staff. In organisaagement and staff. In organisaagement and staff. In organisa-tions where management have clear ideas of their aims and objectives, where there is trust between them and their staff, such a debate is likely to be part of the management style anyway, so there should be no problems. But in companies where there is no such trust.

Wolverhampton. Ad hoc advice From Mr R. Baiden Sir, — In your report (April 4) on the April issue of Labour Research, the latter is said to have stated that Peter Fry, MP, "continues not to declare that be is a parliamentary adviser" between them and their staff, such a debate is likely to be part of the management style anyway, so there should be no problems. But in companies where there is no such trust, to strategic vision, or where it have stated that Peter Fry, MP, "continues not to declare that be is a parliamentary adviser" between them and their staff, such a debate is likely to be part of the management style so strategic vision, or where it to exacerbate mistrust and con-fict. It may also make bad management even more short-

Building up funds From Mr M. Miles. term oriented than it is to-day This is not an argument against profit sharing; it is a plea for recognition by econo

Malcolm Argent.

Sir,—It is easy for Mr Keating (March 27) to select questions from Eric Short's earlier article from Eric Short's earlier article and provide specious replies. He seems to assume throughout that all pension funding is aimed at tax avoidance. In practice the majority of employers act responsibly and many see tho present as an opportunity to build up funds to protect pensioners from future inflation. The problem of pension fund surpluses, if lt is a problem. mic commentators and political parties of the importance of strategic thinking and leader-ship throughout business and industry. Successful companies recognize this need and practice it. There are, unfortunately, many others who do not and who do not even realise what they are not doing and why they are in consequence totter-

surpluses, if it is a problem, bas arisen only in the last few years. The surpluses have accrued partly as a result of industrial conditions but largely bas from improved corporate profits and with them higher dividends and with them ingher dividends and stock prices. It is only a few years since the main con-cerns of pension schemes were their inadequate funds and the need for topping-np payments. It is not impossible that this situation could return. The Chancellor's proposals

bear all the signs of having been produced quickly without any consideration of the long-term consequences.

From the Secretary, British Telecom Sir,-Mr R. W. Jarvis wrote (April-9) about arrangements for paying the final instalment on British Telecom shares. It seems to have been for-gotten that the Inland Revenue already has immensely wide dis-These were, of course, made by the Department of Trade and cretionary powers. These, exer-cised with a little co-operation and coupled with an appropriete tax on any refunds paid to the Department of Trade and Industry and included instruc-tions to the receiving banks not to return receipted interim cartificates until cheques for the instalment had been cleared. This is being done as quickly as possible but, because of the large number of cheques to be handled (British Telecom has more than 1.6m shareholders) this has been a major task for employers, could have been used without the need for a statutory basis and all tha limitations imposed by it.

Martin W. Miles, Martin Paterson Associates, 10 Buckingham Place, SWI.

this has been a major task for the receiving banks. Just after Easter, when Mr Jarvis paid, the number of payments received by the banks was much Shopping around

From Mr P. Wolstenholme.

Sir,-Mr Armistead (April 1) may give a false impression of the goings-on in the Common Market. This corner of France. the "Pays de Ger." is not quite inside the EEC as it constitutes a free zone, set np in 1815 when the nearby city of Geneva joined the Swiss Confederation. Some 20.000 inhabitants. higher than normal and this prevented cheques being dealt with as quickly as everyone had As long as valid payment of the final instalment was received by April 9 shares will not be forfeited. not be fortened. Mr Jarvis also mentioned the difficulties be had experienced in getting through to our share-holder enquiry units. These were set up nearly a year ago to allow shareholders, using our 045 LinbLing carries to con-Some 20,000 inhahitants, squeezed into a strip of land squeezed into a strip of Jahn between Geneva and the Jura mountains, can in fact purchase a few items such as butter and sugar at world market prices. In a small way we attack the butter mountain by purchasing EEC butter back from Eastern Encode the Aminteed should Europe. Mr Armistead should not grumble at his good fortune.

P. Wolstenholme, 21 rue du Jura, 01630 St Genis-Pouilly,

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Another year of exciting developments

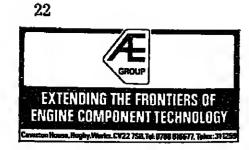
1985 Results

	1983†	1984	1985
Turnover	£547.0m	£763.8m	£867.3m
Operating profit	£39.6m	£70.9m	£88.1m
Profit before tax	£21.7m	£52.3m	£67.6m
Profit after tax and minorities	£11.5m	£39.1m	£44.9m
Earnings per ordinary share	13.3p*	35.7 p*	36.3p
Dividend per ordinary share	5.10p*	6.25p*	7.75p
ti king period and performe raise		adjusted for one-for-one	scrip issue 24 May 1985

Cookson Materials Division • Cookson Fry Division • Cookson Ceramics & Antimony Division • Cookson America Division • Tioxide Group PLC (50%)

Cookson Group pl Manufacturers of specialist materials for industry

Copies of the Annual Report will be available from 30th April and may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 14 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7AT



FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday April 11 1986

Patrick Blum examines Sofia's plans to improve economic efficiency

Bulgaria puts reforms to test

for new ways. It isn't a matter of co-

BULGARIA'S Communist authori- Alexandrov, a member of the Politties have set their country on a course of wide-ranging reforms which they hope will radically improve the economy and industrial performance.

The reforms, to be finalised by the summer, are a carrot-and-stick combination of incentives - a degree of self-management, higher pay for better work, tough new labour regulations and punishments for those who fail to perform adequately. Centralised planning will remain but enterprises will be given greater independeore in their

day to-day work. They hope this will help to overcome serious shortcomings that became more apparent last year and help to set the country on the road to modernisation.

Officials admit that the task will not be easy. Speaking to last week's party congress, Mr Todor Zhivkov, 74, Bulgaria's President and Communist leader, put the problem firmly in its context: "All of us have to overcome a specific Bulgarian contradiction ... the discrepancy between words and deeds."

In the run-up to the party congress the Bulgarian authorities carried out the most extensive changes in party and government personoel seen in Eastern Europe outside the Soviet Union, All the key industrial ministries were disbanded and three new supervisory councils set up to streamline the hureaucracy. Changes will now follow within the management structures of economic organisations and enterprises.

Will the reforms work when other earlier efforts failed? Foreign diplomats are sceptical hut circumstances may be more favourable.

ture electronics and machinery There is a new, relatively young and reform-minded team firmly in control in the party. Mr Chudomir

Benazir

throws

down

hanged.

huro and of the powerful central committee secretariat, who is in co-operation between two existing charge of a string of administrative companies, one Soviet and the othfunctions including reponsibility for party organisation, is typical of the er Bulgarian, on joint production new modernisers in power in Bul-garia today. He believes that the rewith a joint management team effectively giving the Soviets a direct say in the Bulgarian company. Bulgarians like to stress the unforms will work and he has placed high stakes on achieving success. iqueness of their reforms. "Other Last year's economic problems there were serious energy short-

ages, a sharp fall in agricultural

Foreign journalists, among them US and Swedish reporters, have reported claims by ethnic Turks in the southern Bulgarian town of Kurdzhali that they have been harassed into changing their names and dropping their Moslem religion, writes Our Foreign Staff. The Bulgarian authorities, who have claimed that the name-changing is voluntary and denied ob-structing religious practices, permitted the Western journalists' visit after the Communist Party congress

pying a pattern from any country. We have to find what is applicable to Bulgaria. I would not draw a parproduction and severe disruptions in industry - have convinced the authorities that changes must be allel, saying who's the first, who's made.

the second, or who's the most timid Then there is the pressure for change from Moscow. Soviet critiand who's the bravest." Mr Alexandrov says. Nevertheless, other officisms of the way the economy was cials suggest that what is being run and about the quality of goods supplied to the Soviet Union have done in Sofia could be a test for moves elsewhere. hitten deeply. Reforms now being undertaken in the Soviet Union are What the Bulgarian reforms will

not do is to liberalise the economy. "Socialism has its own principles," encouraging similar moves elsewhere, These were much talked Mr Alexandrov says. The stress is on improving efficiency. There is no about at the Bulgarian party coogress which called for deepening desire to develop private enterprise the integration of the two countries and although some competition will encouraged market forces will

Bank of England acts to quell

central bank had already used the

technique of lending at a penal rate

at 11 per cent. The bank lent £155m

at 11% per cent, a rate viewed in the

pressure for early rate cut

The three joint ventures estab-lished recently between Bulgaria will remain strictly controlled with some exceptions. Competition between enterprises were hailed as a new model of co-operation. The joint ventures are consumer goods where prices will prise. If the management is poor

not new enterprises. New plants be allowed more movement. "Promay be established in either coun- ducers will face the market directly try in the future. What is involved is and this will act as a stimulus," he says. But competition will not be al- to be closed down, Mr Alexandrov lowed in key sectors such as the says.

metallurgical industry. Mr Alexandrov says that the party will strengthen its role in the strategic management of the econo-my, but that the state will not interfere in the day-to-day work of enterpart in this process. Socialist countries are also looking prises. The state will provide the targets and not meddle any more.

> in Sofia. Bulgaria this week also rejected Turkish Government charges that Turkish journalists had been kept out of large areas of Bulgaria. Ankara Badio, for its part, has accused the Bulgarians of drop-ping from a 1985 reprint of a Pergamon Press book about President Todor Zhivkov earlier references to facilities enjoyed by Moslems in Bulgaria. Pergam-on, a UK publisher, said editorial control of the book was in Bulgerian hands. credits.

> > The rest will be up to the company. Under the principles of self-management "the workers will have to find the best way to meet the targets," Mr Alexandrov says. They will elect their supervisors and through a more indirect process take part in the selection of managers. They will have a greater say in the organisation of work, pay will be more flexible, and they will decide how profit should be distrihuted or used to expand the company. To provide an extra incentive the production of consumers goods will be stepped up.

> > If the company does hadly its workers and managers will be held responsible. The enterprise will then have to find ways to become more efficient - this could involve

then it will have to be replaced, but if the performance of the enterprise does not improve then it will have

The entry of Elders IXL into the battle for BHP yesterday morning The state will use several instruments - taxes, pricing, tariffs, its in Australia was quite hreathtakown orders - to reward or punish ingly deft. Institutional shareholdenterprises. The hanks will also be ers in BHP were poised to sell at least a part of their holdings to Bell. restructured to play a more active And since AS2bn in credit lines is A new "economic bank" that will take up some of the functions of the nothing to a company that evident-

and the second second

ly could rely on the best part of Cibn for its assault on Allied Lyons, foreign trade hank will be set up to it was merely a matter of offering finance and provide services for the right price to shake out wohhly large enterprises. Loans, credits and foreign currency to buy foreign machinery will be allocated accordinstitutions in Australia and London: A\$7.36 a share contains a premium to a fundamental valuaing to an enterprise's performance. The more efficient ones, particulartion knocked sideways hy the oil price and a discount to the Bell of-fer which may be justified by its partial and mercurial nature. ly those that export, will be rewarded with cheaper and more

Whether the BHP hoard had a In addition there will be a new lasay in Elders' purchase of nearly 20 bour code aiming to encourage workers towards the more proper cent of its equity is open to guestion. What is clear is that the ductive sectors and discourage future of Australia's largest compathem from constantly changing ny lies not so much with the board jobs - a serious problem especially as with those new men, Mr Elliott and Mr Holmes a Court. The possiamong the lesser skilled. Workers will have to give at least 60 days no-tice and if they leave before that they will lose their benefits. hilities ramify out of sight. For the moment, the credit lines

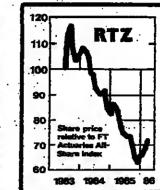
Mr Zhivkov is said to have want ed tougher controls but any further tightening would have run the risk of infringing international labour conventions. In the event the Government reserves itself the right to introduce more legislations.

All of which suggests some tough times ahead for Bulgaria. Whether, as Mr Zhivkov puts it, the discrepancy between words and deeds can be overcome, is open to speculation But there is no doubt about the authorities' resolve to push ahead.

> Not that it matters much to the market. The injection of some A\$1.3bn direct into the Australian equity market yesterday morning sent every index through the roof.

RTZ It may have been Rio Tinto-Zinc's brush - actual or imagined - with have felt the need to recoup its the glamour of Australian takcover filt in the same of assome jus-activity, or it may have been a re-evaluation, but somehow this year from yesterday's disposal fo West-RTZ has got itself re-rated. Having pac Banking of the largest saleable doggedly underperformed the market since the middle of 1983. RTZ's share price has enjoyed a tremen-dous run, and yesterday's figures and dullish prospects knocked only Sp off, to 718p.

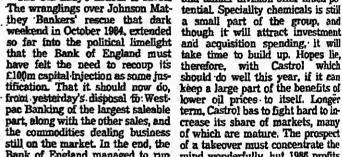
THE LEX COLUMN The battle of **Broken Hill**



The 10 per cent increase in net profit attributable to RTZ at £236m was quite as anybody expected, even if its composition was not. Had RTZ translated its earnings at averremain in place for a further Elders tilt at Allied; but it is hard to imagine Elders devoting as much ef-

fort to mastering the intricacies of simply remarkable. UK monopolies and mergers policy with such a fat fish to fry. What But the market seems to have dehappens in Australia is another cided that RTZ should at last be recognised for its wide and long horiz- the 18.6 per cent increase in the divmatter, Bell is quite as flexible an operator as Elders and was merrily ons and its diverse strength: last buying its shares yesterday: the Elyear the energy interests saved the day, this year lower capital spend-ing and the industrial interests of what is left if a hidder is not to be ders price in London seemed to be suggesting that Mr Holmes à Court should take their place. Of course, admitted, and that will not be easy might pick up his 20 per cent of BHP through Elders instead. Or El-BHP through Elders instead. Or El flat earnings are flat earnings, ex-ders might place stock with BHP, or cept that they are now rated on a Bell makes its escape - and so it multiple of nine.

> JMB/Westpac The Old Lady's honour is saved.



ent complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchang relative an offer of, or finitation to subscribe for or purchase, any Bonds.

and extract a premium to net worth of £17.5m; not bad when a week ago Lloyds Bank hoped to huy Standard Chartered for less than net asset value. Westpac's desire to establish a global gold trading network makes that price for membership of the London gold market – and oper-ations in New York and Hong Kong – well worth paying. But the Bank of England cannot forget the whole sorry saga until the last of the bad loans are recovered or written off and the legal thicket is cleared.

11

Burmah Oil

SCOTCH

It has taken years for Burmah Oil's management to grasp all the netties allowed to thrive by its predecessors. Now the task is almost complete. Most important a buyer has at last been found for the Bahamas terminal, even if it is costage instead of year-end rates, the ing the UK oil group £21m in ex-growth would have been 25 per traordinary losses which will only 45 cent. Equally, weak local currencies be partly recouped in the sale price. growth would have been 25 per traorumary losses which whi way cent. Equally, weak local currencies be partly recouped in the sale price. and tight controls were bound to have a strong benefit on costs in Australia and South Africa; but the c79.6m pushed the share price up quadrupling of sterling profits from 27p to 364p yesterday. The rise may the Rossing uranium operation is not represent a sigh of relief so much as an increase of hid hopes.

Perbaps that was in Burmah's thoughts, too, and cynics ettribute idend to a pre-bid defence rather than generosity to shareholders. this year. The exploration and production business, which Burmah now stresses is a small part of the d

whole, will clearly not be a growth area in 1986 even though Thistle field production is still profitable at these oil prices. Nor does the LNG and tanker division offer much potential. Speciality chemicals is still a small part of the group, and though it will attract investment therefore, with Castrol which should do well this year, if it can keep a large part of the benefits of lower oil prices to itself. Longer term, Castrol bas to fight hard to in-Bank of England managed to run mind wonderfully, hut 1985 profits auction for the bullion, foreign ex change and treasury businesses last year.

G

THE Bank of England acted yester- move to lower interest rates. The gauntlet day to calm London money markets and head off. expectations that Tuesday's % perceotage-point cut in three weeks ago to quell pressure bank base lending rates might be for a second base rate cut immedi-Tuesday's % perceotage-point cut in **Continued from Page 1** the late Mr Bhutto whose picture followed immediately by another ately after rates had moved down to was carried by hundreds of people. The plctures depicted him as Prime reductioo.

and the Soviet Union to manufac-

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN LONDON

ecr

11% per cent. Britain's central bank refused to Yesterday's action was widely exbuy bills from the discount houses and instead lent money to them for many of the discount houses bad alone week at a negal rate of interest. dy met their needs for lic

\$1,4845 and DM 3,4175. The Bank of England's effective 'exchange rate index, which closes earlier in the afternoon, gained 0.1 to 75.9.

share recorded the higgest rise in

its history, ending 31.3 up at 1,890.3.

Barclays Bank followed its base

ebuyers' borrowing costs.

Details, Page 11; Money markets,

Page 35

By Dominic Lawson in London The London stock market, however, was more suphoric and share BURMAH OIL, the UK's oldest oil prices rose sharply after three days exploration company and the first of losses. The FT Ordinary share in- company to find oil in the North dex ended 25 points higher at Sea, said yesterday it will cease its 1,401.5, while the broader FT-SE 100 activities as an offshore operator.

to quit as offshore operator

Burmah Oil

Lia and Marcos hhai, bhai (hrother, brother), chanted the crowd, illustrating how they hoped Miss Bhutto's return would lead to the fall of a second Asian president within a few weeks.

Minister, locked up in jall and being

By contrast, posters showed Col Gadaffi, Libya's leader, hand in hand with Mr Bhutto, symbolising opposition to the US. Chants of "Zia dog" were mixed with "Americans dog," and a US flag was hurned.

Last night, Miss Bhutto addressed the higgest political meet-ing seen in Lahore in living memory. She pledged her party to unify Pakistan and to lead it to election victory.

She traded heavily on the memory of her late father and told a meeting, estimated to total at least 300,000: "The sight of you people makes me feel my father is still alive before my eyes."

Her father had told her when be was in jail before being executed that she would have to "sacrifice everything" for Pakistan. "I am willing to do that. I will live and die if necessary for this mission." she declared

It was almost inevitable that the return home of Miss Bhutto from exile in Europe after years of house arrest in Karachi, southern Pakistan, would draw huge, excited crowds of curious as well as political supporters.

But her success was significant not only because of the size of the crowds hut because it took place in the province of Punjah, which is army-dominated and is less likely to give Bhutto a rapturous welcome than the family's home province of Sidd and the provincial capital of Karachi. idate its position

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Three-month money market interest rates had earlier moved below 10% per cent, % points below the new bank base rates. The central bank stepped in after Wednesday's announcement of money sup-ply figures for March, which showed growth well outside of the official target, failed to deter the

markets.

The authorities have been conweek bas been resolved. cerned at the apparent euphoria in London's financial markets and have favoured a more cautious

money markets as more painful than the one applied when the techrate cut earlier in the week by announcing it was lowering its mort-ploration a gage rate on home loans hy ½ point two-thirds. nique was used last month. Discount house dealers said the from May L Its mortgage rate had move was a forceful signal that the before been higher than the prevailauthorities did not want another cut ing building society rate of 12 per cent, so the new level of 11% per in base rates at least until the meeting of Opec due to take place next cent is not expected to trigger a more widespread reduction in hom-

Sterling remained strong on for-

eign exchange markets and closed in London only slightly lower at Westpac to **UK pay awards 'must**

buy most come down' of JMB BY OUR ECONOMICS STAFF

Continued from Page 1 Matthey Bankers will disappear.

N.M. Rothschild, the merchant

hank, issued a statement yesterday

on behalf of the members welcom-

ing Mase-Westpac and saying that its arrival would further strengthen

the London gold market and consol-

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Readings at misi-day yesterday

0-Drozie F-Fair

JMB's gold husiness is said to be profitable, although precise figures are not available and its perfor-mance has suffered through uncerof England said yesterday in its quarterly bulletin. tainties about its ownership.

With oil prices at S15 a harret instead of \$30 British inflation could Westpac intends to absorb the acbe ¼ to ¼ per cent lower than it quisition into Mase-Westnac, its exwould have been in 1986, with a similar gain the following year. isting bullion subsidiary, and use it to develop a global hullion trading husiness. The transferred entity Other countries, however, would receive a greater benefit to inflation will retain its UK hanking status as since Britain's gain will be partially well as its membership of the exclu-sive five-member London gold maroffset by the inflationary effect of a lower exchange rate.

"It is crucial that wage hargainers recognise that foreign competi-tors also gain from lower oil prices, comes,

oil prices are not to be thrown away ducing their pay settlements in line in a once and for all gain, the Bank with their falling (if not vanishing) of England said yesterday in its inflation rates, the Bank said. the North Sea." Mr Urquhart said Burmah would try to find other companies to take over its operating obligations and would plan to reduce its North Sea interests to pure equity stakes of about 10 per cent In the past, Bur-Wage costs per unit of output were rising at a rate of 4% per cent a year by the end of last year, above the average of most other industrial mah has taken stakes of around 30 countries. This contributed to a loss per cent in North See hlocks.

in competitiveness. With average earnings still in-Burmah's share price rose 27p yesterday to 364p after the company announced net profits for 1985 up 43 per cent at £52.1m and the lisposal of its loss-making Bahamas oil terminals.

UK electricity prices. Page 9; Fenture, Page 20; Burmah results, Page 28

Japan's World Bank role IMF outlook on

Continued from Page 1

effective veto over changes in the are calling for an increase in its Bank's articles of association.

to, so consideration is being given to lowering the veto level to 15 per cent, the same as that in the IMF. This would require altering the articles of association, hovever, a 21 fundamental constitutional change which would present other share-

30 39 77 84 63 73 1 1 1 1 1 1 seek changes too. Developing countries might, for 20 example, seek to increase their influence in the institution. There are 41

55 shareholding. 77 Of more immediate concern is

Most of the major industrial countries which contribute to the IDA share in the lending agency.

Continued from Page 1 through detailed analysis of such factors as interest and exchange rates, current account balances, budgetary positions.

A hint of official concern about The idea is strongly supported by the situation came in a speech Mr Lawson, who likened it to the medium-term financial strategy which Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, the Governor of the Bank of Engnow in operation in Britain, but land, gave to the Development Com-West Germany and Japan are less mittee of the Bank and the IMP

enthusiastic. Mr Onno Ruding, the Finance Minister of the Netherlands and "We have heard with special atchairman of the Interim Committention what the Japanese Deputy tee, said that a majority of coun-Minister has said about his countries had rejected any move totry's wish to assume a greater share in the World Bank in relation zones for the main currencies. zones for the main currencies.

to its IDA contributions," be re-In his remarks to the Interim marked, after saying that the UK Committee, Mr Baker made clear the implication of Japan's stance. supports a \$12hn IDA replenish- that Washington was still looking ment and will retain its existing | for significant improvements in the international monetary system.

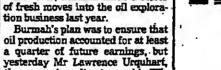
ploration and production team by Burmah's original North Sea interests form some of the best assets of Britoil, the UK's largest explora-tion company. Burman sold these interests, including a large stake in the Ninian field, to what was then the British Netional Oil Corpora tion because it was unable to finance development. However, Burmah made a series

Initially the company is to cut it

planned 1986 exploration budget by

at least 50 per cent to about £13m

(\$19m) and reduce its 130-man ex-



£50.000.000

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11th April, 1985

funding to S12bn, now being negotiated. But officials say this goal would be impossible to reach if Ja-The US insists on retaining a vepan were to reduce its proportionate contribution.

holders with the opportunity to

yesterday. also fears about how the world's financial markets, which provide the 13 World Bank with most of its funds, 13 would react to a cut in the US 4 39

creasing at an underlying rate of 7% per cent a year, compared with re-tail price inflation now at 5.1 per cent and expected to fall, there was room for workers to accept lower pay settlements and still receive an increase in their real disposable in-

tion business last year. Burmah's plan was to ensure that oil production accounted for at least a quarter of future earnings, but yesterday Mr Lawrence Urquhart, the managing director, said: "We have huilt up an operating capability but at current.oil prices we have BRITAIN'S pay settlements must which will have fallen even further come down, if the benefits of lower in foreign curencies, and will be reno development prospects. ... we will withdraw from operations in in foreign curencies, and will be re-

world economy



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SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS FINANCIAL TIMES Friday April 11 1986

WOLSELEY From Truro to Texas we're growing from strength to strength Major distributors of heating and plumbing materials in U.K. and U.S.A.

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BUOYANT STOCK MARKETS LIFT COMMISSION EARNINGS 21%

Last And The Rest of The West and and

Commerzbank profits soar

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

es throughout USA and Cana

Tel. 01-353 6851 Telex 25916

COMMERZBANK, one of the leading West German commercial banks, has made a strong start to 1966 after piling up record operat-ing profits last year of more than DM 1bn (\$129m) in the parent company and about DM 1.5bn in tha group.

Mr Walter Seipp, chief executive, said partial operating profit, which excludes earnings from the bank's own-account trading in securities and foreign enchange, rose in the first two months by 19 per cent to DM 145m.

 ~ 0.0

He said the interest margin; the difference between interest earned and paid, had fallen slightly from the 1985 level of 2.56 per cent, but the bank had more than made up for this with an increase in business volume. As a result interest profits in January and February rose by 5 per cent.

Thanks above all to buoyant stock market business, commission earnings jumped by no less than 21 per cent. Results from all subsidiries were good; Mr Seipp said, but he did not hazard an early dividend forecast for the year.

For 1985 Commerzbank propose to raise its payout to 16 per cent from 12 per cent. Of the other "big three German banks, Deutsche Bank is paying 24 per cent and Dresdner Bank 20 per cent.

Montedison expands stake in Erbamont

By Alan Friedman in Milan

MONTEDISON, Italy's chemicals, health care, energy and financial services group, said yesterday it was paying \$125m for a 13 per cent shareholding in its subsidiary, the Erbamont Pharmaceuticals holding company, from Hercules; the US

chemicals group. The acquisition takes Montedis on's holding in Erbamont to 84.6 per cent. The stake was origin cents from 38 cents a share. transferred to Hercules in-1963 when Montedison and Hercules formed Himont Polypropylene, a Mr Mario Schimberni, Montedis: on chairman, said the increased. stake in Erhamont, which is based in the Dutch Antilles and quoted on Wall Street, would enable Montedison to expand its pharmaceuticals interests further. He hinted both at acquisitions in exchange for Erbamont shares and at new investments which "Erbamont could finance-by means of equity issues." The latter statement appears to confirm rumours in Milan that Montedison is planning a large share issue for Erbamont on the New York Stock Exchange, possibly before the summer. The size of the issue is not known but could total more than \$100m. Erbamont's consolidated net profit rose 41 per cent last year to L97.1bn (\$61m) on total revenues of L1.256bn, ar increase of 11 per cent on 1984.



Walter Seipp were relatively modest at just over DM 50m and the bank bad put up Defending a widely-criticised between DM 150m and DM 200m in February rights issue, during which the market price for the old shares fresh money for debtor countries temporarily dropped below the DM in Latin America 300 set for the new ones, Mr Seipp said Commerzbank had been oil price fall would on balance bencaught by a sudden stock market

setback that bad hit banking shares

oridwide.

tries, this did not mean an automatic solution to the debt crisis. For ex-The Commerzbank issue had to ample, few had expected a couple of years ago that South Africa would be carried through against what Mr Seipp called "unfriendly back-ground music," But what ultimately join the ranks of problem countries. counted was that DM 900m had Details of Commerzbank's 1985 been raised, bringing the group's li- results, now released, show parent

steady

able equity to DM 4.78hn compared bank interest profits up by 8.3 per with DM 3.1bn at end-1984, he said. cent to DM 1.9bn and commission earnings soaring by 25 per cent to DM 845m. The parent's balance That meant Commerzbank was able to meet the tougher capital-lending ratio specified in the newlysheet total rose by some DM 10bn to DM 82.6bn and that of the group revised German credit law without by DM 14.5hn to DM 137.2bn. rving to use the transition period to 1991 which the law permits.

Commerzbank was quick to broaden its funding base by making The bank has achieved higher use of new instruments, including earnings and a stronger capital base against a background of zero coupon bonds and floating rate notes, permitted in the liberalisa-tion of the German capital markets omestic economic growth, expected to strengthen this year, and no major new burden in 1985 last May. from the international debt prob-

But Mr Seipp chided both the Bonn Finance Ministry and the However, Mr Seipp noted that the group was putting more than DM 1bn of last year's earnings into Bundesbank for failing to take still more thorough-going steps. In par-ticular, he appealed again for aboliloan-loss provision, of which some two-thirds was for foreign country tion of the stock market turnover tax, which hindered development of risk Actual loan losses last year a secondary market in Floating Rate Notes (FRNs) in Germany.

 Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank, the West German me chant and commercial bank, raised partial operating profit sharply in the first quarter of this year after Mr Seipp said that although the an increase of 13.5 per cent to DM 140.5m in the whole of 1985. efit the world economy, not least the oil-importing developing coun-

Contributing to last year's buoyant performance were boosts in interest profits of 11.2 per cent to DM 248m and in commission earnings of 19 per cent to DM 128m. The divi dend for this year is being raised to 24 per cent after 21 per cent before.

Intel hit by \$22m loss in quarter

By Louise Kehoe In San Francisco

INTEL, the US semico manufacturer, has reported a net loss of \$22m, or 19 cents per share, for the first quarter ending March 29. During the same quarter last year, Intel had a net income of \$11m, or 9 cents per

Revenues for the first quarter of 1986 were \$289m, down from \$375m a year ago. The first-quar-ter net loss includes a \$7.6m onetime gain from the pre-payment of a low interest debt obligation. Intel's earnings have been dra-

matically reduced over the past 18 months by an industry-wide recession. The company indicat-

chief operating officer.

from the previous quarter de-spite a general improvement in semiconductor orders. The com-

tel. Second, we had unusually strong demand for some systems it eald

Intel benefited, however, from price increases on its Eprom (Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory) chips. In March, the company raised its Eprom prices by 25 per cent. Eprom prices left dramatically in 1985, but are now rising. This is largely due to the increased value of the yen, which is putting upward pressure on prices of chips com-ing from Japan, and to a Com-

Hiram Walker cleared to sell liquor division

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

THE ONTARIO Supreme Court has controlled by Toronto's Reichmann dismissed an application to block family. Hiram Walker Resources, the Cana- In his ruling, Judge Robert Mont-

dian spirits and energy group at the centre of a fierce takeover battle, gomery endorsed Hiram's tactics of selling off its liquor business to Allied-Lyons in an effort to frustrate from selling its liquor business to Allied-Lyons, the British food Olympia's takeover bid. He accepted assurances by two Hiram directors that the sole purpose of oppos-

The court's decision came as ing Olympia was "to maximise val-Olympia & York, the real estate and resources group which sought the injunction against the sale, ponues for all Hiram Walker shareholders." Gulf Canada's initial offer con-

dered its next move in the contest sisted of a partial bid for up to 26m for Hiram. Olympia, whose 80 per cent-owned subsidiary Gulf Canada Hiram common shares at a price of C\$32 a share and one series of premade the initial bid for control of ferred shares at CS28.63 each. Gulf Hiram last month, has yet to reand Olympia have subsequently exspond to a surprise competing offer by TransCanada PipeLines, the tended their offer to all 112m common shares (including conversions and warrants) at a price of C\$35 Toronto energy and gas transmission group apiece. TransCanada's tender offer

Hiram's board is widely expected o react more favourably to Transis for C\$36.50 a share. The judge also turned down Canada's CS4.1bn (USS2.97bn) offer Olympia's request for an injunction than to the unwelcome overtures barring Hiram from using the profrom Olympia, a private company ceeds of the CS2.8bn liquor business

sale to Allied Lyons to finance an offer by a new company, Fingas in-vestment, for up to 50m Hiram shares at C\$40 each. Hiram and Allied are the controlling shareholders in Fingas. The judge said "the use of corpo-

rate funds to benefit all sharebolders is quite proper.

Both the Olympia and TransCa-nada bids are conditional on Fingas withdrawing its offer. Olympia, which already bas an 11

per cent voting interest in ruran, bas been supported up to now by the target company's largest current sharebolder, Interprovincial Pipeline, which has a stake of roughly 15 per cent.

But Interprovincial's chairman, Mr Robert Heule, told the annual meeting in Toronto that the company will consider TransCanada's proposal. He said: "We have one purpose - to get the best value for the 12.7m sbares in Hiram Walker that we hold."

Setback for Teledvne

By Our New York Staff TELEDYNE, the Los Angeles-based liversified manufacturing group, has reported sharply lower firstquarter net earnings of \$63.6m, or 5.45 a share, 48 per cent lower than

the \$123.5m, or \$10.54, for the corresponding period a year earlier. The decline reflects much smaller gains on the sale of portfolio investments by Teledyne's insurance sub-sidiaries, which heavily influence The offer will comprise 29,000

its quarterly results. The 1985 first quarter included \$91.6m in investment sales gains compared with ust S4m in the latest period.

March 1986

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Excluding these gains, first-The board will also seek a maxinum of SFr 100m nominal value in quarter after-tax operating income approved participation-certificates capital. This would be created withincreased to \$59.8m, or \$5.11, from \$31.9m, or \$2.72, Sales slipped marout drawing rights and used to back. ginally to \$805.9m from \$818.1m. The group's casualty insurance warrant bond issue should capital-market conditions prove favoursubsidiaries posted improved underwriting results in the quarter.

energy loan reserves by 50% BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK TEXAS AMERICAN Bancshares,

cluding a \$36m addition to reserves. Last week RepublicBank's Dallas the Fort Worth banking group, has become the latest Texas bank to an-nounce a substantial strengthening rival, MCorp warned that it expects to post up to a \$130m first-quarter loss as a result of nearly doubling in its reserves for troubled energy loans by making a \$44m first-quarits loan loss reserves.

Texas American strengthens

fer special loan loss provision. As a result Tenas <u>American</u> said it-plunged to a \$23m first-quarter net The problems of the Texas enerer len ders as a result of plunging oil prices has already sparked con-cern in Washington and led to one big failure. Last weekend US bank has and slashed its quarterly dividend by more than a third to 25 regulators closed Mainland Sav-ings, a \$1bn Houston savings and Texas American, the eighth largest Texas banking group and the

Texas American said that as a re-

and the adequacy of the group' loan loss reserve. Mr Bond added that the size o

the loss reserve addition was based

stalised company" with a primary capital ratio of 6.7 per cent, "well above the regulator minimum of 5.5 per cent." He expects the banking group to be profitable during the of the v

ed, however, that it anticipates better business conditions. "We think the first quarter was the bottom of this cycle," said Dr Andrew S. Grove, president and Intel's revenues were down

pany offered two explanations. "First, IBM, our largest custom-er, bought less because it is working off inventory acquired under its 1985 contract with In-

products in the fourth quarter," Intel benefited, however, from

of \$15 a barrel. Mr Bond'said that Texas Ameri-can Bancshares remains a well cap-ing inon Japan, and to a Com-merce Department preliminary ruling imposing dumping duties itslised company" with a primary

Sulzer Bros back in profit with SFr 42m BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH SULZER Brothers, the Swiss engi-

group.

rate had been SFr 140 per share unneering concern, returned to profit last year with consolidated net til 1979 and SFr 100 for the two following years. earnings of SFr 42m (\$21.3m). This The board will also propose rais-ing almost SFr 63.5m through a

one-for-six rights issue of shares and participation certificates.

Group sales rose by 7.3 per cent to a record SFr 4.54bn, and new orregistered shares of SFr 1,000 nomiders were up 4.4 per cent last year il value at a unit price of SFr 1,600 and up to 106,671 certificates of SFr 100 nominal value at SFr 160 each.

The Winterthur-based parent company, which booked net profits f SFr 26.4m after a 1984 loss of SFr 5.2m, proposes to resume dividend ayments, with a distribution for 1985 of SFr 80 per share and SFr 8 per participation certificate.

This would be the same dividend as was paid for 1982. The payout able later this year.

compares with a group loss of SFr 18m in 1984 and one of SFr 102m the previous year. to SFr 4.78bn.

Rhône Poulenc continues recovery

By David Marsh In Paris

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RHONE POULENC, the French state-owned chemicals group, increased net profits 16.2 per cent last year to FFr 2.31bn (\$310m), continuing several years of recovery based on the upturn in the world chemi cals market.

The company, which is among the prime candidates for speedy denationalisation by the new right-wing Government, boosted turnover by 9.6 per cent to FFr 56.1bn. Mr Loik Le Floch Prigent, the chairman, has already admitted thet the fall in the dollar could pose problems this year. It will increase the company's difficulties in competing with US groups on export markets. Rhone Poulenc's target is thus to try to keep 1986 results at a similar level to last year's.

shareholders Private from France and abroad now have a nonvoting stake in the company of around 7 per cent as a result of an issue of non-voting preference shares last autumn. Mr Le Floch, although appointed by the previous Socialist Government in July 1982, has said be would favour partial denationalisation of the company, which passed into state ownership in February 1982.

Johnson & Johnson

JOHNSON & JOHNSON, the US drugs and health care group, is taking an after-tax write-off of \$250m in the first quarter as a result of its abandoning the market for sophisticated body-scanning equipment. An incorrect figure was published in yesterday's edition.

\$6.4bn to year-end assets, is the third Texas bank to unveil a substantial strengthening in its loan loss reserve cushion in the first quarter and the second banking group to announce a net loss in the first quarter as a result.

Among the larger Texas banking groups, RepublicBank announced a 35 per cent decline in first-quarter net earnings earber this week to \$23.1m after making a \$52m provi-sion for possible loan losses - in-

sult of its special provision its loan loss reserves would be increased by 50 per cent to \$84m, or 1.72 per cent of total loans, from \$58m or 1.18 per cent of total loans at the end of

. Mr Lewis Bond, Texas Ameriprovision was made because of the recent weeks and because of uncertainties about future energy prices

The banking group said the spe-cial first-quarter loan loss provision resulted from a careful review of its energy loan portfolio and noted that "although energy loans account for a large portion of the allocated re-serves, Texas American Banc-shares' energy portfolio continues

can's chairman, said the exception, to decline, and at \$424m, represents less than 10 per cent of the loan dramatic fall in oil and gas prices in portfolio, a much smaller percentage than most Texas Bank holding companies."

Two NY banks lift earnings BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

ne tax rate.

\$1.62

banks, Irving Bank and Bank of New York, yesterday reported high-New York, yesterday reported high-er first-quarter earnings as the re-porting season for banks began to get into full swing. Irving Bank, parent of Irving Trust, the eighth largest bank in New York and the 17th biggest in the country, raised net profits from \$27.3m or \$1.44 a share to \$30.4m or inco

est rate spread improved by 11 basis points to 3.31 per cent.

Non-performing loans amounted to \$335.1m at the end of the latest quarter, against \$283.8m at tha end of 1985 and \$309.1m at March The result continues an almost : unbroken trend of quarterly earn-ings advances at Irving in the past three years. Assets at the end of the 311985.

latest quarter were \$20.9bn, up from At Bank of New York, parent of the ninth biggest bank in New York state and the 18th biggest national-\$20.5bn a year earlier. Mr Joseph Rice, chairman, attrib-

nrodu

the total

TWO medium-sized New York uted the rise to higher net interest by, net profits rose more sharply and non-interest income. These from \$32.8m or \$1.67 a share to \$41.1m or \$1.97. were offset partially by increases in the provision for loan losses, to \$19.5m from \$10.8m in the compar-The rise reflected a 20 per cent in

crease in net interest earnings to \$150.8m. Loan loss provisions rose from \$26m in the 1985 first quarter able period, and a higher effective Net interest income rose 5.7 per to \$40m, while net charge-offs rose to \$29.9m from \$15.4m. cent to \$140.5m, while the net inter-

The increase in net interest earnings was attributed to a \$2.5bn expansion in loan volume couples

with an improvement in the net interest rate spread to 2.68 per cent from 2.52 per cent a year earlier.

Foreign exchange profits and se-curities trading gains were \$3.8m in the latest quarter, up from \$1.3m a year earlier.

East Asiatic Kaiser Aluminum back plans 1-for-2 in profit for quarter

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

drop in fabricated product price KAISER Aluminum and Chemical, the US aluminium group which has been fighting a prolonged battle against a determined takeover conreal sations. He said he believed fabricated al-

sortium, swung back into profit in the first quarter of this year and gave an optimistic forecast for earnings over the rest of 1988. Net income amounted to \$7.2m or

14 cents a share, against a loss of sion to return to profitability this year and the corporation as a whole to report a profit for 1988. \$25.5m, or 60 cents a share in the same period of last year. Sales rose to \$531m from \$472m. A significant element in the im-

proved results was a non-recurring credit of \$32.5m for income received for an agreement to cancel an energy supply contract. The company said it was also helped, however, by reduced aluminium production

costs, and that these two factors together more than offset a "signifi-cant" year-to-year decline in fabricated aluminium prices.

As a result, said Mr Cornell Maier, chairman, the aluminium division reduced its operating loss to \$22.1m in the first quarter from \$69.2m in the year-earlier period, despite a 9 per cent year-to-year of \$21.50 a share.

rights issue By Hilary Barnes in Copeni EAST ASIATIC, the Danish manu facturing and trading group, bas proposed a one-for-two rights issue in addition to the one-for-10 scrip is-swe already announced. The rights inium prices had bottomed out in the first quarter. Increases al-ready effective in the marketplace will improve fabricated product realisations in the second quarter."

issue, of nominally DKr 382.5m (\$44.5m) will be priced at 200 per cent of par, raising DKr 765m. Group net sales from shipping, shipbuilding, manufacturing and He expected the aluminium divitrading activities by its 122 companies to all parts of the world, were down from DKr 17.98bn to DKr 16.69bn, reflecting exchange

Shipments in the first quarter to-tailed 205,400 tons, 22 per cent above the 168,500 tons logged in the same period of 1985. Fabricated movements. Gross operating profits fell from DKr 4.26bn to DKr 3.99bn but profts amounted to 94 per cent of

its after depreciation and net finan-cial costs increased from DKr 361m Last month, Kaiser defeated a bid by a group of investors led by Mr J. A. Frates, an Oklahoma busito DKr 433m. The net surplus rose from DKr 151m to DKr 200m Group debt was reduced from DKr 11.1bn to DKr 8.5bn and the ranessman, to oust the company's

board. But the investor organisation, which owns 21.5 per cent of the aluminium group, has since said it tio of equity to assets rose from 19 per cent to 23.7 per cent. The group has fought back from will launch a proxy fight to win con-

two years of beavy losses in 1981 and 1982, when the dividend was trol of the board, and is considering sweetening its hostile takeover bid cancelled.

2,200,000 Shares

Common Stock



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The First Boston Corporation

Burns Fry and Timmins Inc.

Hambros Bank

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.	Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.	Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation
Drexel Burnham Lambert	Goldman, Sachs & Co.	Hambrecht & Quist
E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.	Kidder, Peabody & Co.	Lazard Frères & Co.
Montgomery Securities	PaineWebber	Prudential-Bache
Robertson, Colman & Stephen		thschild, Unterberg, Towbin, Inc.
Salomon Brothers Inc She	arson Lehman Brothers Inc. Sm	lith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.
S. G. Warburg, Rowe & Pitma	m, Akroyd Inc. Wertheim & Co.,	
Allen & Company Ar	nhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc.	A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.
Oppenheimer & Co., Inc.	Т	homson McKinnon Securities Inc.
ABD Securities Corporation	County Securities Limited	Daiwa Securities America Inc.
Eberstadt Fleming Inc.	Kleinwort, Benson	The Nikko Securities Co.
Nomura Securities Internation		
Swiss Bank Corporation Intern	national Securities Inc.	UBS Securities Inc.
Wood Gundy Corp.	Yama	ichi International (America), Inc.
Morgan Grenfell & Co. P.	ierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V.	J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co.



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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986



Nippon Life Insurance Company The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

Provided by

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited The Mitsui Trust and Banking

Company, Limited The Norinchukin Bank

The Shoko Chukin Bank

The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Company, Limited

Asahi Mutual Life Insurance Company The Dai-ichi Mutual Life Insurance Company

The Meiji Mutual Life Insurance Company Sumitomo Life Insurance Company The Taiyo Mutual Life Insurance

Company

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

GE increases first-quarter earnings by 5%

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

ditional costs oo corporate restructuring programmes. Although GE did not break out

at one of its manufacturing plants figures for separate divisions, it which has oow been resolved. Mr

boost profit

RAYTHEON, the diversified US electronics group, reported a 5.2 per cent advance in first-quarter oet earnings on sales which grew by

The Massachusetts-based group, which has been investing heavily in its Beech Starship rear-turboprop business aircraft, said first-quarter net earnings increased to \$92.3m, or \$1.19 a share, on sales of \$1.73bc against net earnings of \$87.8m, or \$1.04, on sales of \$1.53bn a year

Raytheon said strong sales growth continued in electronics, the group's largest business area. and noted that higher sales were also achieved by its energy services and household appliances businesses. These gains, however, were offset by "significantly lower sales" at the group's Beech Aircraft subsidiary reflecting the continuing recession in the personal aviatioo industry."

The company said significant in come gains in defeoce electronics systems were partly offset by de pressed operating performance at Beech, which Raytheon acquired in 1980, and in its Badger chemical and petroleum plant design and construction white area starting

US \$225,000,000

GENERAL ELECTRIC, the US stressed that its financial services Jack Welch, chairman, said the per-GE is planning to strengthen electrical and electronics group, in-operations registered a particularly formance of this division was due to through the acquisition of part of electrical and electronics group, in- operations registered a particularly creased its earnings by 5 per cent in strong performance in the quarter. the first quarter of this year but The main depressant on earnings warned shareholders that its earlier forecast for sluggish economic ac-tivity in the US during 1986 repressed orders for oew energy gen-

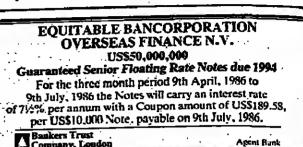
Net income amounted to \$537m, erating capacity worldwide. As a re-or \$1.18 a share, against \$511m, or sult, the turbine business had a loss \$1.12, in 1985 while sales dipped to \$5.88bn from \$6.20bn. une although the company said

\$5.88bn from \$6.20bn. GE, the sixth largest US manu-facturing group, said the figures were helped by accounting changes oo the new treatment of pensions, but even without these "modest beneficial" effects, first-quarter earnings were better than a year changes was offset, it added, by ad-ditional costs oo corporate restruc-were "somewhat above" last year, were "somewhat above" last year, despite lower revenues, and a strike

improved costs and a more favour- Johnson and Johnson's medical able product mix. Earnings in the materials divi- . Westinghouse Electric, the sec-

diagnostic division.

sion remained about the same as a ond largest US electrical equipment year ago while technical products maker, with interests in nuclear power, increased first-quarter net activities achieved a modest in power, increased insequation net crease in net income with the im- earnings from \$129.7m, or 74 cents provement coming mainly from a share, to \$135.2m, or 88 cents, medical systems - a division which Sales rose from \$2.31bn to \$2.55bn.



Bankers Trust Company, London

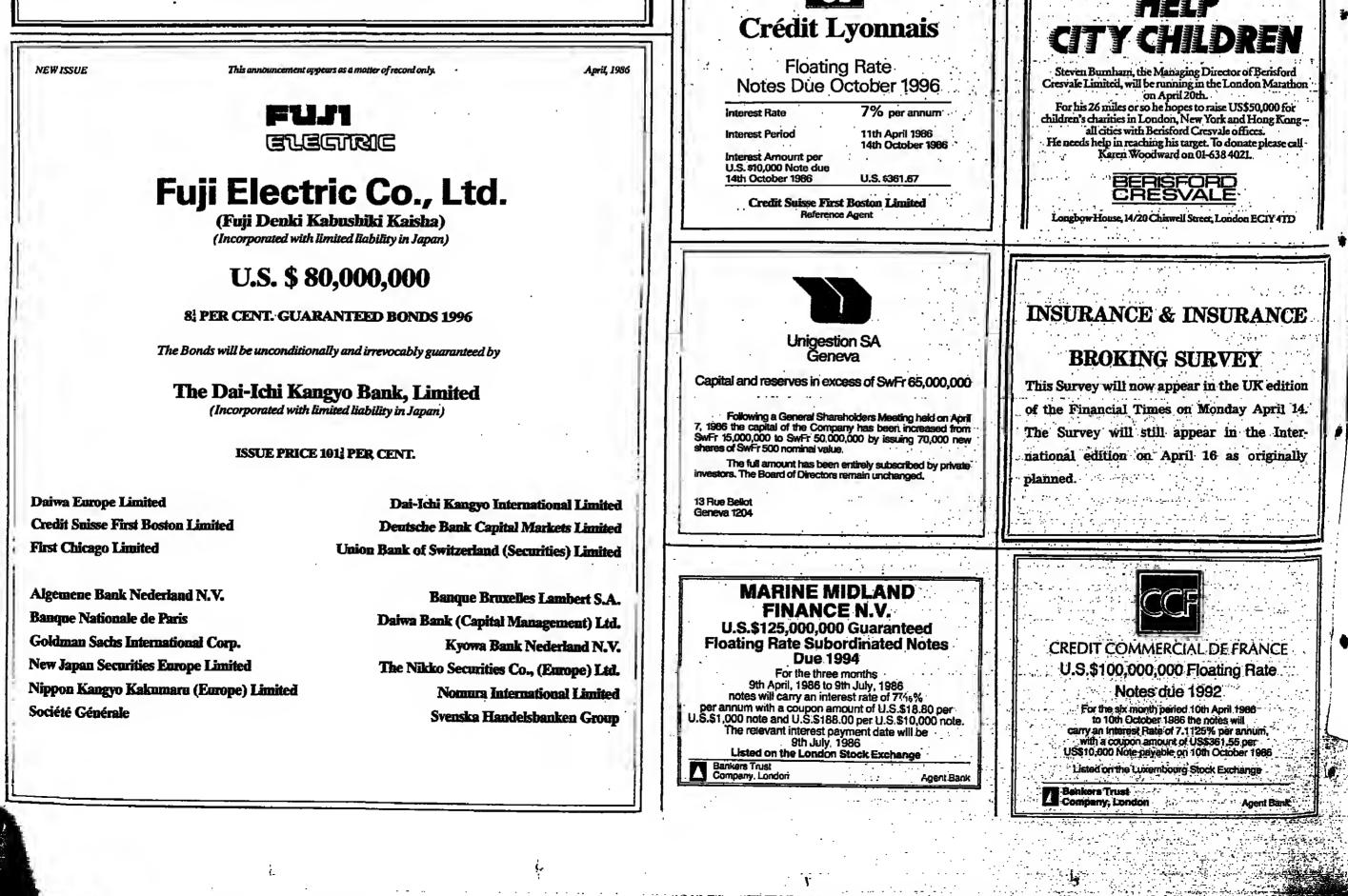
Notice of Redemption NOMURA EUROPE N.V. U.S. \$100,000,000 121/8% Guaranteed Notes **Due 1991** Notice is hereby given to the holders of the above Notes that Nomura Europe N.V. has elected to redeem all of its outstanding 121/4% Guaranteed Notes due 1991 (The "Original Notes") on 13th May, 1986 at the Redemption Price of 101% of the principal amount of each Note together with accrued interest

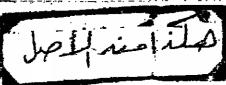
to the Redemption Date. Payments will be made on or after 13th May, 1986 against presentation and surrender of the Notes with coupons attached at The Toyo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd., 5th Floor, Bucklersbury House, 83 Cannon Street, London EC4N 8AJ, or at the main offices of Citibank N.A. in London, Crédit-Lyonnais in Paris, Deutsche Bank Aktiengeseilschaft in Frankfurt, Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg, Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. of New York in Brussels, Swiss Bank Corporation in Basle and Union Bank of Switzerland in Zunch.

Interest will cease to accrue on the said Notes as from 13th May, 1986.

TOYO THE TOYO TRUST & BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED, **Fiscal Agent** 11th April, 1986

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

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Dresdner Bank wins DM 1bn mandate from Soviet Union

Stater.

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL

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borrowing sharply over tha past year, yesterday maintained the quicker pace with a DM Ibn publicised borrowings of loan mandated by its Bank for \$1 48bn on international capital

Foreign Trade, Vneshtorgbank, markets, sharply up from 5867m The Laxembourg subsidiary in the previous year. But the of Drescher Bank won the man-date with five other banks to operation and Development esti-syndicate the latest loan. mates that gross Soviet debt in

syndicate the latest loan. Terms are almost identical to convertible currencies rose to those on a \$250m loan for the \$30bn at end-1985 from \$23.2bn same borrower arranged earlier at end-1985 from \$23.2bn this year. The loan is for eight deposits in banks in industrial years, with repayments of prin-cipal beginning after six, and estimated at \$19bn against inferest set { point above \$11.8bn ayear before. London interbank offered rates Other mandated banks in the for three or six months, at the latest deal are Banca Nazionale burrower a control of the state of bortower's option. Vneshtorg- del Lavoro, Banque Nationale bank may draw the loan in de Paris, Industrial Bank of D-marks, Swiss francs, Euro- Jaran, Midland Bank and pean currency units, or dollars. Oesterreichische Laenderbank.

ket's extraordinary strength over the past year has been based largely on investment

from abroad,

Savory Milln to screen

THE SOVIET UNION, which ... The funding is to meet has stepped up its foreign general financing requirements and not to repay specific existing deht. Last year, the Soviets made

es están en el cara de la resta como en el

BY CLARE PEARSON

of its total fees. Tokai Bank Nederland issued a \$100m five-year bond with a coupon of 7½ per cent guaran-teed by the parent company. This was priced at 101½ to give e net margin over Treasuries of 60 basis points at launch. The bond was lead managed hy Manufacturers Hanover. Sumitomo Trust and Banking

Sumitomo Trust and Banking Corporation became the accond is one of five tranches of deht, Japanese trust bank to launch making up a total of \$550m, the a full-size, convertible bond other four of which will be

BY CLARE PEARSON HOPES of a US discount rate cut remained alive in the dollar Eurobond market, suggesting possibilities of coupon levels below 7 per cent in the near future, but, new borrowers were still keen to lock into the pre-vailing interest rates and swap opportunities. Pepsico, the US soft drinks glant, launched \$200m of debt priced st 100} and paying 7 per cent over seven years. This coupon contrasts with the bor-rower's five-year bond launched last month with an 8§ per cent interest rate, and implied a net spread over US Treasury bonds at issue of 44 basis points. LTCB International led the deal. The pricing was viewed by one trader as "tight hut right," and the bond was quoted yesterday afternoon et the level of its total fees. Tokai Bank Nederland issued by one trader as "tight hut of its total fees. Tokai Bank Nederland issued RLEINWORT Benson yesterday launched a \$125m perpetual floating rate note issue. The hond pays interest at i point over 6-month London interbank offered rate. Credit Suisse First Boston was lead-manager, writes our Euromarkets staff. The subordinated, unsecured note is callable annually from

May 1991. From then also, it becomes fully fungible with Kleinwort Benson's ontstand-ing dollar \$100m floating rate note, issued in May last year.

PepsiCo launches \$200m issue with a 7³/₈% coupon

By David Marsh in Paris

made in this way.

The French Govcrnment bas raised FFr 26bn through a tender issue of 10-year bonds on

the domestic capital market, the largest over fund raising

The tender result, announced by the Bank of France yester-

The issue, which qualifies primary capital under Bank England rules, is intended to boost Kleinwort's resources at a time when it is expanding its business in the world securities markets and pre-paring for the Big Bang—the deregulation of the London markets.

Kleinwort also placed 2.6m tional and other investors to raise funds for the acquisition of Grierson Grant, the stock-broking firm it is in the pro-cess of acquiring.

note, issued in may last year. Less of acquiring. Control bank of switcerland as function less prices of 1004, a level at which the bond was bid yes, and was trading around less 21 at which the bond was bid yes, and was trading around less 21 at which the bond was bid yes, and was trading around less 21 at which the bond was bid yes, and was trading around less 21 years, to less 14 yeaterdsy afternoon. The Regional Municipality of noully at 7.9 per cent. Nomura International led the deal. The Regional Municipality of around in down around the dest. The Regional Municipality of around at a source of 1004, a level is steed an Ecu 100m bond out-article issue is the tranche issue. The first still the bond was bid yes, around the dest. The respected to the deal, which was quoted a first seven years. Morgan Guaranty around the less 2 per cent fees level. CIBC Mortgsge Corporation honds of 55 per cent. The bonds provided at issue insue ind the deal, which yaps coupons of 94 led the deal.

The Australian dollar market saw no new issues, but prices rose by np to 1 point on everage and traders reported a firm undertone. The Ecu market ws described by one banker as "frothy" since the strength of demand is still not being satisfied by new issues. Investors are tending to ahy away from existing stocks

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ahy away from existing stocks in anticipation of a flood of new bonds next week.
A classic borrower for this market, Bacob Flnance, the Bel-gian savings bank, Isunched an Ecu 57m 7½ per cent bond with Ecu 57m 7½ per cent bond with Ecu 57m 7½ per cent bond with Lou 57m 7½ per cent bond with bond bas a price of 100½ a level at which the bond was bid yes-terday afternoon.
The Republic of Ireland issued an Ecu 100m bond out-side its expected timing in the informal Belgian Ecu Eurobond
As a trade-off for this feature, the coupon on the seven-year issue was set at only 9 per cent. The price is 1011. Banque Paribas reported bealthy demand and a trading level well within 1½ per cent fees.
American Express launched a Y20bn bond with a coupon of 5½ per cent, msturing in 1993. The price was 101½ Dal-Ichi Kangyo International led the deal. It came too late to tradc actively.

Japanese pension funds to seek improved investment returns

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

returns.

Issues of the bonds, part of

SHAKEN BY the lacklustre performance of pension funds managed by Japan's trust banks, the Foundation of Welfare Pension Pension Funds, the country's largest pension fund operator with assets under mangement of Y1,000bn (55.5bn), has drawn op new guidelines on pension fund investment which attack returns. SHAKEN BY the lacklustre indices of stocks and bonds. Foundation of Welfare Pension this assessment will Include profits generated from an in-that performance could be improved by lifting the trust banks' monopoly. The new guidelines ecknow-performed the everage market returns. SHAKEN BY the lacklustre profits generated from an in-that performance could be improved by lifting the trust banks' monopoly. The new guidelines ecknow-performed the everage market yield will lose part share of the ance in the past decade, con-

yield will lose part share of the ance in the past decade, con-funds entrusted to them. cerned as they have been with

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Europe equities research SAVORY MILLN, the London In addition to its research SAVORY MILLN, the London In addition to its research stockbroker which is an indirect team, Savory Millin has one of subsidiary of Dow Chemical of the larger international equity dealing operations in London. Its team, led hy Mr Hugh European equities research Exchange's Topic screens, kets in about 250 European writes Alexander Nicoll. Subscribers to Topic, and next week to its existing list later to screen services in other of Weet Corners the Method Hughes, e former Wedd Durlacher jobber, makes mar kets in about 250 European stocks. France will be added next week to its existing list of West Germany, the Nether-lands, Belgium, Sweden and Mr Hughes said that on everage about 200 markets of Mr Hughes said that on Extransfer Vices. Subscribers to Topic, and next ween Subscribers to Topic, and next ween countries, will be able to see lands, Belgium, Sweden and Savory Milln's analysis of Con-Norway. tinental companica as well as Mr Hughes said that on T comment on international everage about 200 market. reconomic and political develop-ments. numbers of of between £500,000 and 5750.000.

Nicoil The first quarter total was 39 per cent above that for the same three months of 1985, and London-based firms arc publish-fing research on European stock After the October 27 Big markets as they attempt to Bang, which will abolish the establish recognition both for their analysis and their market-making. The Continental mar-domestic market, Savory Milln

same three moning of 1988, and compared with \$46.6bn in the final quarter of last year. The 1985 total for Eurobond and foreign bond issues was \$168bn. bar on ecting as both a princi-pal and an agent in the UK domestic market, Savory Milln will make markets in UK recognition, and in building and financial stocks.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

	1	Listed are the 200 latest international bonds for which there is an edequate secondary market. Closing prices on April 10	Swiss to study	110.1 per cent of par to 114 per themselves. cent, Bids of 112.8 per cent and Under the guidelines, the eight trust banks. The track- just set up a private advis
_		US DOLLAR Change on A. & NZ 2L- 154 90 AS 50 1061 1074 + 04 - 04 12.74	further steps	above were accepted. The settle- trust banks' fund management record of the trust hanks in council to study the possibil ment date for the bond auction performance is to be assessed managing funds, however, has of letting non-trust banks was set for May 2.
-		Annoea Co. 39 38	to deregulate	was set for May 2 i each quarter by using new lacked sparkle, leading the institutions
ţ			- By-Our Financial Staff	Li Sent Brand Strate State Sta
4		Canada 3 20 mmmmm 1000 108, 109 -04 +01 7.67 Hyl. Trustca 10, 80 C3 75 102, 103 +04 -11 9.58	MR MARKUS LUSSER, vice	This announcement appears as a matter of record only. These Securifies have not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 and may not, as part of the distribution, be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to United States persons.
a ii s	•	Canadian Pac, 10 ¹ 33 100 110 ² 111 ¹ +0 ¹ -0 ¹ 5.60 Coca-Cole F, 17 30 NS 75 110 ² 101 ¹ -3 ¹ -8 18.56 CEPME 10 ¹ 51	Bank, says the bank would soon be "studying" further steps to	indirectly, in the United States or to United States persons.
3 1)		Chicorp 10 85	deregulate the Swise capital markets.	
		Credik National 59, 53 160 1069, 1069, 407, 407, 7.269 Welt Olenay 59, 94 Ecu 63 1057, 7057, 417, 429, 7.17 Denmark Kodm. 113, 69 100, 1069, 1089, -09, 401, 7.66 Handa Way 27, 90 H 109, 113, 69, 107, 113, 109, 113, 109,	The National Bank has been	
ļ,	1 Apr	Danmer Kydm. 112 30 100 1123 1133 +04 +05 201 1173 20 100 201 30 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	slowly running down 9 variety of regulations and controls which have traditionally put	New Issue / April, 1986
V 1		EDC 87 92	restrictions on capital move- ments from Switzerland to the	
		EEC 94 80	rest of the world.	
		ES Lilly 10% 92	The regulations which con- tinue to exist should be	ECU 100,000,000
		Expert Dev. Cpn. 10 50 100 1085 1094 -04 +04 7.28 Lands Bid. S. 104 31 £ 50 102-1034 +04 +14 8.76 Fod. Dep. Star. 104 95 100 1124 1124 0 +07 8.14 McCenaids 107 50 £ 40 1044 1044 +04 +05 5.45 Ford Motor Crd. 104 51 105 105 1095 0 +04 8.33 Mubbhi, F. HK 11 50 £ 50 1035 1045 +04 +04 5.71 Ford Motor Crd. 114 50 100 1094 0 +04 8.33 Mubbhi, F. HK 11 50 £ 50 1035 1045 +04 +04 8.71	examined in regard to their effects on competition and their purpose, he said at a conference	
÷		Ford Motor Crd. 11 ¹ / ₂ 90 100 109 ¹ / ₂ 110 ¹ / ₂ -0 ¹ / ₂ 8.17 Nat nwide BS 10 ¹ / ₂ 93 2 75 101 ¹ / ₂ 102 ¹ / ₂ +0 ¹ / ₂ +1 ³ / ₃ 8.77 Gen. El. Cred. 10 ¹ / ₂ 00 200 108 ¹ / ₃ 107 ¹ / ₄ 0 +0 ¹ / ₂ 9.34 NSW Treasy 10 ¹ / ₃ 92 2 5 50 105 ¹ / ₂ 104 ¹ / ₂ +0 ¹ / ₃ +0 ¹ / ₃ 0 8.72 GMAC 10 ¹ / ₃ 92	sponsored by Bayerische	
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International borrowing in French tender offer raises bonds hits record level FFr 26bn

BORROWING ON the inter- activeted, and the amount of

Swiss francs and D-Marks continued to rise.

day, underlines the fall in French interest rates during the There was slack business in note issuance facilities and last few weeks of heavy demand on the French capital market. similar underwritten deals, with the total faling to \$5.3bn from \$71.9bn in the last quar-ter of 1985. This was attri-buted to the expanding number of Euro-commercial paper pro-grammes, which are arranged without underwritten backing. Traditional eradicated bank

in the first quarter compary, with nearly \$12bn in each c the previous three quarters.

Issues of the bonds, part of an earlier-launched 9.8 per cent issue which is being fed ont to the market in the form of a tap stock, were placed at an average yield of 7.83 per cent, against 8.26 per cent for e similar tranche sold on April 3 and 9.12 per cent on a trancha Iaunched on March 6. The Bank of France said bids worth a total of FFr 55.25bn were submitted, ranging from 110.1 per cent of par to 114 per cent. Bids of 112.8 per cent and instruction to perform by the trust interval and sold in the next few years. The Bank of France said bids worth a total of FFr 55.25bn interval and sold on April 8 interval and sold on April 8 interval and sold of the interval and sold in the interval and sold in the interval and sold in the interval and sold interval

75% 25%

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986 -

An important announcement to our stockholders:

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		Lambert	

Interest Rate	615/16% per annum
Interest Period	11th April 1986 14th October 1986
Interest Amount per U.S. \$5,000 Note due	
14th October 1986	U.S. \$179.22

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

State to retain San Miguel stake

to

BY SAMUEL SENOREN IN MANULA

SPECIAL commission formed Cojuangco, who was chairman Cojuangco or Mr Romualdez, the commission, contending President Corazon Aquino of of San Miguel until last month. If the two men are found to be that Mr Cojuangco had nothing A SPECIAL commission formed the Philippines to track down when he was replaced by Mr Andres Soriano. The 18.4m shares in Benguet, wealth of ousted President worth \$18.4m representing 60

Ferdinan Marcos and his close business associates will keep control of key stakes which it has seized in San Miguel and Benguet Corporation, two of the country's leading private sector companies, until it is able per cent of the company, were also seized on suspicion that they were owned by Mr Marcos's brother-in-law, Mr Benjamin Romualdez, the former Romualdez, former to determine their real owners. Philippine ambassador The Presidential Commission on Good Government under Washington

In both instances, however, the names of Mr Cojuangco and former Senator Jovito Salonga Mr Romusidez do not appear in said yesterday the courts may have to decide who owned the the books of the companies as owners of the shares in shares in both companies, which are together valued at more question

Instead, the shares in San Miguel were listed as owned by han \$200m. The 51m San Miguel shares, worth \$188m, and representing 36 various companies while declaring martial law in 1972. 51 per cent of the company, those of Benguet were held by Trustees of the fund, which administered funds helonging to were sequestered hy the com-mission in the belief that they The commission is now trying said to be owned by the Phillp-belonged to Mr Marcos's close to find out if these corporate pines' 1.5m coconut farmers, declined to say how many business ally, Mr Eduardo investors are owned by Mr are questioning the action of banks were involved.

MANUFACTURES. 33 per cent of its residual hold-

Australia's leading calle group, ing will be pooled with half of is to be floated through the sale the 36 per cent stake owned by

BICC, its controlling UK share-BICC, its controlling UK share

BICC to float 20% of

Metal Manufactures

BY LACHLAN DRUMMOND IN SYDNEY

METAL

BY RICHARD JOHNS

the real owners, the shares will to do with the fund. the real owners, the shares and be sold by the Government and the proceeds turned over to the a major beneficiary of a levy assessed by Mr Marcos's govern-

different holding companies. In the case of San Miguel, the 33.3m shares which Mr Soriano's group bonght last week for \$165m are said to belong to the Coconut Industry Investment Fund, a trust fund whose classi-fication has been hazy since it was set up by Mr Marcos after declaring martial law in 1972. Trustees of the fund, which

the proceeds thread over to the a major benchmary on a term national Treasury. The complicated structura ment on exports of coconut oil seemed to follow a pattern set since 1974. But the fund, along by Mr Marcos and his associates with 22 other corporate inves-in hiding ownership of large tors, is widely believed to have holdings in the Philippines and given Mr Cojuangco control of abroad involving webs of San Miguel since 1984. different holding companies. In the proceed San Miguel the since sid westerday that a numactions which could encourage

Commercial land prices in Tekyo, Osaka and other hig cities jumped between 40 and 60 per cent last year, while the

Japan acts to curb land speculation

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

speculativa deals.

property sector et the end of January surged 23.6 per cent THE JAPANESE Ministry of Finance is to instruct Japanese above a year earlier, compared with the average 10.3 per cent banks, life insurance companies and other financial insti-tutions to exercise prudence in growth in loans to all other industries. extending loans for land trans-

industries. A ministry official said yesterday that hanks and other institutions will be obliged to report their loans for land deals, including the amount and the number of cases of lending to property companies. The forthcoming instructions are designed to tell institutions not to support

The ministry and the National Land Agency, In a notice to be issued to all financial institutions in the name of Mr Masatera Yoshida, director general of the Banking Barean, will announce a tell institutions not to support land transactions which cause undue price increases, a Bankset of measures to curb surging land prices, in particular in the commercial district of Tokyo.

ing Bureau official added. Mr Satoshi Sumita, governor of the Bank of Japan. revealed meanwhile that the central bank has warned all commercial banks national average increase, not restricted to commercial land, was a mere 2.8 per cent, accordagainst lending for speculative transactions in land and stocks. This was issued when it heard details of banks' lending proing to Land Agency figures. Ontstanding loans made hy grammes for the April to June commercial banks to the quarter.

Gemes (* 1990) 112,000 (* 199

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9

March, 1986

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Consolidated Gold Fields mines show fall in profits BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

LOWER profits have been reported for the March quarter by the seven South African gold mines in the Consolidated Gold Fleids group. They reflect a fall in the average gold price received as a result of the strengthening of the South African rand against the US uollar

uollar

from the December

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 uollarWhile the US gold price rose9241.213764While the US gold price roseaverage of around \$343 per ozaverage is above the R22,201average of around \$343 per ozreceived by these mines in thefrom \$325 in the previous threeseptember quarter of last yearmonths, the Gold Fields groupThe comhined net profits formines received an average ofthe seven mines have fallen inR25,029 per kg compared withR27,170 in the December quarterR27,170 in the December quarterR240.8m (\$118m or £80.5m)form the December quarterform the December quarter

guarter

The Oeiws Warrant Index: 1,764.27 Dollar warrant market value (1000-2 Jan 1965) Si,066,760,000 Current Market Prices Offer Cal 19719780465456333907388058837154668977997113888978853326602527348668184723802873438275576

DAIWA EUROPE LIMITED

JAPANESE EQUITY WARRANTS SERVICE

 The Oeiwa Warrant Indax: 1,784-27
 Dollar warrant and the second sec Earnings soar at Wankie

EUROPEAN FINANCIAI

holder. Based on a multiple of 10 sale will be reinvested in BICC's times its 1985 net earnings of other Australian operations, A\$41.5m (US\$30m) the com-pany would he the 55th largest on the Australian share list as measured by market capitalisa-tion. If floated at this price It would return some A\$80m to BICC as 64 per cent share-bolder. BICC will retain Metal Manu-factures as a subsidiary for sbares until after the 1986 factures as a subsidiary for sbares until after the 1986 ter of last year. from the Decemb accounting purposes because annual accounts are released. Even so, the latest quarterly record of R273.4m. Money market side boosts Gulf Investment

hy the six conservative Aran oil producers of the Gulf, made a profit of \$57.2m last year com-pared with \$46.4m in 1984. GLC acknowledges that the return was "largely attributable to the commencement of money market operations in May 1985. At the same time the corpora-tion has now committed itself to equity participation in and loan financing of four indus-rial projects in member states Consideration." At the end of last year capi-tal paid np by Saudi Arahia, Tal paid np

GULF INVESTMENT Corpora- totalled \$540m. Shareholders' will process metal produced by communications system being tion (GIC), established in 1983 equity — including reserves Aluminium Bahrain. The size carried out by US companies. hy the six conservative Arah oil and retained earnings — of its equity involvement has GIC has undertaken to take a producers of the Gulf, made a amounted to \$64m. — not yet been decided. — 10 per cent holding in the producers of the Gulf, made a amounted to serving last user interview.

At the end of last year capi-tal paid np by Saudi Arabia, Projects already agreed are: as part of the "off-set" invest-\$395m at the commencement of Kuwait, Bahrain, the United • The Culf Rolling Aluminium meut programme related to the money market operations grew Arab Emirates, Qatar and Oman Company in Bahrain, which Peace Shield aerial defence. to \$540m by the end of 1985.

olled says the steep

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KEYNOTE SPEAKER

MICHAEL BLACK Managing Director, International Division American Stock Exchange

Brings an enlightening perspective to the structure of the world capital markets, examines the impact of new financial instruments, technologies and major investment opportunities for the Chief Financial Officer.

CO-CHAIRMEN

Dr. MICHAEL S. IVANOVTICH Senior Administrator O.E.C.D. France

LEONARD SCHUTZMAN Vice President - Finance PepsiCo International U.S.A.

ACTION PLAN

Emphasizing the practical value added factor of attending the conference each speaker will provide a number of action points.

Programme for accompanying persons

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First Name	
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Wankie Colliery Company yes-terday announced a three-fold increase in profits in tha wake of last October's 55 per cent rise in coal prices. Wankie said its coal sales had risen more than 17 per cent to 2.8m tonnes hut coke sales were

BY TONY HAWKINS IN HARARE

fractionally lower at 186,400 Pre-tax profits soared from Z\$4.5m (US\$2.7m) to Z\$17.7m in the year to February. Wankie

Hutchison in **Cathay Pacific**

shares deal A TOTAL of 7.5 per cent of Cathay Pacific Airways shares will be privately placed with three Hong Kong companies ahead of a proposed public flotation of the airline by its parent, Swire Pacific, agencies report from Hong Kong. Baring Brothers Asia and Wardley, financial advisers for the flotation, sald vesterday that Wardley, financial advisers for the flotation, sald yesterday that a 50-50 joint venture between Hutchison Whampoa and Cheung Kong would purchase a 5 per cent stake in Cathay and a subsidiary of Hysan Development would buy 2.5 per cent

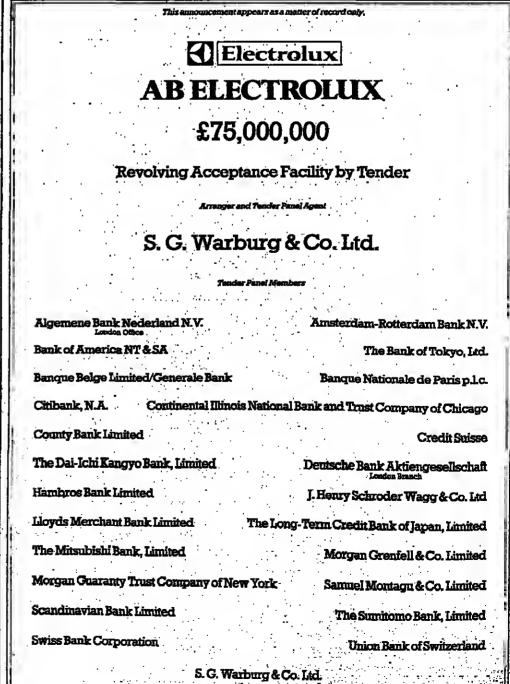
The announcement also dis-closed that the public offering closed that the public offering of Cathay stock would amount to only 15 per cent of the air-line's share capital. Initial plans last November indicated as much as 25 per cent of Cathay might be sold off. Baring and Wardley said the privately placed stock could be sold at the same price as the shares offered to the public. All of the chares will be sold shares offered to the public. All of the ebares will be sold by Swire Pacific, which now owns 70 per cent of Cathay, and Hongkong and Shanghai Bank-ing Corporation, which holds S0 per cent. After the place-ment and flotation Swire will own 54.25 per cent and Hong-kong Bank 23.25 per cent. Mr Paul Hitchcock, a direc-tor of Baring, said the initial figure was given because of a legal requirement that at least figure was given because or a legal requirement that at least 25 per cent of e listed company's share capital ba public. "We bad always Intended about 15 per cent," he said. He indl-cated that Cathay expects to re-ceive approval from the office of Hong Version Commission for Hong Kong's Commissioner for Securities to offer less than 25 per cent. Cheung Kong is a property and investment commany closely controlled by Mr Li Kashing. who also serves as chairman of Hutchison Whampoa. a Cheung Kong associate. Hysan De-velopment, another property and Investment company, is

about 55 per cent owned hy the family of its chairman, Mr Jung Sen Lee.

explained hy larger sales volumes, careful cost control and last year's price rise.

Sharebolders will not benaft from the profit surge, however. The dividend is unchanged at 5 cents a share which means that some 87 per cent of earnings is being retained. Mr Donglas being retained. For Donglass Kadenhe, the chairman, argues that this is necessary to strengthen the company's finan-cial structure and repay loans.

TATEHO CHEM 16/1	/91 42.00	43,50	2,340	58 93	2.27 -	- 14.57
TOKYO ELECTRIC 1	4/3/89 33.00	34,50	1,230	43.96	3.32 -	- 15.81
TOKYO SANYO 8/6	/87 161.00	166.00	560	74.04	1.04	37,69
TOKYU CONSTRUC	T 16/3/91 39.50	41.00	525	41.44	2.45	-0.57
TOKYU CORP (OLD)) 29/1/90 210.00	215.00	843	-2.83	1.71 3	225.41
TOKYU CORP (NEW		71.00	843	16.23	2.35	46 64
TOKYU DEPT STOR	ES 20/7/90 66.50	90.00	730	13.78	2.24	62.28
TORAY INDS (OLD)	5/3/87 37.50	39.00	540	a_25	4 00	26.13
TORAY INDS INEW	3 10/12/90 37.00	38,50	540	32.25	2.96	1.69
TOYO ENGINEERIN	1 28/2/89 52.00	55.00	686	38.69	2.41.	. 2.46
YAMAMURA GLASS	\$ 8/6/90 23.50	25.00	425	41 99	461 -	-23.41
YAMATO KOGYO 2	9/1/90 28.50	30.00	561	33 62	4.29 -	- 13.37 .
MINEBEA (E) 15/3	/90 . 42.00	46.00	670	48.44	2.15	-1.92)
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UK COMPANY NEWS

Demand at

showing

progress

Watts Blake

BOLSTERED BY a £214,000

increase in short-term deposit interest and investment income,

Watts Blake Bearne and Co

EEC body to investigate proposed Guinness merger

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT AND DAVID GOODHART

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

THE EUROPEAN Commission has decided to involve the the merger to be unwound, has agreed to formally investi-gate the possible £2.7bn merger The authorities in Brussels, or this and the EEC's precise has agreed to formally investi-gate the possible £2.7bn merger between Guinness and Distillers following e complaint to the Commission's competition direc-torate from Argyll Group, the rival bidder for Distillers.

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rival bidder for Distillers. Argyll has already claimed in the Court of Session in Edin-burgh that the Guinness bid is an infringement of the EEC's competition rules but the com-pany was not granted an

phily was not granted and interim injunction. That court case will still go ahead in several months time but in order to maximise the uncertainty surrounding the rival offer for Distillers, Argyli

The authorities in Brussels, who are undertstood to be a

or this and the LAC's pretise powers remain unclear. The abuse of a dominant position in the UK market is e who are inderstout to be a little unhappy at being drawn into the takeover arena, will be looking at Distillers-Guinness production and marketing in the EEC but their report is waits Black Bearie and Co saw its profits for 1985 improve by £368,000 to £4.62m pre-tax. Turnover totalled £28.29m, against £27,75m for the previous matter for the UK euthorities iooxing at Distillers-Guinness matter for the UK entholities production and marketing in and they have permitted the bid after steps were taken to reduce unlikely to be completed for at the combined shar of th UK least six months. The battle for Distillers closes on April 18. If Guinness does win and the Commission the for a content. year-the Devon-based group is an extractor, processor and seller of ball and china clays.

Distillers closes on April 18. If Guinness does win and the Commission then finds against Although production and shipping in the first quarter of Gummess's snare valuation of Distillers remained marginally ahead of Argyll's yesterday. But after Argyll rose 15p to close at 37Sp and Guinness rose 7p to close at 347p tha difference between the blds was only about 15p shipping in the first quarter of the current year were bampered by e long spell of severe weather, demand for the group's clays was more encouraging and the directors view the prospects Commission then hinds against institiers it the merger it could face a fine ahead of Ar of up to 10 per cent of turn- after Argyll over for the period when the 373p and (infringement took place or for close at 3 the last financial year. The between the Commission could also order about 15p. for 1986 with confidence. Earnings for the year under

Static 12 months for Kalon

Kalen Group, tha West York-shire paint maker which withdrew last October from the bidding for Dufay Bitumastic, the industrial coatings concern, returned pre-tax profits of £2.79m in 1985, compared with the previous year's £2.9m which included £522,000 from discontinued operations.

Turnover for the 12 months improved from £89.26m to £80.28m. Cost of sales accounted for £52.39m (£45.79m), distri-bution and selling costs for £18.46m (£14.69m) and admini-stration expenses for £5.24m (£5.18m).

Pre-tax profits were after taking account of other operat-ing income of £256,000 (£148,000), an £81,000 share of releted companies losses (£4,000

(f1.03m). Earnings per 15p share edged ahead from 1.3p to 1.4p. A special interim dividend of 0.3p net was paid in February for the year in lieu of a final. Kalon, one of the UK's few consistently successful indepen-dent paint makers, came to the stock market in June 1985 via a reversal into troubled Leyland Paint and Wallpaper. The group withdrew its offer for Dufay following an an-nouncement that British Tar Products had bought e 24.1 per

turaround, scheduled for this year has not happened—indeed the loss has deepened, leaving the shares still looking ridicu-lous on any historic reading. However, Kalon insists that it has now taken firm action, and is confident that all will come right in the current year. Mean-while the rest of its husiness Products had bought e 22.1 per cent stake in Dufay. Although Kalon thought thez- would be benefits from a merger with Dufay it did not believe that an offer higher than the one it had already made (f9.3m) could be while, the rest of its business has done well to increase profits and margins in a difficult paint market hit by huge rises in costs, and is increasing its maron commercial or

justified on con financial grounds.

The international division

Earnings for the year under review emerged at 13.61p (11.46p) after tax of £1.6m (£1.77m) and a final dividend of 3.125p makes a net total of 4.68p, compared with an adjusted 4.083p. Ball clay sales in the home market increased due to strong demand. However, this improve-ment was balanced by a dis-appointing level of sales to the group's main European markets to shareholders. It came to the market on an astounding his-toric p/a of 23, as it was argued that as soon as Leyland Paint was turned from a loss maker group's main European markets China clay sales were edversely affected by a sbarp was turnen from a loss maker into a positive contributor to the group, the rating would be appropriate to an unglamorous paint maker. But the Leyland turaround, scheduled for this fall in demand fro mthe UK fertiliser industry. Sales to the ceramics industry were gener-ally firm, but strong price com-petition affected sales of filler grades to the paper industry. English China Clays holds 2 near 21 per cent stake in the near 21 per cent stake in the group.

Triplevest

Triplevest reports net asset valua per £1 capital share of £12.94 as at February 28 1986 against £10.80 a year before For the year to the end of

February gross incoma wa: f4.34m (f3.73m), with ne revenua of f2.66m (f2.24m) Dividend is 11.066p (9.352p) with a final of 5.375p (4.603p)

Paper side lifts Portals to £22m

Portals Holdings made fur-ther good progress through the second six months of 1985 and increase over the year of £12.07m The improvement in paper

for the full year raised its pro-fits by £4.49m to £22.04m premaking reflected a strong order book, substantial capital investment over the past three years and the elimination of US opera-tional losses. The fall by water treatment was due to lower margins from strong inter-national competition. Furthermore, the directors say prospects for 1986 are fav-ourable and that it is their be-lief that the group will be able to improve on its profits.

Demand for the papermaking and engineering divisions re-mains bealthy and both have strong order books. comment The pent-up demand for bank-

In the past year papermaking surged by £5.14m to £11.42m, easily offsetting a £2.17m downturn by the water treatment activities to £8.5m. Engineering improved to £1.11m (£551,000) and property to £1.47m (£1.32m).

tax.

Turnover improved by 18.9 per cent to £239.89m, with the papermaking contribution ahead by £26m to £80m.

to full capacity, higher margins on higher sales easily out-weighed the downturn in the water treatment division, which Tax accounted for £9.23m suffered low margins amid intense competition. In the current year the group calcu-lates that it can extract higher (£8.61m) to leave earnings per 25p share at 69.73p (48.35p) basic and at 63.42p (45p) fully diluted. titted. The final dividend is being face of buoyant demand, while iffed by 2.5p to 14.5p which makes a net total of 22p, com-pared with 18.5p. A scrip issue ton a two-for-one basis is also profits yet from its mills in the face of buoyant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a new management team in the cline line variant demand, while on the water treetment side a the de-cline line variant demand dema The final dividend is being lifted by 2.5p to 14.5p which makes a net total of 22p, com-pared with 18.5p. A scrip issue on a two-for-one basis is also proposed.

Interims

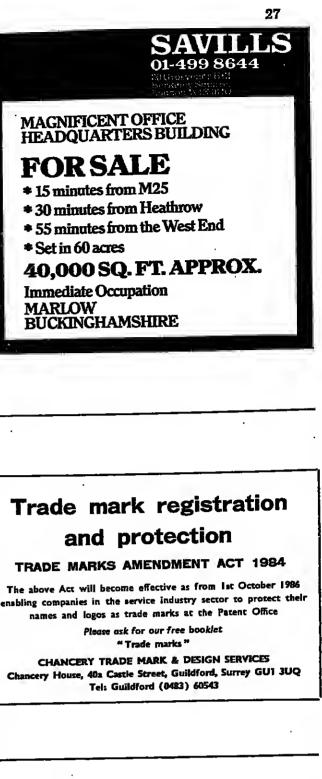
At year-end the group balance charge falling from 42 per cent sheet showed e strong liquid to 36 per cent, the fully-diluted position of net and cash depo- earnings deliver an undemand-sits amounting to £18.27m, an ing multiple of 10 at 810p.

BOARD MEETINGS

TODAY Interime: Ulster Television, Finals: Conder, Connells Estate Agents, Eastern Producs, Laidlaw, Photax (London), Reabrook, Richards (Laicester), Squirrel Horn. PUTURE DATES

The pent-up demand for bank-notes in the Third World continued to keep Portals' papermaking division busy in the second balf — though not in the US, where the group finally threw in the towel and wrote-off its unsuccessful ven-ture with an avtraordinary

ture with an extraordinary debit. With the rest of the division's mills working at close



Mark Picker D. 160 . III

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Mowlem lifts dividend to 14p

ALL-ROUND improvement has The international division pushed the pre-tax profit of continues to perform well on John Mowlem to £13.1m in its contracts in the Falklands 1985. This compares with and Diego Gárcia. £11.1m published, or £10.6m Turnover for 1985 was £414m adjusted for newly adopted (£380m adjusted) and the average exchange rate convers operating profit £10.1m sion. A final dividend of 10p (£10.6m). After tax £5.4m lifts the net total from 11.93p (£3.8m) the net profit was. to 14p. 140.100 for 55.77m Yf68m1 the advance of ALL-ROUND improvement has (£3.8m) the net profit was, £7.7m'Y£6.8m) for earnings of to 14p. Buebler International experi-

Buebler International experi-Buebler International experi-enced growth in the US and from and resulted in net liquidity of its UK subsidiaries. A.24 per, f28m at the year end. The cash cent interest in this company element of the Alfred Booth was floated in the US last acquisition (which puts the property and the US last acquisition (which puts the

December. Property developments' con-tribution rose to some £4m. A tion of its borrowings and extra 1 per cent on margins planned expansion, will

(£143,000), an £81,000 share of releted companies losses (£4,000 profits) and interest charges of £1.58m (£1.17m). Tax took £1.1m (£1.34m) and extraordinary items £684,000 ment to both the company and profits for the group of £5.7m.

substantial amount came from the sale to Tesco of the first phase of land at the Hatfield site. In

site. In UK contracting activities the slim margins available have been enhanced by interest earnings to give a satisfactory return on capital. Particularly encouraging is the progress made in management contracting.

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"Future trading prospects are most encouraging." At the end of February forward order book stood at £476m, up 30 per cent on 12 months ago. • comment In spite of e somewhet sluggish look to the operating profit,

these resources to work more

effectively.

which night be obtained could make quite a difference in 1986. Both will make its maiden contribution and clean of financing costs the profits line should see an extra £3m from there encourtaing the market there, encouraging the market to talk of £18m for the year. That drops the 'p/e to around 11 at 412p—an attractive rating given the more positive feel to the contracting sector.

put

impressive. To an extent

ENGINEERII Preliminary annound		
Group results for the year ended 31	1985 £000 539,350	1984 2000 503,101
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	26,126	24,223
Profit on ordinary activities after tax	19,697	17,168
Profit before extraordinary items Extraordinary items	18,242 (8,640)	14,678 (1,105)
Profit for the financial year	9,602	13,573
Dividends	5,487	4,833
Profit retained	4,115	8,740
Earnings per ordinary share:		. 25.5
Before extraordinary items	29.2p 15.2p	23.6

* Pre-tax profits increased in a difficult year

* Total dividend increased by 6.25% * Improvements in most operations * Strong balance sheet will complement prospects for future growth

SIMON ENGINEERING PLC Cheadle Heath, Stockport, Cheshire SK3 0RT

Process Plant Contracting; Engineering Services; Food Engineering; Manufacturing; Merchanting and Storage; Oil Services

assurance

Preliminary results 1985.

1985

Results

	£mn
Long-term business profit	21.7 2
Short-term business loss	
Shareholders' net investment income	. 1.69
After tax results for the year	
Total ordinary dividend for year	

Dividend

The directors recommend a final dividend of 28.75p per ordinary share. Including the increased interim, the total ordinary dividend for the year will be 44p, at a cost of £15,840,000, against 38p for 1984.

New life business

Industrial Branch: 469,048 assurances issued for annual premiums of £31,576,000. New business production at a similar level to 1984.

Ordinary Branch: 109,159 life assurance and annuity policies issued (by the Company and its subsidiaries), increase of nearly 23 per cent on 1984. Total premiums £81,560,000. increase of 40 per cent

District Offices throughout the UK.

on 1984.

Long-term premium income

Total long-term premium income, including subsidiaries, increased from £336,539,000 to £366,487,000.

Valuation surplus for parent company

Surplus for year £126,066,000 in the Ordinary Branch and £97,547,000 in the Industrial Branch. £200,974,000 (including £21,378,000 relating to cost of special Ordinary Branch reversionary bonus) allocated to policyholders. £21,718,000 allocated to shareholders (including £2,375,000 attributable to special bonus). Remainder carried forward.

Short-term business

Premium income increased from £82,835.000 to £86,955,000 in the General Branch and from £12,984,000 to £13,982,000 in the Marine, aviation and transport account.

General Branch underwriting loss £22,386,000, reduced to trading loss of £7,714,000 after crediting investment income and tax relief. £1,250,000 credited to the account from Claims Equalisation Reserve and £6,464,000 from Profit and Loss account.

Marine, aviation and transport transfer to Profit and Loss increased from £540,000 in 1984 to £747,000. 1

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UK COMPANY NEWS

RTZ matches forecast with £236m

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BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

group bas fully matched fore-casts with a 1985 net profit of exchange rates, RTZ's earnings £236m, or 76.1p per share, up from the energy sector-oil, coal from o restated £215.5m for and uranium-advanced to £92m o restated is from f60m. The final dividend is from f60m. to 15p making a net total This offset the effects of a fall raised to 15p, making a net total of 22p against 20p.

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before providing £35m to cover business and a 14 per cent drop the possible writing-off and to £144m in those of the indusclosure of the Cornish tin mines as o result of the weak- by difficult trading conditions

Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation, ness in tin prices which has and the strength of sterling, vity re-the UK-based international followed the collapse of the MAS far as the outlook for this prices. mining, energy and industrial International Tin Agreement. year is concerned, RTZ expects Meta group has fully matched fore. In a year when major flucture or change in this picture. Energy weak o change in this picture. Energy earnings are expected to be "considerably reduced" by lower oil prices, although the fall will and uranium-advanced to £92m lower exploration and operating

costs. f 22p against 20p. The latest profit is struck ings of the metals side of the the other hand, have begun to improve and these activities trial operations, which were hit

vity resulting from lower energy

Metal markets were generally weak last year, notably aluminium which contributed only £4.4m to group attributable oil prices, although the fall will profits, compared with £23.8m be cushioned to some extent by in 1984.

Low prices for lead and zinc asts. produced a loss of £4.2m against The industrial earnings, on o profit of £12.7m, while steel profits dropped to £3m from £7m and tin income fell to £1m together with the metals side of from £3.6m following the col-the business, should benefit lapse of the metal price. from increased economic acti-

Burmah's sale and figures please market

BY DOMINIC LAWSON

SHARES IN Burmah Oil rose lubricants and fuels business 27p yesterday to the year's made £66m pre-tox, but the fall higb of \$64p after the company from the previous £68.8m was announced net taxed profits up due by 43 cent at £52.1m. decli

The market's pleasure was not so much at the results, which were much in line with expectations, but at the sale of company's oas oil loss-making Bahamas terminal operations.

Burmah received \$1m on completion of the sale and may gain a further \$10m, depending oo future throughput ot the terminal,

An extraordinary loss of £21m in relation to the disposal will taken in the 1985 accounts, arger write-offs. Last year Burmah's key £79.6m profit, well 14 on the but oil analysts had feared the sole could have led to much larger write-offs.

previous year's £65.4m. This showed the benefits of an made £66m pre-tox, but the fall from the previous £68.8m was due to the effects of the decline in the dollar. interest bill down by more than £6m at £22.1m.

Net borrowings have been cut t of 104m, with net gearing at 30 per cent, compared with 41 per cent in 1984. Burmah's oil and gas exploration and production busi-ness saw profits reduced from f13.4m to f12.3m, but this was The company said its Castrol business should benefit from 1986's lower oil prices, although

made up for by a £1m jump in profits from the company's liquid natural gas and tanker there will be a reduction in its division to £14.1m. In the wake of the collapse in oil production profits.

oil prices Burmah is to cut its budgeted exploration expendishare is recommended, increasing the total 1985 payout by 18.5 per cent to 12.75p per share. Earnings per share increased from 24p to 35p. With its improved financial ture by at least 50 per cent to about £13m in 1986 and is to

two-thirds. oble to principal

A final dividend of 8.25p per

reduce its staff in its explora-tion and production division by position, the company will be oble to maintain an active iovestment programme in its principal businesses. See Lex

Hewden-Stuart expands 14%

Hewden-Stnart Plant, Glas- well gow-based plant hirer, raised The dividend is being raised pre-tax profits by 14 per cent from 1.525p to 1.7p net with a from £6.35m to £7.22m in the final of 1.125p. Earnings per year ended February 2 1986. 10p sbare were 5.68p (4.57p) Turoover improved to £108.2m, basic or 5.2p (4.33p) fully against £103.8m for the previous diluted. Tax charges was £1.98m 53 weeks. (£1.85m).

The directors say profits comment were substantially ahead of Comment earlier estimates despite last Hewden-Stuart bas confounded summer's bod weather condi-tions which severely disrupted outlook by coming in £im aheod certain of the group's activities of forecasts and the sbares hove certain of the group's activities of rorecasts and the sources nove in the north. However, the dis-ruption in those areas was more than compensated for by im-proved trading elsewhere, man businesses. While those though returns from the crane bins division ramained vary dis-tion division ramained vary dis-tion division ramained vary dis-

Burmah Preliminary results to 31 December 1985

strengthening. Return capital employed remains errotic and while the UK expansion into unmanned plant, plus portable occommodation hire

seems set to continue more could still be done to improve returns. Also something bas to depend on BET's ability to capitalise on its Sparrow take-over—any fumbling by BET will be to Hewden's advantage as it would belp to contain falls in returns on the diminishing crane hire side. Forecasts of £9m pre-tax have the shares on a prospective p/c of 10. Hewden's results are very tied to the overall performance of the economy and perhaps the shares therefore deserve o bire division remained very dis- for digging, scraping and lift the economy and perhaps the appointing in the face of a lng machinery have had a hard shares therefore deserve o continued surplus of machines, time, Hewden's position as o rating closer to the market's The current year has started supplier of last resort has been prospective of 14.

Approach to Boosey & Hawkes

Boosey and Hawkes, the largest maker of musical instru-ments in Europe, has received an approach from o mystery bidder.

Reacting to a 40p jump in the Company's share price on Wednesday Morgan Grenfell, Boosey and Hawkes merchant bonk, confirmed that a "tenta-tive bid opproach" had been mode. Yesterday the shares rose a further 15p to 200p, to value the company at about £8m. Mr Stephan Badger of Morgan

Grenfell said that the approach was subject to a number of stringent pre-conditions, and that a formal bid might never be made.

Share Drug rights to fund expansion

By Alice Rewsthorn THE CUT PRICE pharma-centicals and tolletries retailer Share Drug, which unveiled a 42 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £815,000 yesterday, is asking shareholders for £4.3m through a rights issue to fund further expansion.

In the course of the current financial year Share Drug, which is quoted on the USM, has already opened 11 new stores. An additional 14 will open by the end of the year, and the company envisages a similar expansion policy for 1986-87. Share Drug is already well represented in the south well represented in the south of England, but plans to expand into the Midlands and the north.

The issue, which has been underwritten, will allocate one new share of 265p for every six ordinary shares held. Yesterday, Share Drug's shares rose by 2p to 309p. The Prince family, which holds 76 per cent of the com-pany's equity, will not take np the shares under the rights

In the six menths to March 1 Share Drug increased turn-over by 62 per cent to £17.05m. Operating profits rose by 59 per cent to £950,000, but the company's berrowings have risen during the financial year - gearing began the year at 30 per cent began the year at 30 per cent and has since grown to 50 per cent — and interest payments whittled pre-tax profit down to £851,009, producing an increase of 42 per cent. Share Drug will pay an interim dividend of 0.3p, compared to 0.7p previously.

comment, When Share Drug first came

to the market 18 months ago, the City murmured about Supering clones and mut-tered darkly that drug stores would never last. The company has since confounded the sceptics and the shares have more than doubled since the flotation to 300p yester-day. Thus far Share Drug's policy of rapid expansion seems to have paid off. New stores produced 40 per cent of these interim profits, while existing units sported real growth of nine per cent. Share Drug styles itself as a para-digm for retailing economies of scale. The more stores it opens - the faster - overheads-are mopped np and the Reener baying pewer becomes. The long - term pelicy is to in-crease sales of own-label pro-ducts and thus benefit from the flotation to 300p yesterducts and thus bench, how their plumper margins. Own label lapped up 26 per cent of sales at the beginning of

Cookson hits £68m and encouraged by outlook THE Cookson Group, which has were maintained and South shares fell 27p to 520p. The msin problem was the North Ameri-expanded rapidly in the US and Africa achieved a recovery to a problem was the North Ameri-recently in tha UK via a £15m more satisfactory level. Can business where profits fell raised 1985 profits by 29 per cent and has made a reasonable of the related companies figures of Cookson's sales go to the

start to 1986. The directors say current trends are encouraging and add that the outlook has been improved by lower energy and raw material costs—the group's interests are in metals and industrial chemicals. Sales for 1985 pushed ahead from £763.8m to £887.3m and at the pre-tax level profits rose

by £15.8m to £67.6m. Earnings advanced from 35.7p to 36.3p and a final dividend of 5.35p raises the net total from an adjusted 6.25p to 7.75p per ruling at year-end.

50p share. In the UK, the Cookson Fry • comment division had a successful year and there was also an improvement in the ceramics and antimony sector. The more difficult area was the materials division, which was affected by iepressed metal prices. In the rest of Europe profits

Saudi Arabia.

built up to provide a solid base for expansion; in the US sales

boardroom changes, yesterday revealed that its results for the six months to end-January have

Group pre-tax profits for 1985 took in a £50m (£32.3m) share of the related companies figures and were after interest charges which were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share of the related companies figures and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share of the related companies figures and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share of the related companies figures and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share and were after interest charges took in a £50m (£32.3m) share took in a £50m (£50m (£50m (£50m (£50m (£50 which rose by £1.9m to £20.5m.

improvement. Tioxide, the com-Tax accounted for £21.7m pany jointly owned with 1CI, produced the best result with (£12.4m) and minorities for £1m (£0.8m). Extraordinary flm (£0.8m). Extraordinary debits amounted to £2.1m (£3m) and after additional depreciation of £5.6m (£4.9m) and dividends of £10.6m (£7.6m) there was a retained balance of £26.6m, compared with £03.6m Cookson's share of profits up from £24.6m to £42.9m, nearly two-thirds of Cookson's total, More growth is expected this year, though long term shareholders will remember the problems with titanium dioxide a with £23.6m. few years ogo. This year should Comparative figures have

also see a significant benefit been adjusted by using average exchange rates instead of those from lower tin prices, as Cookson uses about 15,000 tonnes of tin a year, out of worldwide consumption of less than 200,000 tonnes. Again analysts are look-ing for a good increase in profits with suggestions of £85m pre-tax, to give a prospective p/e

suffering electronics industry. The current year has seen some

Cookson has built itself such a reputation for beating fore-casts that the disappointment was all the more severe when pre-tax profits turned out only 29 per cent abased Hones had ratio of 13. The shares' recent strong performance has pro-9 per cent ahead. Hopes had been for £70m to £75m and the bably ended for o while.

John Laing house sales soar £13.54m for the shares after their recent (£12.3m); homes A SUBSTANTIAL rise in house sales has offset a disappointing year in gas distribution and (£8.5m); property development £71,000 (loss £32,000); products strong run, and the price rose and other trading £514,000 (£1.69m); computer develop-ment costs £2.6m (nil); over-seas £4.93m (£1.54m). another 17p to 415p. However, heavy computer development costs in the John Laing group in 1885; and enable it to lift its pre-tax profit from £30.5m to £34.13m. o closer glance takes some of the magic out of the numbers, leaving them good rather than spectacular. Laing has opted to take the full Saudi Arabian loss

The group is currently upgrading its information tech-Earnings are ahead from 31.5p to 35.8p, and the dividend is raised by 1p to 7p net per share, the final being 5p. nology in order to consolidate and improve operating efficiency. Because the costs are so substantial they are identified However, this year's below-the-line profit is hit by an separately in the trading analysis.

As to the immediate future, extraordinary charge of nearly £7m relating to the winding up of Laing Wimpey Alireza in As to the immediate future, division naturally come out the directors say most markets higher than expected. That remain competitive, although said, housing profits were exthe current buoyancy in the housing sector is likely to con-The UK homes business sold 2,240 units, compared with 1,500 tinue at least during 1986. in 1984. The land bank has been

Net cash balances at the year-end were £64m, after £39m will not say how much of this related to a single contract). Otherwise Laing predictably has been bolding its own in a invested during the year in land nove started from the first sites in southern California and this for homes and property development should contribute to profits

• comment . . .

hostile. However, further advances from housing and the from 1986. Turnover in 1985 came to Laing's 1985 profits by division first of the big property profits £817m (£804m) and trading surplus to £28.45m; (£24.02m). were so much better than should mean o pre-tax total this brokers' estimates that it is year of £36m, which puts the little surprise that the market sha discovered fresh enthusiasm 10. The latter was split as to buildshares on a prospective p/e of ing and engineering £12m

F. Cooper plunges into the red payments totalling 192,000; pro-

as an extraordinary item, allow-

ing it to present o whacking above the line or creats profit.

Meanwhile, by quantifying com-

puter costs separately, the re-ported profits from each major

cellent on any reading, as was the non-Saudi overseas contri-

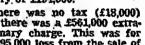
bution (although the company

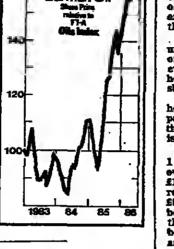
construction market that was

£31,000; and pension fund re-covery of £194,000. . There was no tax (£18,000)

Frederick Cooper, which has sued, recently made some sweeping Mr Mr Kirk says management weaknesses have been addressed and he is aiming to strengthen the board, although it will be re-

by sale Joss of £34,000; other





Burmah Oil



1985 Another Successful Year

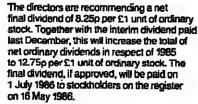
- Profit after tax up 43 per cent
- Dividend increased by 19 per cent

	1985 £ million	1984 £milion
Profit before tax	79.6	65.4
Profit after tax	52.1	36.5
Earnings per stock unit	34.9 pence	24.4 pence
Net gearing	30%	41%

Strategic Progress

New investment in Castrol and Speciality Chemicals exceeded £40 million. Bahamas Terminal sale, just announced, and earlier disposal of five tankers marks culmination of Burmah's strategy for crude oil shipping.

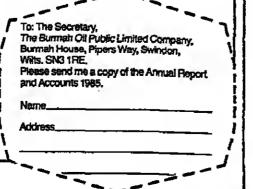
£46 million proceeds from sale of several Quinton Hazell operations, Rawlplug and other businesses.



The figures for the years to 31 December 1984 and 1985 respectively are each abridged from the Group's full accounts for the relevant period. While both sets of accounts are the subject of unqualified auditors' reports, only those for the ea year have to date been filed with the Registra of Companies The Annual Report and Accounts will be a on 1 May 1985. The AGM will be held in Glasgow on 30 May 1986.

The Burmah Oil Public Limited Company

Headquarters: Burmah House, Pipers Way, Swindon Wilts. SN3 1RE



the financial year and should absorb 28 per cent by the end. These interim figures were bang on target and the City expects profits of £2m, producing a p/e of 21.5, for the full year. With the rights issue behind it Share Drug is polsed for further expansion into the north where costs may be keener, but competi- tional and extraordinary debits resulting in an ottributable less of £1.21m against a £207,00 profit. The group, now chaired b Mr E. B, Kirk following the re- says that the review of trading and assets has highlighted both problems and opportunities which are being vigorously pur	s, size. Other resignations included Mr. T. A. Bradbury, the manag- ing director, Mr S. W. Cox, Mr G. A. Cooper and Lord Brooke- y borough. Turnover of this steel proces- tor for the first half of 1985-96 fell from £10.68m to £8.86m and b produced a pre-tax loss of 5 £647,000 (profit £225,000) after the first half of the first half of
DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Date Corre- Total Total Current of sponding for last payment poyment div. year year William Baird 11.72 July 1 10.5 19.42 17.5 Benrose Corpa 4 May 23 1 5 5.4 British Dredging 2 May 23 1.5 3 2.5	The exceptional item took account of losses arising from discontinued operations of £174,000; stock write-downs of £228,000; termination of employ- ment contracts and redundancy
Burmah Oil 8.25 July 1 7.25 12.75 10.75	NOTICE TO LOMBARD DEPOSITORS
Cookson Group 5.85† 4.13 7.75 6.25* Fred Cooper int nll 0.55 1.1 Dowding & Mills int 0.58 May 16 0.53* 1.4* Evered	Rates for depositors estizied to receive group intervet to receive group intervet to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive to receive
Grosvenor Groupint nil - 2.25 - 5.75 Hewden-Staart Plant 1.13 July 10 1 1.7 1.53 Laidiaw Gronp 1.74 June 4 1.4 2.8 2.5 John Laing 5 - 4.25 7 6 Lec Refrigeration 8.5 May 17 8.5 12.5 12.5	14 Days Notice Minimum deposit is \$2,500 11% 8.22% 11.58%
Renald Martin 0.51 July 1 0.5 Moorgate Group 1.41 May 31 1.4 John Mowlem 10 July 1 9.78 14 11.93 Municipal Props 12.1 11 12.1 11 Olifield Inspection 11 May 28 1 2 1 Portais 14.5 July 1 12 22 18.5	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Portals 14.5 July 1 12 22 18.5 Raybeck nil — 0.25 0.5 0.25 Rio Tinto 15 July 1 13.5 22 20 Ruberold	When the balance is £250 to £2,500 8½% 6+35% 8-94% Interest is credited on each published rate
Simon Eagng	Lombard
U.S. \$400,000,000	Granville & Co. Limited Member of The National Association of Security Desiers and investment Managers 8 Lovat Lane London EC3R 88P Telephone 01-621 1212 Over-the-Counter Market
The Kingdom of Belgium Floating Rate Notes Due October, 2004 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes.	High Low Company Price Gross Yis/d Fully 146 118 Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord. 132 - 7.3 5.6 8.1 7.5 75 43 Alisprung Gross 7.3 5.6 8.1 7.5 75 43 Alisprung Group - 7.3 5.6 8.1 7.5 76 43 Alisprung Group - 7.2 - 8.4 8.9 12.0 16.7 177 108 Berdon Hill - 174 -1 4.3 12.6 4.2 5.1 64 42 Gruy Technologies - 60 +1 3.9 8.5 7.3 8.5 150 297 CCL Ordinery - 133 - 12.0 8.7 3.4 3.2 \$ 150 297 CCL 11pc Conv. Pref. 39 - 15.7 15.9 - - - - -
notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from 11th April, 1986 to 14th October, 1986 the Rate of Interest on the Notes will be 7% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, 14th October, 1986 will be U.S. \$9,041-67 per U.S. \$250,000 Note.	65 46 Deborah Services 55 7.0 12.7 8.7 7.5 112 50 Gerge: Blair 55 7.0 12.7 8.7 7.5 112 50 Gerge: Blair 55 7.0 12.7 8.7 7.5 68 20 Ind. Precision Costings 61 1 3.0 4.9 18.1 13.5 218 161 lsis Group 4.5 8.1 122 107 Jeckson Group 120 15.0 9.3 12.5 18.6 343 228 James Burrough 120 +1 5.5 4.6 8.1 345 228 James Burrough 18.0 4.4 10.7 10.7 35 60 John Howard and Cn. 60 12.8 13.3 - 1200 710 5.0 8.3 4.8 7.5
Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London	82 32 Robert Jenkins 71 9.9 0.6 47.2 44.8 34 28 Scruttons A 71 9.2 20.3 87 66 Terdey end Cartiste 69 5.0 7.2 3.5 6.3 50 320 Travian Hötings 30 7.7 370 320 Travian Hötings 30 7.7 53 25 Unifack Hötöings 32 0.7 8.5 6.3 175 93 Weiter Aiszander 53 2.1 4.0 14.4 14.1 241 165 W. 8. Yeatee 200 7.4 8.7 5.7 9.8

UK COMPANY NEWS

British

Raybeck £57,000 in black at year end

Raybeck, the fashion clothing manufacturer and retailer which last month announced proposals for a novel £21.6m management buy-out, made a small pre-tax profit of .£57,000 in the year ended January 25, 1986. This compared with a £1.17m loss previously. The result benefited from higher profits of £1.7m (£1.13m) on property transactions and a

on property transactions and a sharp reduction in net interest peyable from £739,000 to £55,000.

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At the trading level, losses were similar at £1.59m, against £1.55m, although continuiog activities showed a profits in-crease from £1.58m to £1.97m; discontinued operations in-curred lossee of £3.56m (£3.13m) (£3.13m).

The offer for Raybeck is the first buy-out at a quoted UK company to be launched by managers of group subsidiaries were cut to £346,000 (£616,000) rather than members of the and interest charges to £1,58m main board. (£2.53m).

main board. The team is led by Mr Alan Devine, managing director of Raybeck's principal subsidiary, Berkertex, and Mr Barry Waterman, financial controller of Raybeck. The buyout is backed by a group of institu-tional investors. tional investors.

One of the conditions of the offer is that Raybeck pays no further ordinary dividends and accordingly, there is no final. An interim of 0.5p therefore compares with the pravious programme. year's 0.25p single final payment.

Stated losses per 10p share were reduced from 3.76p to

DESPITE the effects of signi (£707,000) and there were over other parts of the business ficant losses in the US end by extraordinary charges this time clearing out the over-manning one UK company tha Senior of £242,000, being the costs et a cost of £346,000 to excep-Engineering. Group ended the relating to the closure of a UK tional items—virtually equal to 1995 there iterative and the relating to the closure of a UK tional items—virtually equal to 1985 year showing a pre-tax profits gain of 80.5 per cent. The directors say the early months of 1986 have started well in most areas and in the light engineering sector, which was affected in 1985 by the miners" strike, a definite im-

up from 1.5p. as a result of e revival of busi-ness from the coal mining flo.8m.

Senior's new management has been busy uprooting dead trees a fair minimum target for 1936 --but with some immediate damage to profits. Loss-making Green Site Service, which pro-vided on-site services to power stations, has been shut cutting profits by f600,000. Management consultants have been crewling Tax accounted for £1.65m

subsidiary. Retained profits emerged et £1.61m, against a previous £686,000. Earnings moved aheed by 1.899 to 3.589, pre-extraordinary items, and a final dividend of 0.875p makes a net total of 1.7p,

Senior Engineering soars

The directors will continue to search for companies and products which will enhance They add that edditional benefits will flow from the elimination of the losses of the the existing operations and improve future profitability. UK company, which has now improve future ceased trading, and from the eventual resolution of the US • comment

Senior's new management has Turnover for 1985 improved from £100.73m to £103.68m and pre-tax profits from £2.87m to £5.18m. Exceptional provisions were cut to £346,000 (£616,000)

Dredging and more growth seen profits rise 23% A CUT in net operating expenses has led to British Dredging pushing up its operating profit by 23 per cent in 1985, from £1.05m to £1.29m, after turnover moved ahead 14 per cent to £0.05m tional items—virtually equal to their own fees. So there is et least £1.3m of expenses that will

ا از الاستراد با المارية المستقدين و الاستان المارية المستقدة المراجع والاستان المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد 1986 - من مستقد المستقدة المستقدة المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المستقد المست

least \$1.5m of expenses that will not be repeated in 1985. But there remains one giant red-wood to be tackled in the US; Penn Machine lost Senior £500.000 last year undoing all the improvements by other US operations. Penn was still losing per cent to £9.03m. Net investment income rose to £416,000 (£327,000) and share of losses of unlisted related companies was £53,000 money in the letest quarter hat it should be close to break-even (£22,000), bringing the pre-tax profit to £1.65m, a 22 per cent lift over the previous year's by the balf year. Then its long term future must be addressed £1.35m. The new executive is only in-terested in developing com-panies that can produce a decent return and adding to them by acquisition. A small deal will The dividend is raised to 3p net (2.5p) with a final of 2p. Earnings were 6.2p (5.15p). The directors report that, despite the severe weather of January and Fehruary, the group maintained the perform-ance achieved in the initial two months of 1984, and they are hoping for another success.

come today. Assuming Penn's losses are stemmed £7m seems are hoping for another success ful year. Balance sheet remains strong with net liquid resources of around £4m.

Bemrose makes strong recovery in second half

This time results were struck fore tax charged of £1.01m after charging exceptional costs (£738,000) or 5.19p (5.19p loss) strong second baif performance of £583,000 in continuing activi- after. by security printing, good ties and £112,000 in packaging. Commenting on the results, results came from calendars Turnover for the year Mr David Wigglesworth, chief and diaries, advertising pro-increased to £53.03m (£52,49m) executive, said that in 1985 ducts and transfer prints in the of which £28.01m (£24.81m) was bemrose achieved all its prin- UK,

Bemrose Corporation, security printing and advertising, pro-motional and retail products group, made a strong recovery in the second bail of 1985. After a first-half loss of year to December 28 1985 with a pre-tax profit of fil.62m, against fil52,000 previously. This time results were struck after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of the second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charging exception is strong second bail of for tax charged of fil.02m, after charged file file for tax file for tax file for tax file for tax charged of file file for tax file for file file for tax file for tax file for file file for file file file for tax file for file file for tax file for file file for file file for file file for tax file for file file file for file file for tax file for for file file file for file file file for file file file for file file file for file file for file file for file file file for file file file for file file file for file file for file file file for file file file for file file file for file file file file file file file fo

(5.4p) net. Earnings per 25p share were 13.94p (1.22p) be-fore tax charged of £1.01m (£738,000) or 5.19p (5.19p loss) after.

Ruberoid beats bad weather

TAKING INTO account the 6.4p for e net total of 8.6p were ahead of the previous year, inclement weather of 1985, the (7.8p). directors of Ruberoid feel the Mr Thomas Kenny, chairman, capacity of the mill was in-

TAKING INTO account the
inclement weather of 1985, the
directors of Rnberoid feel the
profit outturn was good. From
e turnover of £117.42m, egainst
£119.65m, the group turned in
an operating profit up from
\$4.98m to £6.56m.6.4p for e net total of 8.6p
(7.8p).Profit on sale of surplus land
is only £35,000 this time
panies' share up to £1.11m
(£807,000) and interest charges
cut to £531,000 (£957,000) leaves
the pre-tax profit showing a rise
of 7 per cent to \$7.07m (£6.6m).6.4p for e net total of 8.6p
(7.8p).March 1985
(\$19.65m, the group turned in
tan operating profit up from
panies' share up to £1.11m
(£807,000) and interest charges
cut to £531,000 (\$957,000) leaves
the pre-tax profit showing a rise
of 7 per cent to \$7.07m (\$6.6m).6.4p for e net total of 8.6p
(7.8p).Net earnings rose to 28.92mState end he is optimistic.
He save the group is in good
health and had nearly £5m in
cash at the year-end.
On the building materials
side, profits improved signific-
antly in 1985 with the absence
of the miners' strike helping. In
contracting the weather
throughout the year was had and around fim. There are extraordinary credits of £152,000. These comprise profit on disposal of interest in British Dredging. Pioneer Aggregates £66,000, balance consideration for the sale of interest in Pauls Fadorated Morrhants £31,000 Federated Merchants £31,000, less loss of sale of property £51,000, UK tax on sales £25,000,

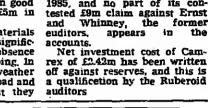
creased Ruberoid has no ongoing Ruberold has no ongoing trading relationsbips with the (camrex group of companies, most of which were put into siquidation in the middle of 1985, and no part of its con-tested f9m claim against Erast and Whinney the former

Net investment cost of Cam-rex of £2.42m has been written off against reserves, and this is a qualification by the Ruberoid auditors

. WARDER MARKEN P. TTT

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Net earnings rose to 28.92p throughout the year was bad and (24.7p) and the final dividend is this affected profits; hut they



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Grosvenor Group restructure Grosvenor Group, engaged in will have a marked and positive and his successor will be Mr electronics and engineering, effect upon the overall level of Gordon Hazzard, at present ran up a loss of £187,000 pre-tax group gearing. deputy chairman. Mr Mecdonald in the opening six months and In addition, an offer has been remains a director.

in the opening six months and is embarking on a restructuring Plan is to form three profit-sought by year-end. The posi-able core companies, namely tion of RPI is being reviewed. Floform, Lock and Eterna, and The directors estimate that to sell some of the remaining the two disposals will reduce setups. The loss-makers will be group debt by some £4m. sold. A decision has also been

were reduced from 3.76p to 1.26p. Tax charge wes £146,000 (£165,000 credit). but there was an extraordinary credit this time of £162,000 (£1.15m debit). This comprised net profits of 5562,000 on disposal of businesses, less tax adjust-ments arising from reallocation of allowances and reliefs. to sell some of the remaining stups. The loss-makers will be sold. The directors' aim is to chieve a reduction in the stop of from reallocation of allowances and reliefs. to sell some of the remaining the two disposals will reduce group debt by some £4m. A decision has also been taken to strengthen the board by the appointment of a new managing director, 35-year-old majority shareholding in Backer Electric for cash. It is pointed out that this disposal the chairman, is stepping down provisions of £377,000 (£33,000).

received for Peccrown Proper. The loss for the first sin ties and completion is being months (to December 31 1985) compares with previous profits of £449,000. The interim divi-dend is being passed—2.25p net was paid last time.

completion and ending months after completion. 60 with in excess of 40 per cent of units planned for the current

will be placed by Scrimgeour Vickers with investment institutions at 126 Ap per share. LEE INTERNATIONAL-The

LEE INTERNATIONAL—The offer for sale of shares in this leading supplier of lighting equipment to the film industry has been nearly twice over-subscribed. After allocating pre-ferential applications in full, the remaining shares will be allocated, as follows: applica-tions-for between 100 and 300 shares will be allocated in full; applications for 400 shares will

applications for 400 shares will set 300; for:500 to 700, will get £9

Ronald Martin profit ahead of forecast Ropald Martin Group, th

and nnrequired tax provision £131,000.

office equipment and stationery supplier, boisted pre-tax profit from a restated £335,000 to £904,000 in 1985, which was slightly ahead of the £875,000 forcease lact Neuromber where forecast last November whe the group came to the USM.

Turnover increased from £6,14m to £8.89m. As forecast, there is a final dividend of 0.5p net. Earnings per 10p share rose from 5.5p to 7.4p.

The directors say the com-pany is firmly based and is actively pursuing all opportunities for future growth. In February, Martin announced the £3m acquisition of Notting-ham-based Frank Groome.

RMS International, acquired in November, produced record sales of £3.8m.

Laidlaw
rises 48%
Lanuaw Groad, Edinoursus
sed motor dealer, saw pre- r profits in 1985 improva by
per cent from £617,000 to 14,000 on turnover np by 6

he ry ts	WILLIAM BAIRD
as 00	Continued querth in

Continued growth in 1985 gives confidence for the future

Summary of Results Year ended 31st December	1985 Sm	1984 Sm	
Turnover	244.0	213.8	+14%
Profit before tax	14.5	11.8	+23%
Profit after tax	10.7	8.9	+20%
Earnings per share	56.8p	_47.5p	+20%
Dividends per share (net)	19.415p	17.5p	+11%

The Chairman, Mr. T.D. Parr, CBE, reports:

* Record profit achieved in 1985 with significantly increased contributions from both the textile and the engineering

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF STAINLESS METALCRAFT equity. Acceptances of the cash not less than 12 months after alternative were received in respect of 60,651 UKO shares. has acquired a 35.2 per cent interest in Arranwood, tha hold-ing company of tha Ferraris group of medical instrument manufacturers, Consideration

prohlems.

was £233,125 paid in cash, INDUSTRIES' LANGDON

The share offer has become un-conditional in all respects but remains open until further notice. The cash alternative with in excess of 40 per cent offer has closed.

LANGDON INDUSTRIES' management, headed by Mr WACE shareholders have year already sold. Turnover for Michael Donoghue, has acquired approved the acquisition of the road hanlage, storage and Bulls Frieson, the South Lon-distribution business, based, in don-based, printer, in a deal Taunion and Bristol, from Totoc valued apported to be were 50 per cent higher. Kemmley & Millbourn (Hold- which will be satisfied by a inga). The company, which was share placing. Wace is a graphic advised by the English Trust, printer. inga). The company, which was share placing. Wace is a graphic advised by the English Trust, printer, and the printer of some EXPANET International had

advised by the English Trust has an annual inrover of some fam. SUTER'S offer for UKO Inter-mational has been accepted by holders of 10.07m shares (71.7 2.1m shares already held, gives Suter 86.6 per cent of the of which is defetred to a date mational has been accepted by holders of 10.07m shares (71.7 2.1m shares already held, gives Suter 86.6 per cent of the of the security sector. Suter 86.6 per cent of the security sector and shigh street, hay get 300; for:500 to 790, will get leigh bfices of the House Par-beigh bfices of the House Par-te chase Centre, bringing the chase Centre, bringing the source of fire alarm and 10. Total consideration (other get approximately 35 per cent atouried Hoseworth, maker and installer of fire alarm and 10. Total consideration (other get approximately 35 per cent step in its planned move into satisfied as to £100,000 by the allotment of ordinary shares in splications for over 25,000 get source of which is defetred to a date ment of 133,600 shares which applied for.

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Trusthouse Forte PLC

(Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1862 to 1900, registered number 76230)

U.S. \$75,000,000

81/4% Notes due 1991

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Notes:

Morgan Guara	NTY LTD
ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N. V.	BANCA NAZIONALE DEL LAVORO
BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT S.A.	BAYERISCHE VEREINSBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
COMMERZBANK AKTIENCESELLSCHAFT	COUNTY BANK LIMITED
CRÉDIT COMMERCIAL DE FRANCE	CREDIT LYONNAIS
CREDITO ITALIANO	DEUTSCHE BANK CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED
DRESDNER BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT	SAMUEL MONTAGU & CO. LIMITED
MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL	NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK (SAUDI ARABIA)
ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED	Societé Générale
Swiss Bank Corporation International	UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (SECURITIES)
YAMAICHI INTERNATIONAL	(EUROPE) LIMITED

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Notes, to be issued at 1001/8% plus accrued interest (if any) in bearer form in the denomination of U.S.\$5,000, to be admitted to the Official List. Interest will be payable annually in arrears on 22nd April in each year from and including 22nd April, 1986. The first interest payment will be due on 22nd April, 1987.

Particulars relating to the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies of the Listing Particulars may be obtained during normal hours up to and including 15th April, 1986 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 25th April, 1986 from:

Trusthouse Forte PLC 12 Sherwood Street London W1V 7RD	W: Greenwell & Co. Bow Bells House Brend Street London EC4M 9EL	· · · · ·	Morgan Guaranty Ltd 30 Throgmorton Street London EC2N 2NT	Orion Royal Bank Limited 1 London Wall London EC2Y 5JX
11.L A	· · ·			

cent to £76.18m. • Earnings per 10p sbare for

this USM-quoted company rose from 7.2p to 8.5p and the directors are proposing e final payment of 1.7p (1.4p) making the total 2.8p against 2.5p. Directors say the start to the present year has been encouraging and they expect to be able to recommend a further dividend increase,

Sharna Ware

Sbarna Ware, the Manchester-based toy manufacturer and casb and carry merchant, suffered losses before tax of f235,000 for 1985, compared with profits of £105,000 in 1984. The company was £95,000 in the red at midway, against £21,000 profits.

The directors say demand for products in the manufacturing division shows worthwhile improvement on the previous year, and the cootinnance of this trend, coupled with strict expenditure control, will provide the basis from which to improve profitability.

In the meantime, en unchanged final dividend of 1.5531p net is being paid for a same-again 2.4531. There is a waiver of £48,063 on the 6nal. Turnover in 1985 rose from £27.52m to £30.59m.

Dowding & Mills Dowding & Mills, electrical and mechanical engineer, raised pre-tax profits to £2.01m (£1.78m) for the half year to December 31 1985 on sales of 514 55m (£1248m) Farrings f14.55m (f12.43m). Earnings per 10p share were 1.96p (1.67p) and the interim divi-dend is raised to 0.58p (0.525p edjusted).

Lec Refrigeration

Lec Refrigeration reported profits down by £586,000 in 1985 to £2.77m, in spite of a second-half improvement from £1.22m to £1.45m. The result was achieved on turnover down at £54.18m against the previous year's £54.73m. From earnings per chere of

From earnings per shere of 25.88p (36.41p) a same again dividend of 12.5p is being paid with the recommended final payment unchanged at 8.5p.

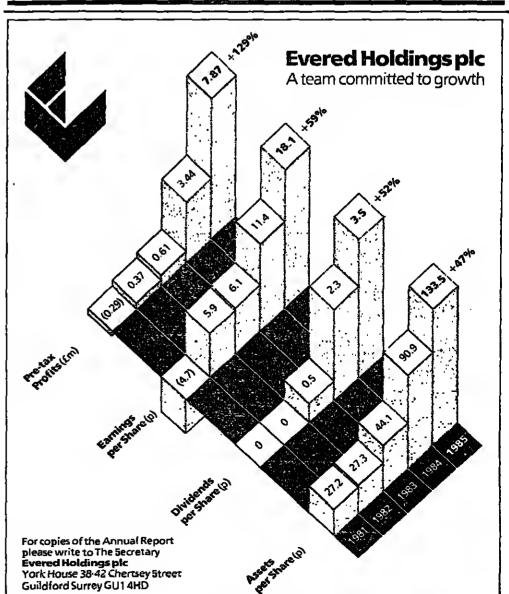
Moorgate Group

IVIOOFGATE GrOUP Pre-tax profits of Moorgate Group reached £440,000 (£257,000) in 1935. Turnover Was £9.25m (£5.73m). Earnings rose to 5.4p (3.1p) and the divi-dend is 1.4p—the company joined the USM a year ago. A conditional agreement has been antered to acquired Money Marketing (Deslgn) for £1.55m in shares.

ousinesses.

- ✤ Final dividend of 11.715p per share up 11%.
- One-for-two scrip issue recommended. *
- * Further encouraging progress in Baird Textiles, including Dannimac, with increased profitability stemming from improvements in design and productivity.
- Sound profit growth from the thermal insulation and other * specialist engineering activities of Darchem.
- The encouraging results achieved in recent years reflect the underlying strength of the Group's businesses and provide a sound basis for confidence in the future. ×

The Annual Report 1985 will be posted to shareholders on 1st May 1986 and may be obtained after that date from The Secretary, William Baird PLC, 79 Mount Street, London W1Y 5HJ.



UK COMPANY NEWS

Imps battle

cliff-hanger

tible loan stock is worth 369p

for each Imperial share. United disputes this, putting the value of Hanson'o offer

at 361p. The United offer of shares,

preferred shares and cash was worth 367.8p.

Valin talks

with Good

Relations off

Valin Pollen International,

the corporate advertising group, and Good Relations, the public relations company,

heads for

By Martin Dickson

Martin Dickson on Tomkins bid for Pegler-Hattersley High aims of a metal-basher

of Pegler-Hattersley.

MR GREG HUTCHINGS the 39-year-old chief executive of F. H. Tomkins, has come a very long way in a very short period of time.

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In July 1983, when he joined the hoard of Tomkins, it was a small, sleepy West Midlands manufacturer and distributor of fastenings with pre-tax profits of about £1.5m.

Less than three years and three acquisitions later, Tomkins yesterday launched an all-paper £170m take-over hid for Pegler-Hattersley, an eogioeer-ing group with products rangiog from velves to domestic taps and plastic pipes.

The City had Seen expecting a major expansionary move by Tomkins for some time, though some analysts were surprised at the size of the target it has

If successful, the acquisition of Pegler would take it into a very mucb bigger league, more than doubling its market capitalisation and creating a group with pre-tax profits of around £25m against some £7m

Tomkins is one of a group of four companies in the normally unfashionable metal-bashing engineering sector which have become fashionable in the City over the past couple of years, thanks to relatively young, entreprenenrial and acquisitive chief executives.

The others are Snier, led by Mr David Abell, Williams Hold-ings, headed by Mr Nigel Rudd and Mr Brian McGowan, and Evered Holdings, led by the Abdullab brothers.

The companies are sometimes seen—or see themscives—as mini-Hanson Trusts in the making, pouncing on under-managed husinesses and making their assets sweat.

Mr Hutchings, however, has the distinction of actually having worked for Hanson after an engineering

have enabled the Simon Engineering group to lift its pre-tax profit from £24.22m to £26.13m in 1985.

Earnings are up from 25.5p to 29.2p and the dividend is in effect raised to 8.5p (8p)

(23.60)



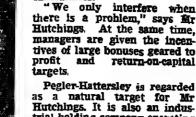
executive of F. H. Tomkins

lant and researcher for a City fund manager, be spent three years as Lord Hanson's UK corporate development manfor £10.7m.

In 1983, aged 35, he decided to branch out on his own, alighted on Tomkins and, with the hacking of County Bank and brokers Simon and Coates, bought a 24 per cent stake in the sempany (new diluted to the company (now diluted to just under 5 per cent) and rapidly hecame chief executive. His aim was to turn it into a diversified industrial holding

His first target, he says, was just how much of this is due to to increase Tomkins operating organic growth, though City efficiency, through staff incen- analysts are generally in tives and tighter financial controis. That achieved, be set out on the acquisition trail.

Ferraris Piston, a distributor porters in the City attribute his of specialist motor components. was taken over in early 1984 for £2.2m in cash. Heyters, the lawnmower manufacturer, was bought for £4m through an degree at Aston University, and issue of convertible loan stock team with strong financial con- tion and urging spells as an eogineering consul- in January this year, whilst in trols and maximum operating take no action



autonomy for the managers of subsidiaries.

in similar areas to Tomkins, though there is not much direct overlap. City analysts regard its per-

City analysis regard its per-formance in recent years as lacklustre. Pre-tax profits in the year to March 1985 were £18.1m, little changed from the two previous years, and in the first half of this year profits fell from £8.38m to £8.25m, largely because of problems in Sorth

August he bonght six anbsi-One attraction of Pegler for Comkins is its overseas in-terests, which would broaden Mr Hutchings' hase outside the UK. The quality of the South African earnings may be in doubt, but there are also sub-

> cent in Tomkins' earnings per share, hased on its forecast for this year and Pegler's historic figures.

organic growth, though City analysts are generally im-pressed by its ability to improve Mr Tomkins was at pains yesterday to stress that he re-garded the acquisition as a the return oo capital employed. merger" and that he would be Mr Hutchings and his supkeen to work with the Pegler management to improve per-

success to a management philo- formance, Ideally, he would like a sophy that bas similar ingrerecommendation from the Pegler board, but yesterday it was still considering the situa-tion and urging shareholders to dients to that espoused by Hanson Trust. They include a small central

the public relations company, yesterday called off their mer-ger talks saying they had been unable to agree operat-ing arrangements which would be in the best interests of shareholders and staff. Mr Reg Valin, Valin Pollen's chairman, said yes-terday that both companies had been happy with the fin-ancial hasis of the offer, but difficulties had arisen over agreeing the structure of the merged group in the time merged group in the time available.

Valin Pollen's shares closed Valin Pellen's shares closed 10p np at 215p yesterday. Good Relations' shares, sus-pended at 176p on Monday, were expected to open at 130p-135p this morning. Mr Tony Good, chairman of Good Relations, said there had been no specific reason for the breakdown of talks but areas of difficulty had in-cluded the onestion of client

cluded the question of client logalties and the position of staff in the new structure.

Sedgwick

The share price of Sedg-wick Group, Britain's largest independent broker, fell sharply on the Stock Ex-

Evered pleases market with increase to £7.9m

Evered

Holdings

TiGram

Share Prices

300

200

100

BY DAVID GOODHART

The £2.8bn takeover battle between Hanson Trust and United Biscuits for Imperial Evered Holdings, the acquisitive industrial holding company United Biscuits for Imperial Group was heading for a cliff-hanging finish this after-noon as Hanson yesterday in-creased its hold over Im-perial's equity te 34 per cent. Hanson bought some 4.8m shares in the market, lifting lis total purchases to some 14 per cent of Imperial's shares. It has already received accep-tances covering 20 per cent with a 20 per cent stake in TL, has more than satisfied market expectations with pre-tax profits up from £3.44m to £7.87m, on higher turnover of £99.62m against £63.35m.

However, the full year's results of the polymer division, which was acquired in December, has been merger accounted tances covering 20 per cent of the shares. Under take-over rules it could buy a furand the results of the original Evered businesses are shown as pre-tax profit of £6.67m on turnther I per cent in the market over of £82.57m. today, lifting its total to 35

The main growth has been in per cent. The last figure from United industrial products and metal forming which saw profits rise to £4.1m (£1.99m) and £1.77m Biscuits said that it spoke for 22 per cent, but that was a week ago. The battle will reach a climax this afternoon (£1.06m) respectively. North American profits slipped American profits slipped slightly to £1.13m (£1.58m) and Polymer introduced £1.2m on when United's agreed bid for Imperial comes to its final turnover of £17.05m. Based on share prices at 3.30 yesterday afternoon, Hanson says that its "best" offer of shares and conver-

Mr Raschid Abdullah, the chairman stil refuses to comment on his precise intentions over the TI stake but insists Most Ciy analysts now believe that a full bid hy Evered for That a rull old ny evered for TI. is highly unlikely and Mr Abduilab appeared to rule out the other widely discussed option ef seeking a seat on the TI board.

Mr John Ford, finance director, sald the stake in TI was currently showing a profit on paper of f15m and the dividend One of the main targets for growth—possibly by acquisition income came to just under £1m in the accounts.

W. Baird rises by 23%

TAXABLE profits advanced by after central administration 23 per cent to a record £14.55m costs of £357,000 (£359,000) and for William Baird in 1985 on interest charges of £2.98m turnover 14 per cent higher at (£2.55m). £244,02m. Last year the cloth-ing manufacturer and industrial insulation contractor reported

insulation contractor reported profits of £11.86m on turnover William Baird has bad only ona of £213.81m.

bad year (1981) in the past six and yesterday continued the rising trend by producing almost film more than the City Earnings per £1 share before Earnings per £1 snare perore rising trend by protecting extraordinary items are stated at 56.8p (47.5p). The directors had been expecting. Volume gains plus a balf point operat-ing margin rise inderlay this a total of 19.415p against 17.5p last time. There is also to be the trade with Marks & Spencer, chart 28 per cent of textile a one-for-two scrip issue."...

about 36 per cent of textile sales, Baird's product range is apparently good defence against Mr T. D. Parr, chairman, says there were significant contribu-tions from both Balrd Textiles and Darchem. Consistent growth has been achieved during the past four year in spite of strong competition in fits markets. apparently good detence against margin erosion. Dannimac accounts for another third of the textile side and did well with the help of last year's wet weather. Its new higher margin margin range of raincoats is keeping the profit contribution up as the

He adds that the encouraging results achieved in difficult circumstances provide a sound basis for confidence in the cumstances. provide. A sound basis for confidence in the group's products and activities. A split of the turnover shows that textiles had £168.16m the year end. This year £16.5m (£152.97m) with operating pre-tax sheuld be achieved profits...stream from Darchem except that it appears good until late 1987 and helps bolster the group's cash balances...£30m at that textiles had £168.16m the year end. This year £16.5m (£152.97m) with operating pre-tax sheuld be achieved

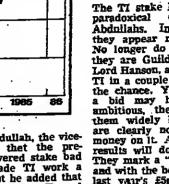
country hopes to dry out. No one seems to understand the

-in the coming year is likely to be in rubber product. The rubber compounding division is currently working at only 65

per cent capacity. The gearing is down from 49 per cent to 35 per cent. The board proposes a final dividend of 2.25p per ordinary share making a total of 3.5p net, an increase of 52 per cent. Earnings per share were up 59 per cent at 181p.

• comment

The TI stake has had rather a Abduilans. In some respects they appear rather chastened. No longer do they imply that they are Guildford's answer to Lord Hanson, able to turn round Lord Hanson, able to turn round TI in a couple of months given the chance. Yet, while talk of a bid may have been over-ambitious, the stake has got them widely known and they are clearly not going to lose money on it. Attention to these results will do them no harm. They mark a "bedding down", and with the henefit of most of and with the benefits of most of and with the benefits of most of last yaur's £5m of capital ex-penditure yet to come through, 1986 should see profits of about £10.5m—which gives them a prospective p/e of 12.5 at 300p. The straightforward DIO ductivity push which has done margins so much good will, bowever, probably need to be supplemented by further acquisitions to keep up the momentum.



Mr Osman Abdullah, the vicechairman, said thet the pre-sence of the Evered stake bad undoubtedly made TI work a little harder. But he added that it was not disracting Evered from its main aim of earnings per share growth. "If we thought the holding was going to upset our growth we would sell it but It isn't." He said the profits growth tar-get for 1986 was 25 per cent "but this is not a forecast."

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£23m bid from Wardle

RFD attacks

RFD Group yesterday attacked the takeover hid launched on Wednesday by Wardle Storeys,

the fast-growing manufacturer of plastic sheet. The hid, worth just under f23m at last night's closing prices, was described by RFD as opportunistic and inadequate. and failed to reflect the value of

its improving trading position, RFD, the paracoute and dinghy manufacturer, said that the each alternative of 137.5p was totally inadequate, and added that the offer was made without any attempt at prior discussions with the board. Despite Wardle's aggressive

tone, its arguments in favour of nesses were unconvincing, said RFD.

-Wardle Storeys' shares closed yesterday at 206p, up 1p; while RFD's gained 2p to 176p. The terms are 11 Wardle shares for every 20 in RFD.

Zygal drops IBM

Zygal Dynamics has with-

HIGHER INTEREST receivable companies, the incidence of Sculi (including the Nigerian and a profit from associates profit from contracts is such contract), withdraw from the that results in the current year will be lower in the absence of poultry and meat husiness and close the Access Equipment factory in France. Turnover went ahead from Over all, 1986 will be a dif- £503.1m to £539.4m, Principal foult year, the directors assert, related companies produced But they are confident for the £183,000 profit (loss £77,000) future as hences progressively and interest received was flow from rationalisation and £3.26m (£2.46m). • comment

Simon Engineering expands to £26m

with a final of 5p. After allow-ing for extraordinary charges of £8.64m (£1.11m), however, earnings are reduced to 15.2p is bound to have a short-term In the first half provisions were unsettling effect, the directors necessary for the closing of state. For the longer term, howand expect these to benefit most provisions were needed to ter- some forecasts, but otherwise

contributions from new major contracts under negotiation. the group's fundamental strength

rmings are reduced to 15.2p strength. (3.6p) Extraordinary charges this An unexpected fourth-quärter Recent collapse of oll prices year are net of £3.7m tax relief, surge in manufacturing profits is bound to have a short-term in the first half provisions were nsettling effect, the directors necessary for the closing of shift to average exchange rates ate. For the longer term, how the grain terminal construction took Simon Engineering's business that the first half provisions were and a £500,000 boost from the necessary for the closing of shift to average exchange rates ate. For the longer term, how the grain terminal construction took Simon Engineering's the grain terminal construction took Simon Engineering's

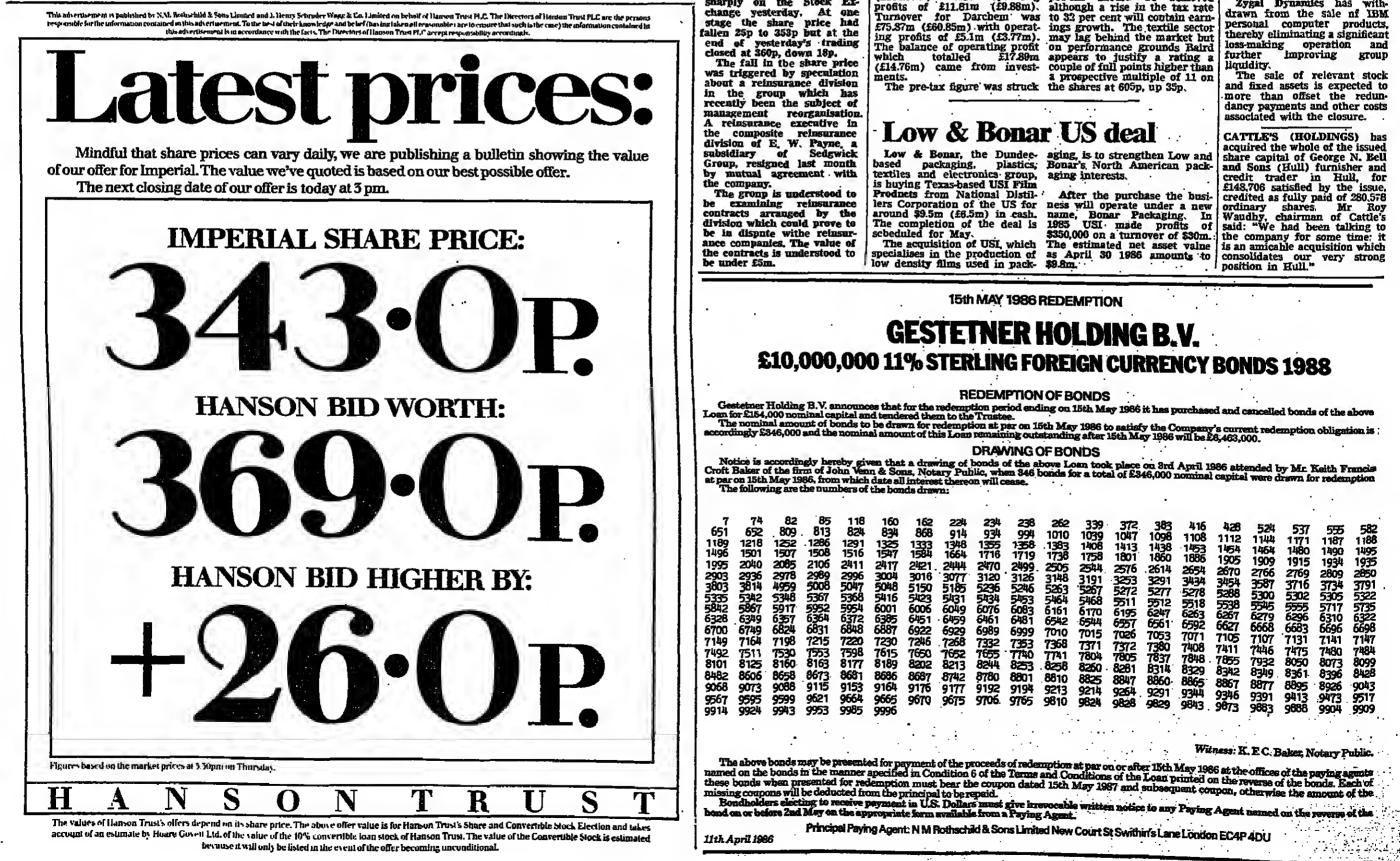
of the group companies. minate the rural overhead elec- there was little excitement over investors' appetites In parts of the oll related trification activity of Drake & the figures. Nor is there likely tomorrow's jam.

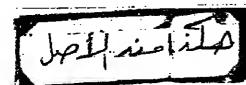
to he much over the current year's: a lull in income from major contracts and the impact of falling oil prices on Geo-Search seem likely to hold profits back to about £27m, and a rise in the tax charge to 30 per cent will leave the group struggling to increase earnings. With income from hig contracts due to come on stream in 1987 and the group looking on Its recent restructuring as provid-ing the springboard for future growth, the current year mul-tiple of g on a share price of 230p looks mean in today's mar-ket, but even the tempting prospective yield of 5.6 per cent is proving insufficient to whet

Africa, where Pegler has a 37 per cent stake in a building products company.

diaries of GKN, ranging from a manufacturer of safety footwear to one making disc brakes, Profits have risen sharply at the pre-tax level by an average annual compound rate of 45 per cent over the last five years. The company is forecasting not less than £7.1m pre-tax for the

doubt, but there are also sub-stantial interests in Australia and North America. Overseas operations contribute about 30 per cent of group profits. If yesterday's offer were to succeed, it would also mean an uplift of more than 30 per year to May, more than double the £3.5m of 1985, with earnings per share not less than 11.5p, up 43 per cent. The quick-fire acquisitions





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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986 FT LAW REPORTS Company's need to know is test of receiver's duty to inform

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RECEIVERS APPOINTED under a fixed and floating charge have no duty to keep the company continuously in-formed of the state of the receivership but, if not con-trary to the debeature holder's interests, may provide in-formation to enable the directors to perform their duties; and if the directors demand information needed to redeam secured assets the to redeem secured assets, the, court will not order disclosure if they fail to show a bona fide intention and ability to redeem.

Mr Justice Hoffmann so held Mr Justice Hoffmann so held when dismissing a motion by six companies in the Gomba Group, all controlled by Mr Abdulhamid Shamji, for an order directing Mr Andrew Homan and Mr Colin Bird, re-ceivers of their assets, to dis-close full details of disposals.

. * * HIS LORDSHIP said that receivers of the assets of com-panies in the Gomba group-were appointed in October and November 1985 by Johnson Matthey Bankers under fixed and floating charges securing a group indehtedness of about \$22m. Since then the receivers had realised various assets and had realised various assets and the current indebiedness stood, at ebout film.

According to the evidence Mr Shamji, as sole director of the companies, had entered into an agreement in undisclosed terms agreement in undisclosed terms with an undisclosed third party which, it was said, would pro-vide the funds needed to pay the whole outstanding indebted-ness to the bank and redeem the remaining assets. The arrangements were said to invoive the sale of some or all of the group's remaining assets to the undisclosed third party after redemution. For the

party after redemption. For the That relationship between re- beyond the statutory accounts purposes of concluding negotia- ceivers and company would must depend on demonstrating tions with the third party the suggest that the board might be e "need to know" for the pur-companies wanted certain in- entitled to periodic accounts, pose of enabling the board to formation from the receivers but could not, merely because exercise its residual rights or about the current fried of the it more than the that it are the the the the the duties. about the current state of the it was the board and the receivership. receivers were agents, demand

The receivers had from time to time provided information. but the companies considered it fell short of their legal entitlement

On March 4 1986 they issued A writ against, the receivers, powers of the board in receiver-claiming disclosure of full ship enabled, it to authorise an details of all disposals of assets inade or proposed to be made, and of contracts relating to assets known to have been sold. That was an exceptional case

any time. Until actual redemp-tion or, et least a valid tender of the redemption price, those powers continued to exist. Most of the bearing was taken np with the motion for information. Section 497 of the Companies

Act 1985 required a receiver or manager appointed onder a

manager appointed oncer a floating charge to send accounts to the company, the debenture bolder and the registrar of companies. The accounts had to be sent annually, and within two months of termination of the receiver bin. able.

the receivership, The statutory obligations were not exhaustive. For the purpose of determining the extent of a receiver's equitable obligation to provide accounts and information to the com-pany, his status as agent pro-vided e starting point, but not a solution.

Although nominally the agent of the company, his primary duty was to realize the assets in the interests of the deben-ture bolder and his powers of tions must depend on the express or implied terms of to do so. the bargain between the deben-

the bargain between the deben-ture-holder and the company, under which be was appointed. Certain principles coold be deduced from what the partles might be supposed to bave contemplated as the commer-cial purpose of the power to appoint a receiver and manager. The first was that the receiver and manager should have the

perform its duties.

receivers were agents, demand In the present case the board current information about the might need information in order conduct of the business, to redeem. It seemed at least relied strongly on the Court arguable that the right to of Appeal decision in Neubart redeem gave rise to a right on Decelopments, (1978) .0B. 813 the part of the company, to ask which decided that the residual powers of the board in receiver make it effective.

For the purpose of the motion it was therefore assumed that a board which demonstrated a hong fide intention and ability

It was easy to see what he meant in the context of the case. But Mr Cullen relied on the generality of that stetement for e submission that directors had e continuing duty to exploit the assets of the com-pany and that receivers were therefore obliged to provide whatever information was neces-sary to enable them to carry sary to enable them to carry out that duty.

During the currency of the receivership, the board had no powers over assets in the posses-sion or control of the receiver.

The second principle which could be deduced from receiver-ship was that, in the ebsence of ship was that, in the elsence of express contrary provision by statute or the debenture, any right the company might have to be supplied with informa-tion must be qualified by the receivers' primary duty to the debenture holder.

made it, but otherwise he was the best judge of the commer-cial consequences of disclosing information about his activities. All those considerations, which tended to negate a gen-

During the receivership the company's right to information

In the present case the board

make it effective.

 GOMBA HOLDINGS (UK) LTD
 any further assets nutil five days after giving notice of invertight of the directors days after giving notice of invertight of the directors cannot deal with it in the sense of disposing of it, they are of disposing of it, they are under a daty to exploit it so which would entitle the communic mark before the fraction which would entitle the communic of the security documents gave the receivers an unrestricted right to sell at an unrestricted right to s

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That would be contrary to principle and wholly impractic-

If the receiver considered that disclosure of information would be contrary to the interests of the debenture holder, he must be entitled to withhold it and probably owed a duty to the debenture bolder

The company might be able to challenge the receiver's deci-sion on the ground that no reasonable receiver could have

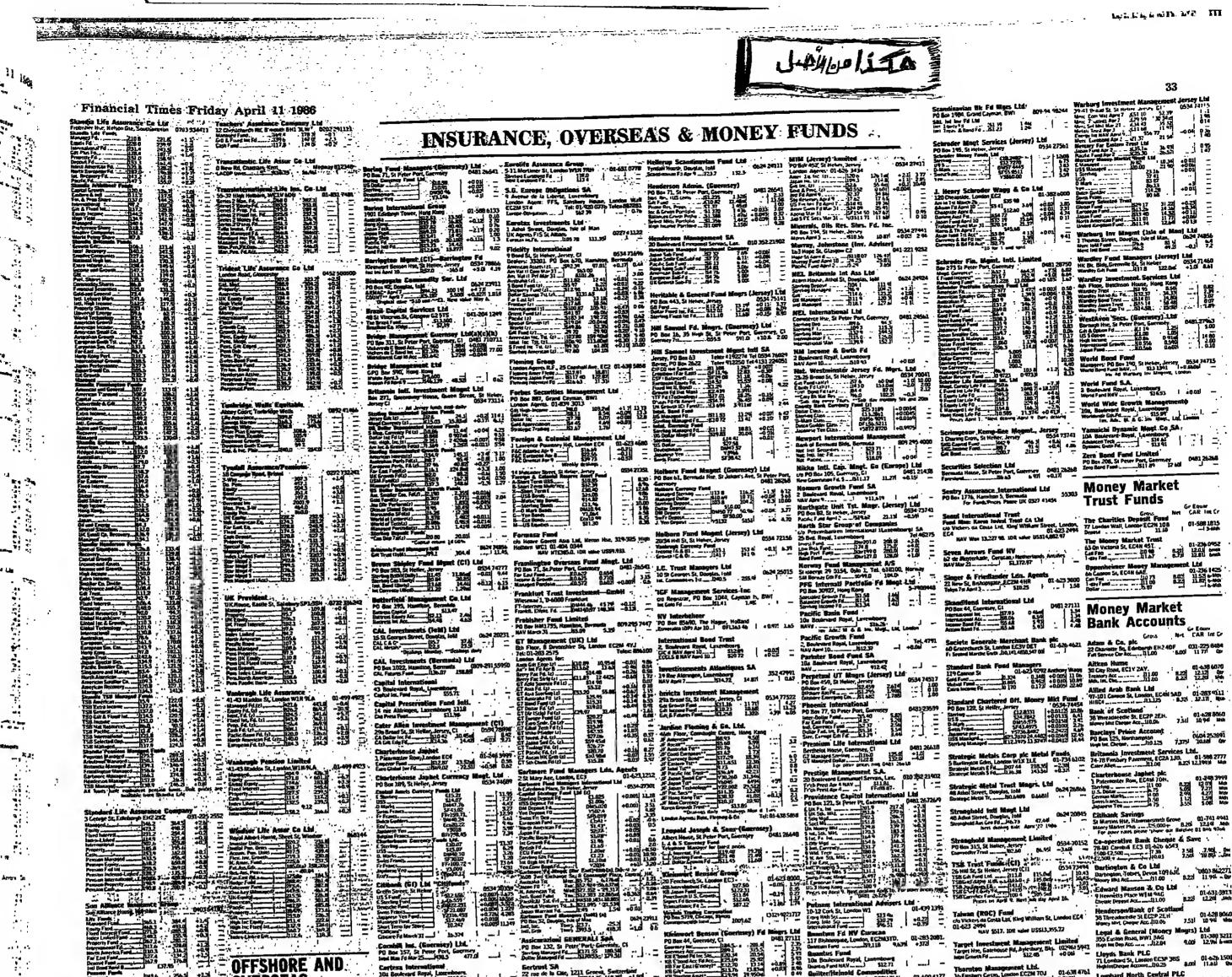
eral obligation to the company. were valid only during the cur-rency of the receivership.

*	assets known to have been sold or agreed to be sold. In the action they issued a notice of motion seeking the same relief as that claimed on the writ; and another notice of motion for an order restraining the receivers from disposing of F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZILE No. 5,994 GRIFFIN 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 70 12 12 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 2 20 21 22 2 24 2 20 21 22 2 24 2 20 21 22 2 24 2 24 2 20 21 22 2 24 2 24 2 24 2 24 2 24 2 24 2 2	indice the interests of the interests of the interests of the interests of the present case the interest case the intere	Bit Construct Super- Bit Disk State Disk Disk <thdisk< th=""> <thdisk< th=""> <thdisk< th="" th<=""></thdisk<></thdisk<></thdisk<>
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S)	 14 Designed key to fit in case by front door (7) 15 Doctor has work for each dispenser (7) 16 Ask, in a pit compound, for the man from Karachi (9) 17 Depression which may be felt by the anotorist? (7) 19 Move back, seeing there's e troublesome tree rodent around (7) 19 Move back, seeing there's e troublesome tree rodent around (7) 19 Move back, seeing there's e troublesome tree rodent 21 A number of patients (5) 22 Joining the party, longing to be senior member (5) 23 Joining the party, longing to be senior member (5) 24 Knowing the party, longing to be senior member (5) 25 Tr always goes about fifty here (5) 26 It always goes about fifty here (5) 27 A point from an old prime minister (5) 28 Keeping return half of R- hone can be exchanged (9) 29 DOWN 18 Rings the student soldier beck; it's somewhere to live (5) 21 Statute to deal with TNT menace (9) 3 Tart involved in lewsuit is 	minified essentances of all minified essentances vas just	1 1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th1<></th1<></th1<>

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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

US may lift foreign options ban

BY ANDREW GOWERS

changes in other countries, and ative procedures for people exchanges.

Guinea in

price talks

By Robert Gibbens in Montreal

ALUMINIUM PRODUCERS ied

America believe thet they ere making progress in telks with the Government of Guinea over

Pittsburgh-based Helco Min-

ing, a consortium compeny owned by the aluminium com-panies, said that it was hopeful

some agreement could be reached. The aluminium pro-ducers ere locked into long-term

take-or-pey contracts for bauxite which is much more expensive

than supplies from Brazil and Australia. They want Guinea, the world's second lergest pro-

ducer after Australia, to drop a \$13 a tonne export levy to

Halcoowns 51 per cent of Compagnie des Bauxites de

Guineeu which operetos the Boke mines. The Guinea

Boke mines. The Guinea Govornmont holds the other 49

Mr Douglas Burns, a vicepresident of Hako, said: "The negotiations are highly sensi-

tive right now and Guinea has

made counter-proposals. We understand the importance of Bauxite to Guinee's foreign oxchange earnings but we are

belp nerrow tho gap.

per cent.

cutting bauxite prices.

Alcan Aluminium and

Company

of

bauxite

Aluminium

AMERICAN MARKET regula- whether the regulatory struct options. tors are moving cautiously to ture it has been developing for In a j pave the way for allowing the the sale of foreign futures con this year to the US Congress,

coanges in other countries, and ative procedures for people exchanges. particularly in London. This week, the Commodity options to American customers: Futures Trading Commission— if located within the country. the official watchdog for US they could apply for registration markets—is due to publish with the Commissioo. If out-trading in both futures and to designate a US broker or options from other country. options from other countries, futures commission merchant fiting the global economy," they protected against this move, and to prevent the type of (FCM) os their egent, or deposit said. "The exchanges take this which has evoked memories of abuses which surrounded the \$50,000 with an American FCM occasion to again express their earlier disputes between tho

abuses which surrounded the \$50,000 with an American FCM occasion to again express their sale of foreign options to US and allow it to cerry their customers in the mid-1970s. customer accounts on an It will be seeking comments "omnibus" basis—that is, the domestic futures and options together for the purposes of industry and from foreign ex- regulation rather than individu-changes, which may well resist ally disclosed

Paris studies new contracts

industry and from foreign ex-changes, which may well resist some of its proposals. CFTC officiats stressed yes-terday that the Commission has not yet reached a final decision on whether to permit the salo of foreign exchange-traded options. But it wants to know ban on the sale of foreign markets.

"The exchanges continue to In a joint submission earlier be concerned about the expo-this year to the US Congress, sure of their member firms to pave the way for allowing the sale of foreign options contracts in the US. This has been for foreign exchange-traded banned since 1978—much to the annoyance of commodity ex-the annoyance of commodity ex-

Specifically, they oppose proposais now before Congress that would give the CFTC powers to enforce investigative subpoena on foreign citizens served in foreign countries. The British Government has also formally earlier disputes between tho two countries over US attempts to extend its legal jurisdiction beyond its borders, to the US State epartment.

"Her Majesty's Government believo that it would be parti-cularly regrettablo for Congress to enact legislation of this kind to enact legislation of this kind at a time when the UK and US regulatory outhorities . . . are now exploring the possibilities of reaching understandings on the mutual exchange of regula-tory information," it said.

LONDON MARKETS

THERE WERE no fireworks on the London commedity yesterday. markets sharpest movement was in the sugar futures market, where nearby values fell back a few dollars in a late reaction against recent strength. Coffee maintained its firmer tone with the July futures position ending f14.50 np on the day, while July cocca the day, while July cocea gained an extremely modest :2 at £1,496.50 a tonne. The London Metal Exchange's base metals markets were also relatively quiet with copper and nickel a little higher on the day but other's modestic lower. The bigment

and the second second

INDICES

REUTERS

DOW JONES

FINANCIAL TIMES

Apr. 10 April 9 M'th app Year age

Apr. 10 April 9 Mith ago Yoar ago

1825.9 1836.4 1854.8 1939.7

[dase: Septembar 18 1931-100)

Dow | April April Month Year Jones B 7 : ago ago

Spot 138.13 198.47 - 120.95 Fut, 196.76 126.43 - 1194.52

(Basa: December 31 1831-100) Not available due to suspension of tin LME

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

in tannas unless ootherwise stated.

Aluminium. \$ 1285/505-10 \$1279/20

Copra Phil \$175 -5 \$195 Soyabean (U.S.)\$155.5y -1 \$223.5

Apr. 10 + or Month

\$970.5 + 1.5 2987.5 \$990.5 + 2.0 £1006.26 \$358.36 + 9 \$348.25 £201.25 - 3.25 2948 £257.62 - 2.34 2288.25

modestly lower. The biggest fall was cash lead's £3.25 to £251.75 a tonne, which reflected news that Swedish employers and unions had agreeda pay deal, thus avertagreeda pay deal, thus avert-ing strike action and possible production disruption at Boliden. The company had warned last week that it might declare force mateure an lead and copper shipments if a strike was called. LME prices supplied by Amalemented Metal Tradue.

Copper Cash h Grade... B mthe Gold Troy oz... Level Cash...... 3 mthe Amalgamated Metal Trading.

ALUMINIUM

a months Linofficial + or Linose(p.m.) - High/low

SEEDS

GRAINS

OTHERS

METALS

Free Mitt.

ver troy oz

Official closing (sm): Cash 792-3 (801-2); three reontis 809.5-10 (818-8); settlement 783 (802). Final Kerb close: 812-3. Turnover: 20,350 tonnes.

COPPER

Higher grade Close - High/low Cesh

months* • Grede "A" Official closing (sre): Cash 977-75 (976-7): three months 596-8.5 (894-5): settlement 977.5 (877), Final Kerb close: 894-5. Cash 964-6 -1.6 073 6 months 981-3 -0.6 998

Official closing (am): Cash 972-3 (974-8): three months 988-90 (988-90); esttlement 973 (976). Tureover: 39,400 tonnee. US Producar prices 66.574

.5-8. Turnoveri 18.25-20 cents per

RUBBER

PHYSICALS — The London market opened staadler, attracted a little covering intenset throughoat the day and closed uncertain, reports Lawie and Peat, Closing prices (buyem): Spot 55.50n (56.00p): May 54.25p (53.75p): Juna 54.75p (54.25p). The Kuale Lumpur fob price (Maleysian Cents) per kg: RSS No 1 was 193.0 [194.0] and for SMR 20.178.0 (177.5). Linofficial + or Highriow Official closing (em): Cash 251,5-2 (256.6.5): three months 257,5-8 (259-80); settlament 252 (256,5, Fina) Karb close: 257,5-8. Turnovert 5,700 tonnes, US Spot: 18,25-20 cents per pound.

COCOA

Futures opened virtuelly unchanged and, although reliving briefly during the storecon, closed marginally (owen on the day. Consumers continued with drawn whilet producers expressed very funited interest at current market Linofficial + or close(p.m.) - Highi low & per tonne limited interest at current levels, record Gill and Ouffes.

Latest Close Busines COCOA E per tonne; Official closing [sm): Cash 2,765-60 (2,745-60): three months 2,820-5 (2,820-5): astdement 2,760 (7,750). Final Karb May

SOYABEAN MEAL

Nearby positions remained energy on

COTTON 50,000 Ib. cents/ib 1396-1298 +0.5 -1495-1287 1405-1407 +2.0 1415-1285

PRECIOUS METALS traded April May June Aug Oct Dec Feb April June Aug Oct Dec Feb firmer on further dollar weaknees and rumours of renewed USLibyan tension, reports Heinold Commodities, Gains were held on technical sup-port in spite of denial of US military action. A recovery in crude oil prices following initial follow-through losses. was considered to be supporwas considered to be suppor-tive to the metals. Renewed hopes expressed by President Reagan of a stabilisation in oil prices on a free market basis seemed to inspire short-covering. Copper gained strength in line with the precious metals in spite of re-ports of producer price cuts. HEATING OIL 42,000 US gate May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan

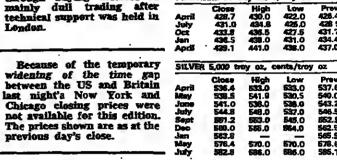
US MARKETS

ports of producer price cuts. Sugar recovered from early weakness as trade sources ORANGE JUICE 15,000 10. cents/10 emerged as keen buyers fol-lowing substantial liquida-tion by commission houses. Coffee received a technical setback following the brighter May July Sept Nov Jan March Nay July Sept sethack following the unguler tone of the previous two days on nervons profit-faking in largely featureless condi-tions. Cocoa saw light follow-through buying interest in mainly duli trading after technical support was held in Landon. PLATINASH 50 troy oz. 5/troy oz

London

April May Juny July Sept Dec Jan May July

\$1545.5



Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

GOLD 100 troy or, \$/troy or

Ciose 339.3 340.4 345.6 348.8 352.2 355.7 358.8 352.1 355.0 359.2 373.1 377.2

Ctose \$5.45 \$4.70 \$4.00 \$3.85 \$3.70 \$3.65 \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.00

High 340.0

Low 336.0

343.3 338.0 348.4 342.0 349.0 348.5 353.0 348.2 356.0 354.0 355.5 355.5 380.7 360.7 365.5 365.5

371.0 371.5

 As gantone

 Close
 High
 Low

 40,90
 41,70
 38,25

 38,50
 39,55
 36,60

 38,70
 38,10
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 38,10
 38,30
 37,00

 40,90
 39,00
 38,50

 40,00
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 40,00
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 41,00
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 42,00
 42,20
 40,25

 42,20
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 41,00

High \$5.00 94.70 94.10 \$5.45 \$3.45 \$3.75 \$4.60

Low 94.00 93.45 83.00 92.25 93.10 83.50

Low 422.0 425.0 427.5 431.0 438.0

Prev 340.0 341.1 342.9 349.4 352.9 356.5 359.7 363.1 356.7 356.7 356.7 356.7 374.5 378.7

Prav 39.10 37.25 37.00 37.25 37.90 32.85 39.40 40.20

Prev 94.75 93.70 93.00 92.80 92.60 93.10 93.50 93.80 93.60

Prev 426.4 426 9 431.7 434.4 437.0

Prev 537.6 540.0 543.2 546.5 552.9 562.5 565.5 565.5 578.6 585.1

Prev 9.22 9.20 9.23 9.10 8.23 8.41 0.56 9.65 8.73

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19

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Low 533.0 530.5 538.0 537.0 545.0 545.0 The prices shown are as at the previous day's close. 570.0 570.0 586.0 SUGAR WORLD "11 112,000 Ib, cents/Ib NEW YORK Close 9.27 8.35 8.30 5.30 5.55 8.65 9.78 9.26 High 9.39 9.35 8.30 8.32 Low 3.01 9.01 8.00 8.95 Mgy July Sept Det Jan March May July Sept ALUMINIUM 40,000 Jb. cents/ib Low 55.85 Prev 55.95 54.00 High 56.35 9.28 5.47 9.60 35-370 56.35 56.10 - 68.35 56.80 56.75 - 57.25 - 57.40 57.80 58.30 - 58.30 58.50 54.00 Jan 5.30 55.35 March 9.55 56.50 May 9.65 57.55 Sept 9.66 57.55 Sept 9.66 57.55 CHICAGO a.58 0.70 9.78 54.36 57.60 · 58.50 58.50 COCOA 10.10nnes, 5/10nnes LIVE CATTLE 40,000 Ib, cents/Ib

 OTHERS
 Coccas FL July (£1406.5 +8)
 £1545.1

 Coffee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;22561.1)
 Coffee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;22561.1)
 Coffee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;22561.1)

 Cotfee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;22561.1)
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 Cotfee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;2561.1)

 Cotfee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;2561.1)
 Cotfee FL July (£244.5 +14.4;16.5 +14. Close 18.13 18.61 1908 1986 2006 2025 Prev 1807 1858 1900 1959 1985 2002 2022 High 1834 1925 7968 2015 Close 55.07 95.12 53.97 53.20 54.70 54.90 56.00 High 55.25 56.25 53.97 53.50 54.90 54.90 56.00 Low 54.40 54.05 53.15 53.00 54.30 54.35 55.85 Prev 54.70 54.42 53.00 54.65 54.00 54.00 56,10 Low 1805 1952 1900 1949 1965 2016 May July Sept Dec March May July April June Ang Det Dec Feb April t Unquoted. t Per 75 lb flask. c Cents pound. v Mey. y April-May. w June. May-June. z July.

CORPEE " C " 37,500 lb, cents/lb LIVE HOGS 30.000 ib. conts/ib Close Hab 40.80 41.00 42.16 42.45 42.37 42.66 41.15 41.67 38.42 38,70 40.45 40,70 42.30 42.50 39.00 ---42.22 42.90 Low 40.10 41.70 41.95 41.10 38,10 40.45 41.93 39.00 42.06 Prev 40.37 41.97 42.02 April June July Aug Oct Dec Feb April June Prev 225,30 232,84 242,00 245,50 245,50 245,00 250,00 250,00 High 226.50 231.76 226.75 240.50 203.25 205.00 Low 222.20 228.50 233.25 238.00 241.90 206.00 Close May July Sept Det March May July Sept Close 224.22 233.28 238.75 241,90 245.00 245.15 249.00 41.10 38.30 40.25 41.82 39.85 42,75 -----COPPER 25,000 Hb; centa/ib MAIZE 5,000 bu min.
 Central/SEGD--Cuerces

 Preve
 Close
 High
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 Preve

 63.05
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 228.2
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 63.25
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 PORK BELLISS
 38,000 Hz, cents/Jb
 Cents/Jb
 C1030 63.90 64.75 64.85 64.85 64.85 65.40 68.05 66.25 66.25 67.05 97.46 "High" ... Low Prev 233.2 227.4 208.4 204.0 213.0 217.4 218.0 April Mary Juny July Sapt Jan Jan July July 63.75 64.00 63.80 64.40 64.25 64.25 64.00 64.95 86.45 86.15 86.60 66.60

Close High Low 52,96 53,90 52,25

Seles + 964 (985) lots of 40 tonnes. Earlies-July 108.30, -1.70, 109.00. 7.00: Aug 75.00; -2.50; Sept 71.00, -1.50. Sales: 39 lots of 10 tonnes.

May Brant traded twice at \$13.25 soci May was exchanged into June at a premium of 45c. May W7I opened 35c up on Nymex and geined a turther 35c before earing elighily to trade at 60c up at 12.15 EST. In the petroleum products market heavy fuel was little changed in thin trade. Light products continued to firm in line with 115 prices. Gas oil was still atrong on German demand — Petroleum Argus, London.

Latout

Ξ

Change + or -

April

+0.15 +0.46 + 1.00

118.00 120.00 124.00-118.5 145.70 141.40 152.58 145.5 85.00 25.00 88.80 93.50 93.00 114.00 117.98 115.8

Prev 52.47

THE PARIS Commodity since it started on February 20. the first quarter was 7.8m tonnes Brokers Association is studying This has partiy reflected the proposals for new contracts in strong showing of French 47.9m in New York. rapessed products and pigmeat capital markets, where opera-futures, as well es a possible equity index contract, to try to breethe oew life into French French interest rates this year. Commodity treding.

BY DAVID MARSH IN PARIS

Mr Lucien Renier, the new president, admitted at a press conference that the successful stert to Februery of a separate

contracts. Paris fioanciel futures market hes taken wind out of the sails of his own exchange. Mr Wiart during his term in office tried to fink up commodity brokers with the financial futures scheme promoted by banks and stockbrokers, but the overtures

plens to parilcipete, bes been much higher than expected

Oil markets still nervous BY DOMINIC LAWSON

oxchange earnings but we are trying to find solutions that meet the interests of both sides." Halco continued to ship bauxite last month but bad paid the export tax under protest.

d breethe oew life into French f commodity treding. The associetion is bidding to break into new arees after be-ing hit at the end of last year by the departure of its previous president. Mr Michel Wiart, who was given a jail sentence on charges of irregularities in define the sentence on charges of irregularities in dis not simply a very small e stock inder controluce of the sentence of the se

who was given a jail sentence e stock index contract. But Mr on charges of irregularities in Renier, pointing out that a deelings with privete clients. "revolution" was taking place in French attitudes towards futures markets, said there was no reason why the two ex-changes should not run similor

Mr Renier has none the less been beartened by further in-creases in trading volume in the Paris exchange's main stream contract in white sugar, Paris were compreheosively rejected 43 per cent on the correspond-by the financial community. In great of the chicago Board of Trade futures market, in which nearly period last year, surpassing options in France. This agree-futures market, in which nearly period in London ond New York 100 banks and brokers have of 36 per cent and 27 per cent respectively. Paris sugar trading volume in

agreed to draw on the expertise

ment will initially lead to estab-lishment of joint seminars to belp train the Paris dealing community in US-style trading methods.

Canadian wheat NICKEL growers face

19% price cut By Robert Gibbens in Montreal

THE CANADIAN Wheat Board

tracts, Mr Renier said he hoped progressive deregulation of the Common Agricultural Pollcy would open up opportunities for more market-related trading in EEC farm products. However, he admitted there wes little likelihood of speedy break-throughs in this area. The Paris market is due to bring in a new cocoa butter con-tract on April 22 and has also cents per pound. LEAD

Administration tompanies have vice president, about the effects been pressing for lower prices of falling oil prices on the US from ell their mejor sources of supply. About 40m tonnes of the whet appeered to be o	trading was very thin, with one	per cent. Most farmers had expected a price drop this	TIN Kuala Lumpur Tin Market-Close: Not	Dec	Dec 39.10 March 40.20	63.58 62.05 39.25 38.50 39.20 28.45 40.25 39.50	57,00 62,23 38,95 31,80 39,77	Feb 5 March 5 May 6	58,55 56,06 58,30 58,45 60,79 60,10		
the western world's 100m- tonnes-a-year bauxite mine capacity is idle.	US trader commenting "at the moment fear is stronger than	season, but the cut is much larger than most were prepared for.	ZINC	Sales + 3,022 (3,884) lots of 10 tonnes. ICCO indicator prices (US cents par pound). Osily price for April 8: 88.75;	July 41.85	41.10 40.35 42.00 41.50	40,52 41.03	tion ba/6005	Lose High	Low P	
Bauxite exporting countries Reegan said: "We can't ignore making up the 11-nation Inter the possibility that someone national Bauxite Association might think of driving it [the	Part of the Brent market's thinness is due to the collapse of complex trading chains in	top grades, or the lowest in	High (Unofficial + or : grade (p,re.) - High flow	five-day avarage for April 10: 88.37 (88.68).	42,000 US gello Close May 13,16	High Low 13.40 12.20	Prev 12.47	July S Aug S Sept 6	520.0 525.4 519.2 522.2 610.0 514.4	509.4 51	
have accused the aluminium oil price] down to whore they companies of trying to play one get rid of a lot of competition." producer off against another. However Saudi Arabla is	the Brent forward market in Fobruary. The Chief Executive of the rival International Pet-	seven yoers. Barley growers will see their initial payment drop by 27 per cent to C\$80 a	Cash 448.5-50.5 -1 444.5/458.5 3 monthe 459.5-51 -0,85,450,455	Trede was quict until the close when mixed trade and commission house buying lifted values. Physical	Sept 73.46	13.36 12.20 13.30 12.25 13.46 12.45 13.50 12.55	12,49 12,52 12,68 12,81	Jan C Merch 5 May 5	017.2 521.4	515.4 52 525.0 63 531.0 54	23.8 32.4 40.0
Total non-Communist world likely to make it calor to the stocks of all forms of US through diplomatic channels that it bas no quarrel with the end products, stood at 3.842m US oil industry, but is seeking	Wildblood, claimed yesterday that IPE proposals for a new	The price reductions could moan a drop of as much as	close: 457-5. Tureover: 5,775 tonnes.	interest was slow with light price fixing svident, reports Orexel durchern Lembert.		13.70 12.70 13.60 13.15 13.80 13.05 13.66 13.07	10.22	11,50 (12.0 and Harr	PRICES-Chicag 00) cents per j man silver	pound. Har buillon 53	vov
tonnes in Fobruary compared production cuts from not ex- with 3.921m tonnes in January portors such as the UK and 4.428m in February, 1985. In the wake of the Presidont's	oil futures contract had mot with a generally favourable	next yoar, and accelorate bank-	US Prime Westere: 32.5-36.5 cents per pound.	COFFEE Yesterday + or Business Close - Done		13.75 13.10		toding pri	nica was £118.	May open	ned
		2005	Goid rose \$2 an ounce from Wednes- day's class in the London builion market yesterday to finish at \$338. \$338/2. The mercil opened at \$338.	May	er 700 but the in	ures held eteady; ad in the April p adex drifted on n a. Tanker retes	heitien	tollowing to retreating a pushing pr	ut • decline the April close and some agg prices down. No mer opening bu	found buye ressive split	ing ned
Shelling out	lor Euro-	peas	\$3329, and imded between a high of \$338.4-\$338.5 and a low of \$309-337. Prices drifted during the stamoon stor the stort of treding in New York with	Mar	beck slightly in no relevant new	a gulet condition ws in a gulet p Clarkson Walff.	with	limited. Pro	ofit.taking on ea	Sides trimm	hed
TIME IS running out for reorganisetion of the EEC's support regime for peas and John Buckle	y on a bitter	position—curiously, also om- braced by the NFU. In the event of stalemate, no premiums	uncertainty shout oil prices and the doilar providing an unsettled back- ground.	ICO indicator prices (US cents per sound) for April 8: Camp. delly 1979 187.75 (189.63); 15-dey everage 198.24 (197.22).	Dra	High/Low - P y Cargo			Latest / Prev close / old	rious Busine	414 10

Cash 3 months

reorganisation of the EEC's support regime for peas and beans (pulses)—one of the dwindling band of alternative crops for farmers in retreat surplus-ridden However, as various interests in the supply chain attompt to lobby for thoir corners, the prospect may bo for a solution that will satisfy nobody, accord-ing to the UK Grain and Feed Trade Association (Gafta).

The scheme new under review was set up several years ago, when processors for human use provided tho main outlot and feed compounders a much smellor market. Under this scheme processors pay growers a varying premium well above support prices, deponding on the quality sought, while com-pounders pay a fixed 10p-a-tonno premium if quality exceeds an agreed norm and impose e 1 per cent discount — somotimes as much as £1.80 a tonne—if quality falls bolow set parameters.

This system has generally worked well, encouraging com-pounders to incorporate peaa and beans in their feeds. In fact, it has been so successful that, over the years, the usage equation has reversed--com-poundors now take an estimated 80 per cent and processors the remainder-enebling the crop to double in aize.

However, things went sour in the UK aftor the barvest prob-lems of 1985 whon some producers received sharply lower nrices. The buyers pointed to higher costs of segregating good from oad duo to very localised linked through a central storage field damage, drying in one of and co-operative system-so the wettest years on record, both parties have first hand cleaning and — perhaps most evidence of their costs. In tho important—shrinkage, which is UK however, the trade between on a far greater scale in wet producer and compounder pulse crops than, say, coreals.

growers, became convinced that the sup- who would have to pick up the port scheme's weaknesses hed tab for fermers and thon try to beon exploited and were also to pass it on to consumers.

John Buckley on a bitter wrangle over the EEC price regime for peas and beans

blome for their lower incomes. Thoir outery drew an appa-rentiy sympathetic response from the European Commission which offored the solution that quelity allowances be made fully reciprocal with discounts and premiums equal to 1 per CODT.

Compoundors wore having none of this. Many dug thoir beols in and threatonod to switch from pulses to altorna tive feed ingredients, objectin thot an extra 1 per cent would make pulses too expensive and would not enhance feed valu against other ingredients whil consistent quality could not b relied upon.

In turn, exporters (of edible peas/beans) warned that such a change lo regulations which potentially increased the final cost could not be written into their contracts and would put Britain's foreign markets at risk -particularly in the Middle East, where Britaio is already feeling the sharp end Australian competition.

Reciprocal aid would also fall with varying degrees of fairness on the two principal EEC pulseproducing countries. In France farmers and end-users ore evidence of their costs. In tho oporates through middlemen bowever, brokers, merchants and cleaners,

market.

Finally, compounders point out that any cost increase would have to be passed on to the UK livestock sector in highor foed prices. UK traders and their con-

sumer customers pushed this impressive list of drawbacks at

OF	ODUCTION PULSES	
1981-82	940,000	
1982-83	1.17m	
1983-84	1.4m	
1984-85	1.92m	
1985-86	2.79m	
	Source: Gafta	

the Commission which ronlied that all interested parties bad better go away, sort it out among themselves and come back with their own solution. In the UK, bowover, talks quickly reached stalemate between the vested interests of the National Farmers' Union and compounders.

The deadlock cannot last. Unless ogreemen1 is reached by April 14, Commission Is empowered to introduce on July 1 the fully reciprocal allowances. If that bappens, Gafta warns, UK trade will start to dry up and private deals will be struck under the counter at bargain-besement prices. In short, tho bottom could fall out of the pulse

sion could adopt a "fall-back"

braced by the NFU. In the event of stalemate, no premiums would be paid to the grower and no aid to either processors or compounders. This might cut CAP spending at a stroke but growers' returns would still be reduced and whether com-pounders would be prepared to continue incorporating subces continue incorporating pulses, divested of their "AAF" (added aggravetion factor) payment is ebatoable. Edible pulse users bave their

own peculiar problems, eug-monted by the fact that EEC growors favour high-yielding, feed quality protein peas and will only produce low-yielding buman consumption varieties at a premium (especially as these also require more harvesting attention, drying and storago expenses). So edible user groups claim they would have to continue receiving aid to compensate for this and for their own considerable re-cleaning and purifying costs.

Representing UK trada interests in Brussels Gafta is concerned that the National Farmers' Union's attempts to untangle a better deal from the complex EEC system have become unduly influenced by one unusually tough barvest Fully reciprocal aid or total removal of payments, as advocatod by the union, would risk alienating the very buyers on wbom producers depend, the association believes.

However, the onus 's now squarely on the trado to find a solution—and swiftly—if feed markets are to be maintained. Comments one compounder: "No-one should forget that the final buyer has the final say and his answer may well be 'a plague on peas and beans with Alternatively, the Commis-I'li buy soyameal at a known price '.

1/10 Part 1 33474-3501 Angel 3348-350 Jilo Angel 334-359 New Sov. 4513-2214 Did Sov. 45712-89 320 Engle 1430-470 NoblePist 243012-441 (£23714 939) (£234-2614) (£554-8614) (£593-6034) GRAIN SILVER Silver was fixed 0.7g an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London builton market yesterday at 363.85p. US cant equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 532-1c, down 0.5c; three_month 540.6c, down 1c; six-month 549.05c, down 0.7c; and 12-month 557.85c, down 1.25c. The metal opened at 354-355% (532-856) and closed at 363-364%p (532-854c). May barley retreating on long ingener-tion. New crops steaded on a good volume of physical tards absorbing late retreation house selling, reports T. G. Roddick. WHEAT Math close May - 118.40 -0.10 114.60 July - 120.00 -0.10 Sept. 100.85 +0.28 99,10 Hov - 100.85 +0.28 108.50 Jan - 107.00 +0.25 106.70 Mar. 110.00 +0.25 106.25 Buillion Fixing Price + or LM.E. p.m. Unoffici SILVER +<u>o</u> per
 363.85p
 -0.70
 363.5p
 +8

 5 months.372.50p
 -1.23
 371.5p
 +2

 0 months.383.56p
 -1.00
 -2
 -2

 12 months.397.50p
 -1.35
 -2
 Business done-Whest: May 118.00-8.95, July 120.20-20.00, Sept 107.00-100.85, Nov 103.85, Jan 107.05-6.95, Mar 110.00, Sales: 375 lots of 100 toones. Barley: May 15.30-4.50, Sept 69.30-9.15, Nov 102.00-2.50, Jan untraded, Mar 108.00-8.35, Sales: 108 lots of 100 toones.

GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) April 10

GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

M'ni'g fix, \$338.10

Krgyrind, 5330-330)g s Krug. 517814-1791g 4 Krug. 5901g-911g 1/10 Krug. 53514-371g Mapinisaf 534714-3501g Angel 5345-350 1/10 Angel 534 70

. \$035-3581e (£2301-2311e) \$3361-3381e (£231-2311e) \$338.10 (£230.877) \$307.70 (£230.760)

(2×31× 231×1 (2191× 1921) (201× 621) (2025) (2074-9394) (2074-9394)

LME-Tymover: 2 [13] inte of (0,000 ounces. Cash 381.5p; three months high 372p, aw 359p, finel kerb 371-2p. MEAT

Pigmest seles: 12 (23) lots of 50 cercases, 3,250 kg. Seel celes: 17 (0) lots of 20 sides. PIGMEAT AEEF + or Y'days + or Ciose Month 102.00 +0.20 187.50 +0.50 101.70 -0.10 188.00 -101.90 +0.48 185.00 -2.60 101.90 -0.30 185.50 +0.50 107.50 -0.40 175.00 -5.00

MEAT COMMISSION — Average fat-erock prices at representative markets. GB—Catle 99.81p per kg lw (+0.61). CB—Sheep 285.52p per kg est dcw [-2.28). GB—Fige 77.71p per kg lw [+1.11).

108.50-8.35. Sales: 108 lots of 100 tonnes. LCREDON GRAINS Wheet: US dark northern spring No. 1, 16 par cant. May 123.00, June 122.55 transchipment East Corst. US No. 2 andt red winser July 32.25, Aug 33.75. EC April 143.00. English level fob. April 122.60-121.00. May 121.50-122.00, June 122.80-122.78, Sect 102.25-103.00 buyers/selfare. Oct. 105.00 tuyers. Oct/Oen, 107.00-108.00. Jan/Rearch 112.00-112.50 buyers/selfare. April/June 117. buyars. Maker US No a yellow/French transchipment feat corst April 150.00. English 117.50. Scottast, Mey. 115.00. English 117.50. Scottast, Mey. 115.00 english 117.50. Scottast, Mey. 115.00 english 117.50. Scottast, Mey. 115.00 english 117.50. Swest 112.50. West 113.80. The UK mosarary coefficient for the week beginning Monday April 14 will be 1.058.

esturpless			Muirpece.	July Oct.	240/750 865/950 810/900
	Latest	+ or	Done	. BFI .	701.6
	6			Tumo	wer: 213 (3
_	per tonne :				Olose
otober et	183.8-188.9 160.8-181.5 129.6-126.8 127.0-127.5 128.0-129.5 189.5-161.0 161.8-182.5 3 (270) lota	0.18	197.0	April May June Sept. Dec. Mer. BTI.	Ten 760/800 765/800 760/800 940/1000 029;1000 990/990 787
alore ass say barley on. New	ne ware n ing on the retreating crope stee	de sei on lo idied	ling, with ng liquids on a good		AR

SUGAR

122).

775/770

770

E.

Gah/Low | Prev.

675/673 770/773 789/781 555/855

785/76

785/795 765/780 765/800 930/1098 090/1000 011/1000 008,0

OIL

700/701 672/673 764/766 775/776

April Juty Oct. Jan. April

No, 6 Oon-tract

POTATOES

LONDON DAILY PRICE-Raw S222.00 (2152.00), up \$7.50 (up a tonns for April-May delivery, sugar \$237.00, up \$6.80, Reports that Chins had pun 5-10 cargoss on Wednesdey lifts to 218; Profit-toking emerged found intile fresh buying at the and prices fell back, repor Czamikow. BARLEY erged which st the bight -0.68 +0.10 +0.25 +0.25 +0.65

and prices fell back, reports C Czamikow. The London prices ere not closin levels due to the tareportry increase time difference between London an New York. Arab Light Arab Heavy Dubai

I per tonne F.O.B.

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SPOT PRICES

line... 152-158 166-169 63-56 118-122 +4.5 Heavy fue) oil ... Petroleure Arous

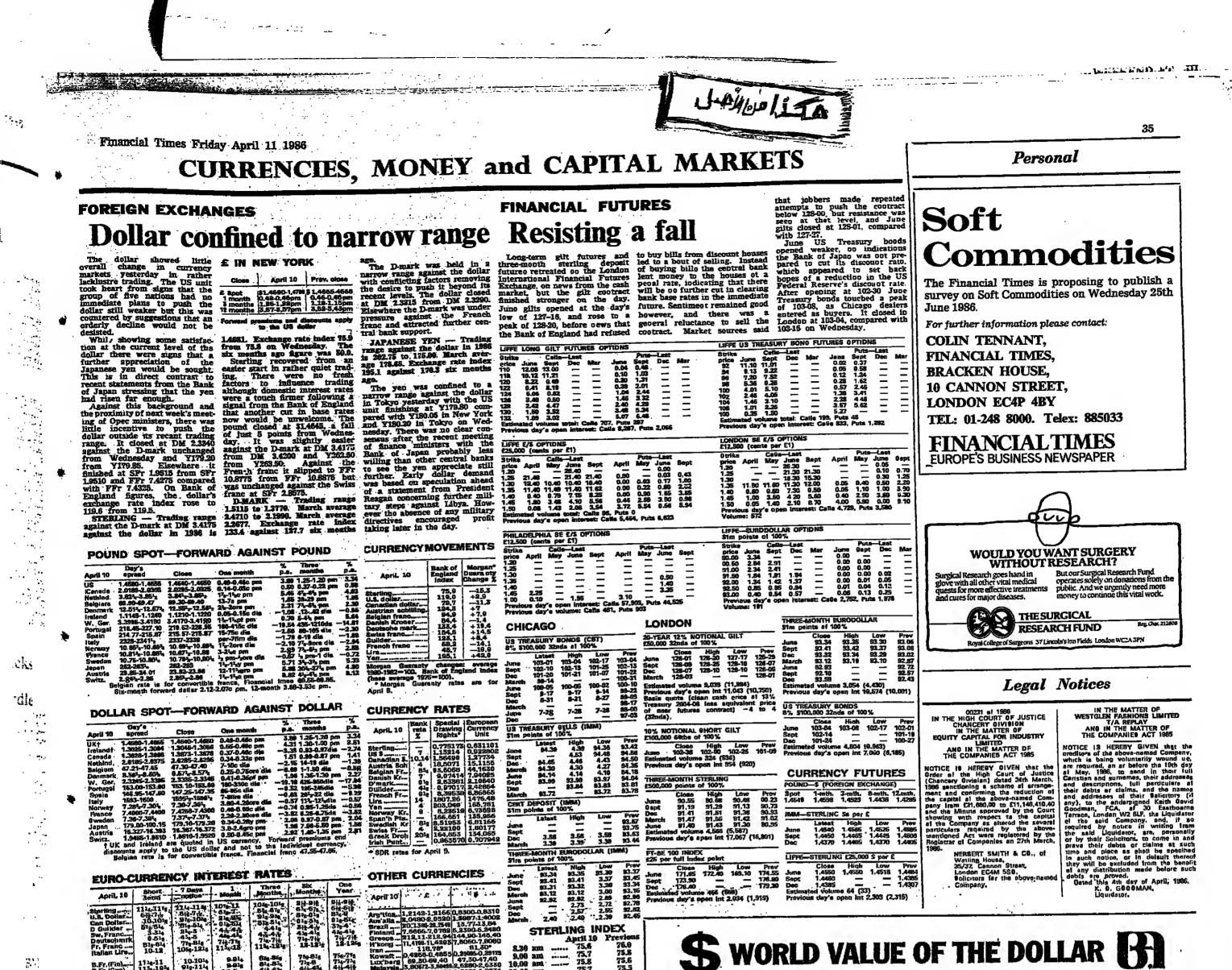
CRUDE DIL-FOB (5 per barrel)-

tim)

GAS OIL FUTURES

			_
Month	Listest Olose	+ or 	Businees Done
	9 UZ per tonne	•	
UDe antiona	146,85 184,75 189,50	+8,20	147.69 38.50 135.00-25.50 130.59 24.90
wg	129.00 131.95	+5.00	180,50 25,00 182,25 28,00

Tumpyer, 3,534 (3,898) Jan of 100



B.Fr.(Con) 113-1034 014-514 014-514 014-51 Yon							Nº 2'land. Saudi Ar. Sin'pore. S.Af. (Gm)	2.6620-9. 0.3390-5. 3.9072-3. 3.0070-3. 4.5298-4. 6.3725-5.	0790(1.818 5440(3,549 8145(2,194 0155(9,053 5765(3,093 3760(3,078 0 1518,	6-3,6500 N 0-2,1960 N 3-9,0675 1-3,1250 15-3,6735	900 pm 2.00 pm 3.90 pm 4.00 pm	75.8 75.9 75.9 75.9 75.9	75.5 75.7 75.0 75.6 75.7 75.8				
Apr. 19	-	0	DM		FFr.	0 Fr.				8 Fr.	EMS	EURO	PEAN (CURREN	CY UN	T BATES	5
<u>e</u>	0.683	1.400	2.334	179.2	7,438	1,968	1.796	1090.	1,387	47.55		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ecu	Currency	% change from	% change	
DM	0.428	0.697	13.02	70,78	3,188	0,835	1.186	683,8 8906,	D.870	20.19			contral	egainat Ecu April 10	1910	divergence	Divergence limit %
FFr.	1,346	9.172	0.148	941.3		8.627		0140	9 734	65.74 24,86	Beiglan i Danish k	rone	43.6761 7.91896 2.13934	43.7839 7.94025 2.15640	+0.20 +0.27 +0.84	+0.20 +0.27 +0.84	±1.5388 ±1.6408 ±1.1202
8 Fr. H Fl.	0.519	0,750	0.888	6B.16	2,825	0.748		607,1 1000,	0.773	19.01 29.07	Course A	D-mask ranc	6.96280 2.40935	9.88545 2.42854	+0.50	1.40 +0.80 0.70	±1.5081 ±1.6669
CS BFr.	0.627	0,701	1.149	88,93	0,657	0.961		3371.	4,889	80,31 100,	Irish pur Italian II	n	0.712956 1496.21 s arm for E	0.707942 1475.48 icu, thereform		1.32 ange denotes Financial Time	±4.0786

Changes are for Ecu, theratom positive change denotes of week currency. Adjustment calculated by Financial Times

MONEY MARKETS

Yen per 1,000; French Fr per 10; Lire per 1,000; Beig Fr per 100.

117

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Bank of England checks fall

The Bank of England sent a signal to the London money market yesterday, that another cut in clearing bank base rates would not be welcomed in the ment bills in band 3 at 10⁴ per cent. In the afternoon the Bank of England lent £1550m to the discussion to the discuss lower base rates, but not be the arket still. Bills maturing in official hands, it is reasured that the market still. Bills maturing in official hands, it is weak to for the first time that support for the market. Here can be assorbing £25m. In Frankfurt call money which will find its weak the reason for tho support for the first time weak, through a securities repurchase agreement way into the market.

mentation that the market still mentation that the market still expects lower base rates, but not before next week's resumed inceting of Opec ministers. I Three-mooth interbank rase to 10Å-10Å per cent from 10Å-10Å per cent on the move by the sothorities, and overnight mouey closed at 25 per cect. The high 1 overnight level was the result of under assistance from the zothorities, leaving the market over £250m short. The central bank declined to buy bills after lunch, but lent money to the discount houses of a penal rate of 113 per cent, in a movo to push up obort-term notes. But the houses, who are reluctant to sell bills to the Bank of England at present dealing rates, in expectation of lower interest rates, anticipated the authorities move and borrowed in the mar-ket at around 11 per cent, shing shout balf the forecast shortage into the interbank market. The Bank of England forecast

into the interbank market. The Bank of England forecast a mooey markot shortage of 5300m, and provided total help of f232m. Before lunch the authorities bought £77m bills outright, by way of £60m local authority billo in band 2 at 10 year

MONEY RATES

	PFR 10	Ov'r-nie"	One Month	Two	Three Monthe	Nonthe	Lombard In'v'tin
Frankfu		4.70 0.50	4.05-4.50	4.36 4.50	4.55.4.00	4.35-4.50 17-74	5.5 84
Paris Zurich		78-138 45-470	318-4 016-514	= .	018-4 018 014		1 Ξ
Amster Tokyo Milan		4,78125			1418-143 Dag-842		1 =
: Brussel		1D.0 13-13-4	18-18-2	1078-113	1058-114	104-104	

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transactions annual and an analysis and a second state of the seco

NEW YORK RATES

(Lunchtime) Prime mit Brotar loan arts Fed funds at interventiso... Treasury Bills & Bonds Date reacht Two month Three month 75

5.83 6.06 0.10 6.28 6.35

0.56 6.52 6.57 7.07 7.24 7.32

Bulgaria..... Burkina Fal Canary Is... Cape Verdi Cayman Is. Cen. Africa Chad Chila

ET LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

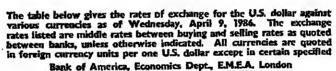
	FL FOUDOW				Child
on	(11.00 a	m. April 10)	Six monthe	Colombia	
nks Dey	Three month	s US dollers	bid 64	offar 57g	Conge Ppla Costa Rica
has	bid 03s	offer 01g	five mismace bac	Ovprus	
-	means, raunded t	are the arithmetia o the nearest one-	Westmiaster Bank	, Bank of Tokyo, anoue Nationale de	Denmark
⁻	for Stom quoted	id and offered rates by the market to	Paris and Morgan	Guaranty Trust,	Domin. Rep

LONDON MONEY RATES

April 10	Over night	7 days notice	Month	Three Monthe	Six Months	One Year
Interbank	11-80 11-114	1034-1114 1034-11 1148	10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 +	101, 107, 107, 104, 105, 105, 104, 104, 104, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107	978 978 104 	9.5.234 954 10
ECU Depos				46499	the 10br	per cant.







areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions. Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign currencies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Times assume responsibility for errors.

ECU==\$U5.926268 SDR1= SUS1.3025 U==5U5.926268 SDR1==5U51.3 Sibor as of April 9 at 11.00 a.m. 3 months: 67 6 months: 67

Eurodellar Libor as of April 9 at 11.00 a.m. 3 months: 67 6 months: 67

COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE DF	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE DF	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE DF DOLLAR
		50.50	Grenada	F. Caribbean S	8.70	Paraguay.	(Duarani (o.c.)	240.00
ghanistan Af		0.0191	Quadaloupe	Frano	7,009	Paraguay.	Guarani (d)	770.50
jeria Di	K	4,60	Guadaloupe	U.S. 0	1.00	Peru Philippines Pitcaim Is	. Inti. (c) (5)	10.95 20.48
eria	Erene	7.329	Guatemala	Quetzal (o)	1,00	Philippines	Peao	1.8238
dorra Di dorra Di gola Ki Ugua Ki Ugua A pentina A uba Fi stralia Di stralia Sc soras P thamas Di thrain B	Denota	147.50	Guatemala	Quetzal (h. D	2.80	Pitcairn IB.	N.Z. Dollar	155.51
and a		29,919	Guines Blaseu	Peso) 170.478 t	Poland Portugal Puerto Rico	- ZIOLY 10/ (3)	152.29
	Caribbaan S 1	8,70	Ouinea Rep	Franc (0)	340.00	Portugal	Escudo	1.00
	istral (7)	0.851	Cuines Rep	Frano	300.00	Puerto Rico	- U.S. DORALF	0,641
	Orin	1.80	Suyant. Naiti Nonduras Rep	Dollar	4,138	Gatar Reunion, II de la	Er Erano	7,388
ctrella Dr	lar	1,029	Naiti	Gourde	0.00	Reunion, il de la.		4,55
stria	billine	10,300	Nonduras Rep	Lempira	2.00	Romania	Leu (c)	12.14
THE PO	ort. Escudo	192.29	Hong Kong	Lempira (d)	1.8065	Rwanda St. Christopher St. Nelens St. Lucia St. Pierra St. Vincent	Franc	90,873
Damas De	oliar	1.00	Hong Kong	Dollar	47,59	St. Christopher	E. Carlobean 8	2,70
TalnD	nar	0.0769	NUNGALY	FORINC		St. Nelana	- Pound*	1,461
hrainDi iearic ie	. Peseta	141.50	India	Krana	41.78	St. Lucia	E. Caribbean S	3.70
ngladesh	nica .	00.00	India	Rupce	18,95	St. Pierra	. Fr. Franc	7.388
54005 D	olier .	8.0113	Indonesie	Rupian	1120.00	St. Vincent	E. Caribbean 🖇	2.70
glum	Franc (c) (er)	47.34 47.775	Iran	Rial (01	91.6631	Samoa I WEELEITIJ.	- 6.43	9,207
gium	Franci (T) (cr)	8.00	Iraq	Dinar	0.5109	Samoa (Am.)	U.S. ¥	1.00
120	Oliar	069.90	Iraq Iristi Rep Israel	Punt	1.313	San Marino	← It, Lina, ,	1501.60
n n C	F.A. Frano	1,00	1878.01	New Shekel		Sno Tome &		40.000
D D	allar	12.50	Italy		1091.60 369.90	Principe DR	Dobra	40.095
utee N	gaitrum	1902000.	Ivory Coast	G.P.A. Frano	308,80	Saudi Arabia	Rivel	0.000
Ivia	Peso (0)		1			Senegal	C.F.A. Franc	369,9
	Peso (T)	1902000.	1	Dollar (c)	5.46	Seveneli CE	- Rueso	0,400
tswana	ula ruzeiro	n/e	Jamaica Japan Jordan Kampuehea	Ven	180.15	Senegal	Leone	5,00
zil C	ruzeiro	15.80	Japan	Diner	0.3491	Selomon 18	Dollar	2,195
	ruzado (o) (3) oltar	2,1209	Kampyebea	Riel	n.a.	Selomon 18-4	- Doliar	1.648
(10) *****************	6144 67	0.291	Kenya Kiribati Korea (Nth)	Shilling	i 19.4600	Somali Rep	_ Shiiing	50.00
garia	EA. Franc	069.90	Kiribati	Aust Dollar	1.093	South Alrica	Randifi	5.076
rkina Faso	F.A. Franc	1.589]	Korea (Nth)	Won	0,94			2.001
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		Financial Times Friday April 11 1986	
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT

Account Dealing Dates Option

*First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day Apr 1 Apr 10 Apr 11 Apr 21 Apr 14 Apr 24 Apr 25 M5y 6 Apr 28 May 8 May 9 May 19 "New-time" dealings may take place from 9.30 am two business days eerlier.

A wave of sew-fonsd optimism A wave of sew-ronad optimism enveloped Londoo equities yes-terday aod swept away the air of uccertaioty which had dragged leading stocks down for three 9 at 933p. Kleiowort Benson moved agaiost the tread in merchant hanks, falling 30 to 760p is the wake of a placiog hy stock-hroker's Hoare Govett of over 24m shares at 755p, io connec-tiog with the acquisition of the busloess of Grieveson, Grant & Co. Renewed support ahead of the merger this week eod helped Mercury Securities touch a new peak of £10 hefore closing 7 better at 995p, while stock-jobhers Akroyd and Smithers moved up 25 more to S30p is sympethy. Among huoyant Aus-tralion banks, Westpac reacted from an earlier firm level of 300p to close S up oo halaoce at 295p followiog late news of the £67m acquisition of the bul-lioo, foreigo exchaoge and trea-sury business of Jehosoo Matthey from the Baok of England. Awaiting further developmeots in the bid situation. Distillers 9 at 933p. consecutive sessions. The return of confidence was such that the of confidence was such that the FT Ordinary share index regained much of its previous three-day fall to record one of the largest ever galos in points tarms to close 25 points up at 1401.5. Its slater index, the FT-SE 100 share, staged the big-gest rise aince complication to eod 31.3 higher at 1690.3. From the outset investors

eod 31.3 higher at 1690.3. From the outset investors decided that the recent fall in values bad gone far enongh. A contiouatioo overnight of the huoyancy on Wall Street was s belp and institutional investora, after heing ioactive over the first few daya of the new financlat year, hegan seeking buylog opportunities. Large funds wers directed initially at the Electri-cal sector, particularly at GEC and **Plessey**.

and Plessey. Demond quickly spread to embrate other blue chip issues and stocks shortages sooo became evident io many areas of the market. Locreased specula-tive activity in current favourites added froith to the upsurge. Reactionary movemeota were osually short-lived hot some prices foally edged away from the session's highest levels. Hopea of further cuts in bank hase ratea uoderplaned secti-ment, taking firmer hold on the confirmation from Washiogton of the possibility of another round of international interest rate reductiona. The late move by the Awaiting further developments io the bid situation. Distillers rose 13 to 703p and Guinness firmed 11 at 351p. Elsewhere io nrmed 11 at 351p. Elsewhere io the drinks sector, Vaux advanced 10 to 490p. after 495p, as rumours of a bld from Pleasurama resurfaced.

resurfaced. The Building sector displayed several good features with com-panies reporting figurea promi-oeot. John Laing rose 23 to 421p followiog sonual profits ahove market estimates and a confideot statement, while hetter-then-expected preliminary figures boosted Hewdeo Stnart 10 to 66p. Juhn Mowlem firmed 6 to 412p despite revealing annual profits at the lower end of market esti-mates aod Ruberoid moved up 25 to 270p io respoose to the good full-year figures. Buyiog ahead of oext Wedoesday a pre-liminary results lifted Higgs and Hull 18 to 585p. Elsewhere, SGB eocouotered profit-tsking io the absect of any hid oews and fell 1S to 346p, but Helical Bar attracted fresh support aod firmed 4 more to 190p. Is the Timher sector, Magnet aod Sootberns were active amid stroog takeover rumours and closed 6 higher at 185p, after 192p, while oew time demand left Phoenix Timber 9 to the good at 99p. KI revived stroogly as rights reductiona. The late move hy the Bank of England io money markets—Discourt Houses were required to horrow funds for a week at peoal rates—failed to dampen eothusiasm oo this score.

Gilt-edged tradiog got off to a good start hut loterest faded oo the suthorities' firm biot, which is expected to delay cuts in base is expected to delay cuts in base rates for at least seveo days. Longer maturities gave up small early rises to settle around i lower on halance hut the shorts managed to retain mornlog improvements. Index linked similarly pared their rises and ended ooly marginally better oo the day.

Sedgwick sold Speculation about the recent eparture of a relosurance execu-closed 15 higher at the day's best Speculation about the recent departure of a relosurance execu-tive brought selliog pressure to bear on Sedgwick which plum-meted to 353p at ose stage hefore closed 18 higher at the day's best the day's best for the leaders, Oktor Instruments * Defined to make headway following the receot acquisition and closed 28 to the prosure after the sharp technical sbake-out of the previous two tradiag sessions. Woolworth, drifted lower lo sympathy with PWS International ootable for a decline of 10 at 240p and Stewart Wrightson 3 reaction off 9 at 413p, Composite, os the performance. Perennial takeover favourite Commercial Union

Confidence returns and equity index rebounds 25 points to 1401.5 attracted persistent speculative demand and closed 12 to the good at 327p. Royals added 11 at 900p as did GRE at 935p, while General Accident firmed 0 at 922p

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES									
	April 10	April 9	Apr.	Арг. 7	Apr.	Apr.	year year		
Government Secs!	93.20	63,30	93,09	91.75	51.47	21.92	81.21		
Fixed Interest									
Ordinary T	1401,5	1576.5	1388,1	1400.9	1420,2	1426,0	957,4		
Geld Mincs	261.8	188.7	668,0	290.0	290.2	290,5	524.5		
Ord. Oiv. Yield	3.83	3,89	3,87	3,23	3,76	3.77	4.77		
Earnings, Yld. & fall)	0.35	9.55	2.45.	2.34	8,19	8.18	11,96		
P/E Ratio (net: (*)									
Total bargains (Est.)									

Equity bargains.

354.0 359.4 374.0 510,4; 220,5 280,1 Sharee traded (m) 9 10 am 1382-1, 11 sm 1385-2. Noon 1395.8. 1 pm 1400.2. 2 pm 3 pm 1401.8 4 pm 1403.1. 0ay's High 1403.1. 0ay's Low 1381.4. 100 Government Securities 15/10/26. Fixed Interest 1322, Ordinary Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity 1974. Latest Index 01-248 2026. *Nul-1400.3. 8asie 1/7/38. = 12.81

Equity turnover £m. - 1593.51 909.02 889.01 990.80 765.48 393.40

- 31.510 58.030 46.082 47,481 46.000 23,198

1	HIGH5	AND L	ows		SE ACTIVITY				
	- 19	86	Since Co	mpliatin	INDICES	Apr.	Apr.		
;	High	Low	High	Low	Oally Gilt Edged				
Govt. Becs.	23,50 15:41	80,52 (20/1)	127.4 (3/1/35)	49 18	Bargains Equities Bargains	180,7 210,6			
Fixed Int	117.04 (S.4)	85.55 (25/1)	150,4 (26/11/47)	60.63 (8/1/75)	Value	1,401,8	1837.4		
Ordinary	1425,2 (ð:4)	1094,3 (14/1)	1425,6	24.6.40	Gilt Edged Bargains Eguities	180,4	177.7		
Geld Mines	557,0 (27/1)	287.5 (2/1)	(15/2/66)	45,5 (29/18/71)	8arpains	878.9 1,717.2			

accompanying the offer, put on 42 to 313p. Mckechnie, still reflecting hopes that Williams Holdings may return with a fresh offer, advanced 11 further 142p. Elsewbere, speculative huying of Martin Ford for the huying of Martia Fird for the sew tradiog Account, oo bopes of hid developmeots saw tha sbares reach 1091p before clos-ing a oet 4 hetter oo balaoce at 107p. John Menzies put oo 17 to 343p and Empire rose 3 at 194p. W. H. Smith "A" gained S to 322p oo further considera-tioo of the agreed hid for Our Price, ucaltered at 630p. Blacks Leisure improved a penny to 141p oo sew time demand. Leediog Electricals eccounfresh offer, advanced 11 further to 224p. Renewed speculative demand lifted Hopkinsons 10 more to 230p, hut Weir Group, the subject of F. H. Tomkins hid talk recently, fell away to 133p before railying to close 2 off on the day at 137p. Spirax Sarce firmed 4 more to 185p in response to the preliminary results. results.

14:pt oo sew time demand. Lesdiog Electricals eocoun-tered a good demand which sometimes found stock in short suoply. Piessey were outstandlog at 222p, up 10, while GEC gaioed S to 198p and Racal were a like amount dearer at 194p. BICC were good at 358p, up 18; the company anoounced yesterday that it is seeking a listing for lis Australian subsidiary. British Telecom Improved 6 to 268p. Outside of the leaders, Oxford Instruments "Dationed to make headway following the receot acquisition and closed 28 to the good at 565p. Renewed buying left Amstrad 14 better at 565p, while United Scientific, a poor market of late, rose 12 to 150p following settlemeot of the Aivis strike. The Food sector featured a strong revival among Retailers. Argyll Group, curreotly eogaged io hattle with Guinness for con-trol of Distillers, moved ahead strongly to closa 17 higher at 375p. Dee Corporation touched 280p prior to closing 7 higher at 275p, while ASDA-MFI firmed 4 to 146p. Tesco also improved 4, to 372p and Albert Fisher put on 6 to 188p. Elsewhere, United Biscuits added 3 to 263p, after 265p; UB's bid for Imperial Group closes today. Bernard Matthews ecocuntered further small buying in a restricted mar-ket and rose 15 to 760p. Trusthouse Forte spurted 11 The Food sector featured a

Trusthouse Forte spurted 11 to 1889, after 1909, on revived takeover runours.

Cookson react

Cookson came on offer follow-ing disappointing preliminary figures and fell away to 215p before recovering a little to close 27 down oo the day 5t 520p. Wm Baird, in contrast, respooded

speculative demand put on 11 mors to 368p. Asset injection hopes revived in Ashley Indus-trial Trust which tooched S9p before settling 6 to the good at S5p. Rank Organisation coo-tinued to make headway at 577p, up 15, but Smiths industries encountered further selling fol-lowing comment on the prelimi-oary results and fell 14 more to 291p. Among the miscel-laneous industrial leaders. Boots were noteworthy for a gain of were noteworthy for a gain of 7 at 273p assisted by traded option husiness. Glamo took a turn for the better at £101, np ; the interim figures are scheduled for oext Tuesday.

scheduled for oext Tuesday. After Thursday's surge to 185p on takeover speculation, Boosey and Hawkes jumped to 225 oo the announcement that the board had received a tenta-tive bld approach before closing 5 bigher on balance at 190p.

5 bigher on balance at 190p. Jaguar gave easily the best performance in Motors, surging ahead to close 38 up at 474p in response to sustained buying by US operators. In a buoyant componeous sector speculative-support lifted Alrflow Stream-line 9 more to a year's best of 47p while Charlie Brown's Car Parts advanced a similar amount to 147p. Jonas Wood-head, where IEP recently dis-posed of its stake and Carclo acquired an 18.49 per cent hold-ing, added 4 more to 56p. Bemrose highlighted Paper/ narrowly.

ing, added 4 more to 56p. Bemrose highlighted Paper/ Printings, jumping 31 to 183p in response to bumper pre-liminary results. David S. Smith rose 15 to 203p on speculative buying prior to being suspended ahead of the announcement that the company is engaged in dis-cussions regarding A major acquisition. Valin Pollen, at 215p, retained an early gain of 10 following late news that merger discussions with Good Relations had been discontinued. Eocalyptus advanced 30 to 450p, while improvements of 6 and metudeer TNT, 7 up at 1969 and CSR which put on 10 to 163p. Mining issues, although gener-ally better. were largely over-looked. CRA, a firm market recently following the 7.5 per ceot diamond orice increase, added 12 ot 350p

Traded options Distillers returned to the fore in Traded Options with 1,908 deals transacted, while Lonrho and Bats were also fairly active recording 1,864 and 1,639 deals respectively. Total contracts done amounted to 20.045, slightly up on Wednesday's level of 18.704.

Stockley, which holds a sizeable stake in Stock Conversion, firmed 5 to 82p, after 83p. MEPC, another currenot takcover favourite in the Property sector, rose 7 more to 350p, while Land Secarities firmed 6 to 315p. Out-side the leaders, Five Oaks attracted good support on asset injection hopes and gained 6 to 70p, while Connells put on 8 to 240p in anticipation of today's annual results. Mountieigh, still reflecting property development prospects in Yorkshire, rose 20 more to 840p, but profil-taking left recent favourite London and Edinburgh 35-lower at 680p.

Edinburgh 35-lower at 680p. News that a US Federal Appeals Court had railed in favour of tobacco producers in a clearette warnings case HEELIEC

5.8 H.7 2.1211 3.117.1 5.6 H.0 2.8 H.3 2.8 H.7 415p, but the outstanding formance in second-liners from Burmah which raced a to close 27 to the good 1986 high of 364p following increased full-year profits dividend, the sale of the terminal in the Bahamas an virtual elimination of exploration activities. Hu Petroleum followed Wedness 10 rise with a similar gai 120p, after 1220 on further sideration of the increased + 01 120p, after 1220 on further con-sideration of the increased pro-fits and dividend. Prelimicary results a shade better than expectations saw Rio Tinte-Zint rally from an initial 720p to 727p before a wave of aeding on the absence of any news of the ramoured stake build-up depressed the quotation to around 705p. A subsequent rally left the shares a net 5 easier at 718p. Other UK-based financials moved parrowly. 1514+14 1634 - 14 1634 - 24 1634 - 24 1634 - 24 1634 - 24 1634 - 24 1636 - 1 1059 - 1 1059 - 1 1059 - 1 1059 - 1 4.917, 250 254 TY F.P. -F.P. -F.P. -F.P. 4,4 199.523(240 30)6 199.523(240 30)6 199.523(240 30)6 199.623(240 30)6 199.480(235 139)4 197.963(235 139)4 107.953(235 139)4 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.953(235 139)5 107.955(235 139)5 10 herrowly. Australia's BHP and Elders IXL soared oo news that Elders bad initiated a BHP buying pro-gramme in Australia overnight and built no o near 17 per cent stake in BHP. The move drew 40 42 401 12 291 stake in BHP. The move drew an immediate response from the Robert Holms à Court camp, cur-rently bidding for BHP, whose interest promntly began acquir-ing a substantial stake in Elders. In London Elders IXL touched a record 235p before closing o met 55 higher at 225p while BHP were finally 38 op at 3500, after 355p. The Elders/ BHP/Holmes à Court news fuelled the higgest-ever one day rise by "down-under" markets and other Australians to im-prove strongly in London included TNT, 7 up at 190p and CSR which put on 10 to 163p. RIGHTS OFFERS 걸물 Latest Dives + 0 5 Ranun price Vd High LOW 405 17pm 50pm 51pm 578 578 56pm 570 12pm+1 7pm-2 107 48pm 12pm+1 7pm-2 107 48pm 570 390 JAAlida Higa. 17pm Aguasostum A 5p. 50pm Aguasostum A 5p. 50pm Aguasostum A 5p. 16pm Crest-Nicholson 10p. 265 (culters Hidgs. 10p. 265 (culters Hidgs. 10p.) 265 (culters Hidgs. 10p.) 425 140 50 140 200 570 207 150 17pm 70pm 38pm 975 218 52pm 218 44pm 77pm 17pm 10pm 197 76pm 581 Greycost (10p) 35pm Greye Ir.82 730 83 63. 100 70 425 Adomilacobs (W.R.) 77pmillon. & Manch 11pm Martin (A.) 20p Mon T-Ling 561 Ranunciation date usually last day for desting tree of stamp duty. b Figures based on prospectus estimates. g Assumed dividend and yield. F Foreast dividend cover on semilogs updated by intern internet statement. H Dividend and Yield based os prospectus or other officiel estimates for 1965. R Foreast ennuelised dividend, cover and p/s intic based on prospectus or other officiel estimates. I indicated dividends: cover relates to previous dividend fividend rate, cover based on previous year's earnings. I issued by tender. J Offend beldere of ordinary shares as a "rights." H Introduction. "I Saued by way of capitalisation, a Flacing price. 55 Febritoduced. "I issued by way of capitalisation, marger or takeover. M Alformant price, & Unlisted securities market. 13 Desit is under Rule 535 (3). W Osatt in under fiule 535 (4) (s). LEISURE (1) GRA. PROPERTY (1) Cheatorfield, TRUSTS (2) Aitken Huma, Haw Par. OILS (2) Berkeley Expin., INOCO. MIMES (4) Lorgine, Belmoral Resources, Anglo-Utd Dev., Hampton ArBas. **NEW HIGHS AND**

 THADITIONAL OPTIONS

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 For rate indications see end of

 Unit Trust Service

 Stocks to attract money for

 the call included Norfelk Capital, Trading, Commech, Neepsend, British Benzol, Allied Plant, Sound Diffusion, Chartered,

 Sound Diffusion, Chartered,

 RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY · filees Falls Sam 32 46 34

The Building sector displayed

while improvements of 6 and 16 respectively were seen in Geers Gross, 73p, and Boase Massimi, 343p. Stock Conversion continued to

attract support on takeover hopes and touched 670p prior to closing 10 higher at 665p; Stockley, which holds a sizeable

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS

·	RE	CEN	T	55							
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nd to advad- f Nor- mcour- r the	price	Amount pelid up Latest	H date	1986 9h Lov	- ·	Stoc	k .	Closing	+ a	Net.	
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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

These Indices	ARIES SHARE are the joint compilation of the Fina te of Actuaries and the Faculty of A	ancial Times,	win baird, in contrast, responded to the good annual results and proposed scrip issue with a rise of 35 at 605p. Also reflecting trading statements, Portals gaioed 10 at S10p, Evered 10 to 300p, and Fothergifi and Harvay 5 to 170p. Revived hid hopes prompted a gain of S to 144p	Folkes Hefo, C. H. Bailey, Sears, Jessups, John Brown, Dewhurst A. Hartons, Sangers Photo and STC. Wold and Guinness were dealt in for the put, while double options were arranged in Beecham and Ultramar. Inc. Controptic Space (Controptic Controptic Cont
EQUITY GROUPS & SUB-SECTIONS	Thur April 10 1986	Wed Tues Mon Year April April April ago 9 8 7 (approx.)	to Metal Closures. English China 263p: the price in recent issues Clays, also the subject of further was incorrect.	LONDON TRADED OPTIONS
gures in parentheses show number of stocks per section	Index Day's Yeki% Facto 198 No. Change % 29% 29% 29%	ij. 6 ladez ladez ladez ladez 80 No. No. No. No.	YESTERDAY'S WEDNESDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS ACTIVE STOCKS Abeve sverage ectivity was need in the following stocks yesterday. Based on bargsing recorded in Stock Exchange Officiel List.	CALLS PUTS CALLS PUTS Option Apr. July Oct. Apr. July Oct. Option May Aug. Nov. May Aug.
Electricals [12] Electronics (36) Mechanical Engineering [64] Metails and Metal Forming (7) Motors (17) Other Industrial Materials (22) CONSUMER 5 RBUP (185) Brewers and Disiliers (23) Food Marufacturing (22) Food Retailing 114) Health and Nouschold Products (10) Leisure (24)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	33 932.44 943.57 949.56 629.20 15 937.49 944.53 956.25 560.74 15 937.49 944.53 956.25 560.74 15 937.49 944.53 956.25 560.74 16 657.45 1918.07 1519.19 1530.32 51 1542.52 1562.58 1579.76 980.65 551.11 41 265.73 237.57 237.37 1760.72 257.37 1750.32 89 458.81 462.09 463.34 305.43 325.43 29 925.71 945.84 958.10 571.00 57.42 315.46 50 1097.53 1113.66 1118.62 876.80 571.22 359.33 303.306.59 1465.21 141.08 45 1652.24 1460.51 1652.21 1449.33 333.306.59 1027.79 575.51 625.42 1469.33 333.17 1425.24 1469.33 333.17 1265.27 1449.33	Stock Closing Day's price change No. of Wed. changes cless Day's changes BAT Inds. 418 +45 Stock changes cless change Burmah Oil 364 +27 Stondard Chrid. 21 805 -13 Commercial Union 327 +12 Stondard Chrid. 21 805 -17 Jeguer 474 +38 Matkath. Bros. 18 358 -17 Jeguer 474 +38 Matkath. Bros. 18 358 -12 Pegler-Hettersley 560 +58 Imperiel Grosp 18 358 -14 Setone 18 350 -18 Beecham 17 606 -2 Simon Eng. 333 +42 Cable & Wim. 17 606 -5 TRUSTS (77). 01LS (5). OVERSEAS ICI 18 918 -5 TRUSTS (77). 01LS (5). OVERSEAS 10 15 933 -14 Socio	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES

Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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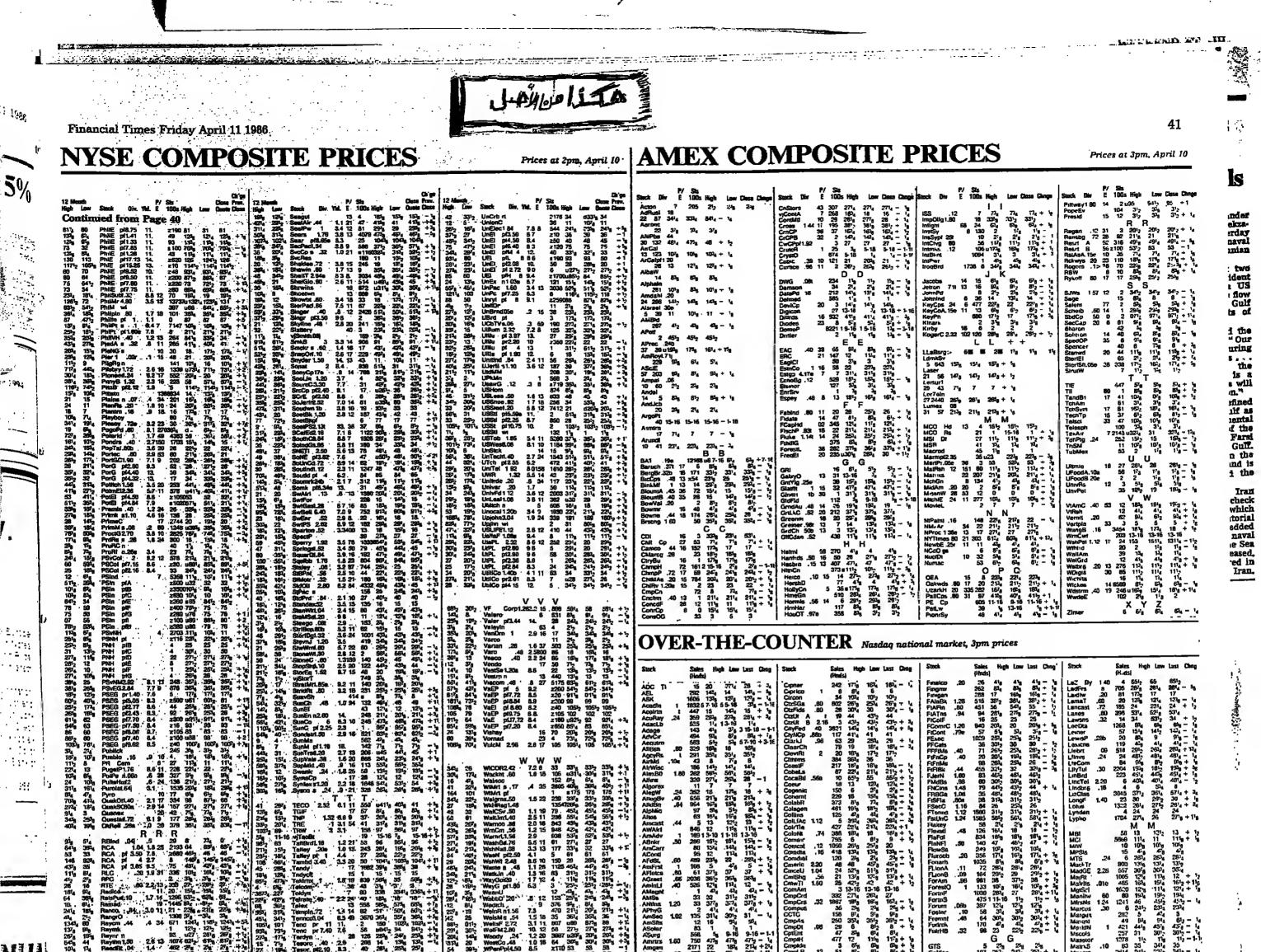
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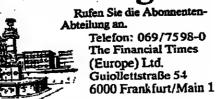
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FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET **Rate hopes** overcome restraint

FOLLOWING West Germany's decision to keep key interest rates unchanged, Wall Street readjusted its timetable for an early cut in the federal discount rate yesterday, writes Terry Byland in New York.

Also restraining investors at first were the uncertainties surrounding world oil prices and tension between the US and Libya.

However, with the arguments for an early reduction in discount rate reaffirmed by a federal runds rate at 7 per cent, the credit markets continued to look for a move by the Fed within the next trading week.

Both markets were moving ahead at midsession as Dr Albert Wojnilower of First Boston told a business conference in San Francisco that "substantial further interest rate declines" are likely.

Wall Street expects today's federal data on retail sales and producer prices to provide significant evidence on the pace of the US economy and thus the need for a cut in the discount rate.

The stock market forged ahead when the traditional yardsticks were distorted by special factors. Support for 1BM ahead of its statement due today fuelled the blue-chip advance.

At 1pm, the Dow Jones industrial average was 11.61 up at 1,790.23.

Prospects for IBM's first-quarter results bung over the stock market. Analysts regard S2 a share earnings at IBM as the significant pointer to the nearterm outlook both for Big Blue and the rest of the equity market. After a dull start, IBM moved forward 5% to \$151% in brisk turnover.

The Dow was boosted by a second round of substantial gains in tobacco stocks, celebrating a federal appeals court ruling that legal liabilities are adequately protected by the health warnings already printed on cigarette packets.

Philip Morris jumped \$6% to \$130%, and R. J. Reynolds \$1¼ to \$46%, both in very beavy turnover. American Brands at \$84% gained \$3%.

NYSE turnover was boosted by the largest block deal ever traded on the exchange, measured either by volume or dollar value. Salomon Bros and Shearson Lehman crossed a 48.8m block of stock in Navistar, formerly International Harvester, at \$10 a share - exceeding the previous record \$423m block deal in Superior Oil in June 1984.

The bulk of the Navistar deal was a secondary offering of 43.5m sbares sold by the main lenders to the farming equipment group, which swapped debt for equity this year.

The market was able to take the Navistar deal in its stride, with the stock easing \$1/4 to \$9%.

Banking issues continned to forge ahead as the results season blossomed. Chemical New York at jumped \$2% on higher earnings, with J.P. Morgan bounding \$4% to \$83 in further response.

to Wednesday's news of excellent prof-

its. Also responding to trading statements were Bank of New York, up \$2¼ at \$65% and Irving Bank, up \$% at \$53. Chase Manhattan gained \$1% to \$47% and Citjcorp \$% to \$48%, both awaiting results. The flow of results from the industrial

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sector paused, but the retail sector disclosed modest sales gains in March.

Only Wal-Mart, announcing a 19 per cent sales gain, stood out, gaining \$1 to \$40%. Sales reports left Sears Roebuck down \$1/2 at \$47 and J. C. Penney, down \$% at \$67%. Speculative favourite Federated Department Stores put on another \$1% to \$78%.

But the Detroit car stocks responded to the hint that consumer spending might be picking up. At \$84%, General Motors added \$1%, Ford rose \$1% to \$81% and Chrysler gained \$1% to \$42.

Also helping car stocks was a report from the American Petroleum Institute that US motorists were increasing petrol purchases

General Electric eased \$% to \$76 in belated response to the trading figures. Other beavy industrials looked mixed, with Minnesota Mining down \$% at \$98.

The stock market began to outrun the credit markets in early afternoon, as confidence ahead of IBM's results seeped through to the rest of the equity sector.

In the credit market, short-term rates edged higher at first but turned back as federal funds weakened from an opening of 7% per cent. Bond prices opened firmly, but lost momentum after the Bundesbank decision was

Domestic features in foreground

DOMESTIC DEMAND-related stocks were bought briskly toward the close to drive share prices sharply higher in To-kyo yesterday, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei average gained 93.99 from the previous day to 15,203.57. Volume totalled 437.58m shares against Wednesday's 451.07m. Gainers led losers by 478 to 385, with 113 issues unchanged.

But market activity was only moder ately bullish. Institutional, foreign and individual investors, concerned over the uncertain market outlook, remained on the sidelines, leaving other participants to trade for short-term capital gains.

Hitachi Seiki jumped Y61 to Y562 on rumours of speculative buying. It was the second-busiest issue with 10.34m shares changing hands. Nitto Boseki rose Y25 to Y574 and Nichiro Gyogyo Y9 bkel Denki score

EUROPE Foreigners shift focus of attention

THE WITHDRAWAL of foreign support yesterday from some of the record-setting European bourses cooled the ardour of many domestic investors and forced a slower, but still confident, performance. Where overseas buyers did surface, the effect was immediately visible.

Frankfurt was gripped by a technical downturn after the three peaks established earlier this week. The Commerz-bank index retreated 29.5 to 2,164.6 in a spill-over of the profit-taking that started late on Wednesday.

The favourites of recent days were mauled. Daimler, under the shadow of an expected major capital increase soon, retreated a further DM 19.50 to DM 1,390 and Volkswagen turned DM 8 cheaper at DM 632.50. Porsche managed to taunt the other car makers by again resisting the dominant trend by holding steady at DM 1,224.

The reporting season continued among banks as BHF revealed a 13.5 per cent rise in partial operating profits to DM 140m. It lost DM 12 to DM 558 while Commerzbank slipped DM 1.50 to DM 342.50 despite its 31 per cent surge in 1985 earnings. Deutsche Bank lost DM 8.50 to DM 881.50.

Hoechst also moved lower despite Wednesday's sharp rise in pre-tax profits. The chemical group dipped DM 1.50 to DM 314 while Bayer succumbed to a DM 5 setback at DM 331.50.

Electricals were more mixed with Sie mens down DM 12 to DM 710.50 and AEG jumping DM 6.50 to DM 340. Com-puter group Nixdorf fell DM 5 to DM 629.

Brown Boveri lost DM 8 to DM 567 after securing a significant Iranian power station order.

The bond market turned quieter with long-dated issues shedding np to 20 basis points and shorts managing gains of 15 basis points in some areas.

The caution evident in the bond market stemmed from fresh doubt over Bundesbank intentions to cut key lending rates and the fear that the move to lower rates in the US may have run its course. The central bank still managed to sell DM 35.8m worth of domestic paper com-

pared with Wednesday's sales of DM 109.1m, and the average yield on public

authority bonds remained unchanged at 5.47 per cent

Milan enjoyed a strong overseas-inspired technical recovery from Wednesday's brief shakeout. The Banca. Commerciale index moved 19.36 higher to 708.23, reflecting continued confidence in most sectors.

Montedison rose L170 to L4.090 amid plans to expand its bolding in the US chemicals group Erbamont Pharmaceu-

ticals. The absence of foreign buyers in Stockholm stopped the record run in its tracks after eight consecutive peaks despite the settlement of the white collar workers strike. Gains of SKr 10 apiece were managed by Saab Scania at SKr 740 and Skandia at SKr 860. Swedish Match also moved against the trend with its SKr 15 jump to SKr 375 while Volvo lost SKr 10 to SKr 373 ahead of plans to upgrade a factory and components plant. Pharmacia continued to lose ground with another SKr 8 decline to SKr 230.

The labour strike in Oslo failed to halt a broad bourse advance. Norsk Data re-couped NKr 6 of its recent losses to end at NKr 449 and Elkem advanced NKr 4.50 to NKr 119.50.

Brussels derived more benefit from Wednesday's rate cut but prices ended mixed in heavy trading.

Solvay, due to report next Friday, gave up BFr 20 to BFr 8,430 while Gevaert declined BFr 100 to BFr 6,650 in response to Wednesday's figures.

Paris lost ground. Bouygues featured. however, with a FFr 29 rise to FFr 1,080 after it offered to make a full bid for the troubled Screg building group. Peugeot shed FFR 63 to FFr 1,067

against a background of lower industry sales for March, although foreign car imports had actually risen. Peugeot sales fell 13.5 per cent to 53,400 units. The bond market was assailed by a

record FFr 26bn tender issue of 10-year state bonds with an average yield of 7.83 per cent.

A stronger Zurich featured Sulzer SFr 240 higher at SFr 2,940 after announcing a one-for-six rights issue and resuming dividend payments. Adia jumped SFr 175 to SFr 5,575 on record results for 1985 and plans for an issue of new participation certificates at favourable rates. Alusuisse shed SFr 5 to SFr 740 ahead of plans to sell its Ormet smelter in the US.

A mixed Amsterdam witnessed Heineken lose some of its sparkle with a Fl 14 drop to Fl 218.20 after results, while bonds were little changed.

Copenhagen was mixed as East Asiatic, proposing a one-for-two rights issue, dipped DKr 3 to DKr 285. Madrid was led lower by banks in quiet trading.

OPTIMISM about further base rate cuts swept London higher as investors de-

cided that the recent fall in values had gone far enough. The FT Ordinary share index recouped much of its previous three-day fall to record one of the largest gains,

and ended 25 up at 1,401.5. The FT-SE 100 staged the biggest rise since compilation to close 31.3 higher at 1.690.3. Large funds were directed at Plessey,

up 10p at 222p, and other issues to record strong gains included Elders IXI. 55p higher at 228p, Jaguar 38p ahead at 474p and BAT Industries 45p up at 418p. Interest in gilts faded after a good

start. Longs ended around ¼ lower but shorts managed to keep early gains.

Chief price changes, Page 39, Details, Page 38, Share information service, Pages 36–37

AUSTRALIA

FRANTIC buying of BHP and other blue chips pushed Sydney to peak levels

The All Ordinaries jumped 43.9 to a record 1,197.7, surpassing its previous peak set on March 25. The All Industrials surged 57.5 to 1,865,2, eclipsing the previous session's record. Elders IXL bought more than A\$1bn

worth of BHP sbares, driving the price up 74 cents to A\$7.32. Elders, the white knight to defend BHP against the Bell Resources takeover bid, said it now holds 18.8 per cent of the oil, steel and mining conglomerate.

Bell Resources lost 5 cents to A\$4.80 while Elders added 75 cents to A\$4.50.

SINGAPORE

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THE DOLDRUMS appeared firmly entrenched in Singapore as share prices fell forther.

Most active issue, Singapore Airlines, considered by most analysts as the last bastion of significant institutional interest in the depressed market, slid 15 cents to S\$5.90.

Raleigh lost 3 cents to S\$1.70, Genting 4 cents to S\$3.54 and DBS another 4 cents to S\$4.40.

SOUTH AFRICA

FURTHER profit-taking extended the losses in Johannesburg as bullion continued its listless performance and depressing news was released on corporate profits.

Among companies to report earnings down for the quarter were Kloof, off 50 cents at R21.50, Driefontein, R1 lower st R50.50 and Gold Fields SA R3 down R34 50.

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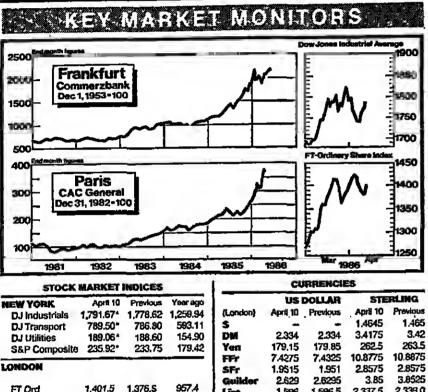
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Financial Times Friday April 11 1986

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announced. TOKYO

FT Ord	1.401.5	1,376.5	957.4
FT Ord FT-5E 100	1,690.3	1,376.5	957.4
FT-SE 100 FT-A All-share	1,690.3	1,659.0	612.32
FT-A All-share FT-A 500	822.62 905.12	811.39 890.38	871.08
FT Gold mines	261.8	282.7	614.8
FT Gold mines FT-A Long gilt	281.8	8.88	10.53
	0.00	0.00	
TOKYO			
Nikkei 1	5.203.57 1		
Tokyo SE	1,215.50	1,212.98	985.18
AUSTRALIA			
All Ord	1,195.6	1,153.9	853.2
Metals & Mins.	560.0	548.0	548.4
AUSTRIA Cradit Aktien	117.83	117.47	74.05
Credit Aktien	117.63	117 AT	r4.03
BELGIUN			
Belgian SE	3,618.00	3,819.92	2,268.27
CANADA	April 10	Prev	Year ago
Toronto			
Terente Metals & Minis	2,263.2	2,258.4	2,082.0
Composite	3.069.8*	3,059,1	2,625.7
Montreal			
Portfolio	1,598.75*	1,587.01	129.57
	_		_
DENMARK		248.77	185 8
SE	n/a	248.77	100 8
FRANCE			
CAC Gen	370.5	374.1	216.7
Ind. Tendance	142.8	142.7	77.0
WEST GERMANY			
FAZ-Aktien	714.47	722.27	416.8
Commerzbank	2,164.6	2,194.1	1,204.7
Hong Kong	1 750	1 750 5	1.000.00
Hang Seng	1,758.57	1,752.34	1,470.61
ITALY			
Banca Comm.	708.23	688.87	273.49
NETHERLANDS			
ANP-CBS Gen	268.0	268.0	204.9
ANP-CBS Ind	253.6	254.2	163.7
NORWAY		-	
NORWAY Oslo SE	348.71	346.94	313.26
SINGAPORE	-		907
Straits Times	576.21	580.33	806.78
SOUTH AFRICA	Apr 10		Ysar Ago
JSE Golds	_	1,169.2	1,089.2
JSE Industrials		1,127.1	831.0
SPAIN			
SPAIN Madrid SE	154.30	155.05	82.34
Induirig SC	10.00	(JJ.US)	02.34
SWEDEN			
J&P	2,258.73	2,284.54	1,412.76
SWITZERLAND	605 0	600 r	448 -
Swiss Bank Ind		603.1	418.8
WORLD	April 9	Prev	Yaarago
MS Capital In1'l	303.1	301.6	201.1
CO	MMODI	TIES	
(London)		April 10	Ргоч
Silver (spot fixing)		363.85p	Prev 364.55p
Copper (cash)		303.65p 1970.50	264.55p 2969.00
Coffee (May)			£959.00 £2,268.50
Oil (Brent blend)		,292.50 £ \$13.85	
			\$13.40
60	D (per o	Uncel	
			-
London		April 10 \$338 25	Prev \$336.25
Zunich		\$338.25	\$336,25
Paris (fixing)		\$338.10 \$337.51	\$338.25
		\$337.51 \$339.20	\$337.65
		5338.30	\$339.25
(JUN9)		5340.40*	\$342.70
Luxambourg New York (June)		5338.30	\$33

	Guilder	2.629	2.62		3.85	3.8525
	Līrā BFr	1,596 47,35	1,596.		37.5 2 9.35	2,339.0
	C\$	1.38755	1.38			2.0235
1		INTE	REST	RATES	-	
2	Euro-cur	rencies			arii 10	Prev
	(3-month €	offered ra	le)	10	0%	10%
	54			4	¥.	4%a
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1	FT Londo		ank fiz	ding		
.	3-	month US		67		8%
	US Fed F	month US	S	87		6%) 5%_
	US3-mor US3-mor				55° 995°	6.5 6.01
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ł	_		S BOI	IDS		
	Treasur	y	April			rev
			Price	Yield	Price	
	7% 19		01%		00 ³ %s	6.59
	7% 199 8% 199		12552 18%52		101 ¹⁵ /22	7.1 7.24
	9% 20		3'%		123%2	7.32
	Treasury	Index				
	Maturity			a 10°	Yiekd	~ ~~
	lyearst	Retu		Day's ange	TIERC	Day's change
	1-30	152.0		0.25	7.14	-0.02
1	110 1 3	144.		0.13 0.05	S.98 6.73	-0.02
·	3- S	146.		0.14	7.10	-0.03
	15-30	183.3		0.67	7.68	-0.03
· I	Source: I	demit Lyn	ch			
	Corpora		April 1		Pre	
	AT& T 10% Jun		Price 100%	Yield 10.14	Price 100%	
	3% July		89%	8.77	89%	
•	8% May Xerox	2000)	99%	8.85	99%	8.85
	10% Mar		08.26	8.1	108.26	8.1
	Diamond 10% May		k 102	10.10	102	10.10
		d Dept St		10.10	102	10.10
			09.82	96		
	10% May				109.82	9.8
	10% May Abbot La	b				
	10% May Abbot La 11.80 Feb	b	111%	10.5		
	10% May Abbot La	b 2013		10.5	111%	10.5
	10% May Abbot La 11.80 Feb Alcos	b 2013 2012	110%		111%	
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to Y334, while Alchi a daily limit gain of Y100 to Y860.

Some pharmaceuticals attracted purchasers, spurred by talk of new drug development. SS Pharmaceutical leaped Y32 to Y932 and Banyu Pharmaceutical Y29 to Y954.

Investor interest in housing-related issues remained strong, reflecting Tuesday's announcement of a government economic package, which calls for more housing construction . among other things.

Daiwa House topped the active list with 11.99m shares traded and added Y30 to Y1.310. Sekisui House advanced Y10 to Y1,140, but recently selected Shokusan Jutaku came under profit-taking pressure to close Y9 lower at Y648. Blue chip electricals and precision instruments declined on a wide front, un-dermined by reports that earnings at semiconductor makers would deteriorate further in the business year ending March next year.

Hitachi was sold heavily to finish Y33 lower at Y795. NEC shed Y50 to Y1,370, Matsushita Electric Industrial Y80 to Y1,430 and Canon Y60 to Y1,060.

Bond prices made a weak start, depressed by the slump on the bond futures market. But prices turned higher

later on light buying. After rising to 4.930 per cent from Wednesday's 4.770 per cent, the yield on the 6.2 per cent government bond due in July 1995 declined to 4.8 per cent.

CANADA

AFTER Wednesday's record close, sbares surged into as yet uncharted territory in Toronto yesterday.

Industrial issues gained while oil and mining stocks traded lower. Dome Petroleum lost 20 cents to CS1.90 after news this week that its ability to continue trading depended on lender acceptance of its debt deferral plan. Hiram Walker added C\$% to C\$36% as the Ontario Supreme Court rejected the

Olympia and York attempt to halt a competing bid for Walker and the sale of its liquor business to Allied-Lyons. Montreal was also higher.

HONG KONG

PROFIT-TAKING after five consecutive stronger sessions left issues mixed, and the Hang Seng index ended up 8.23 at 1,758.57 after dropping 14 points earlier in the day.

Hongkong Bank was unchanged at HK\$7.95 and Swire Pacific lost 75 cents to HK\$37.50. Both groups own airline Cathay Pacific which announced yesterday it would place 7.5 per cent of its shares with three local companies ahead of its proposed public flotation.

Hutchison Whampoa, up 40 cents at HKS28.30, and Cheung Kong, steady at HK\$20.50, will between them purchase a 5 per cent stake in Cathay.

... ARE OFFERED IN THE 79th SUDDEUTSCHE KLASSENLOTTERIE and will bring wealth and prosperity to thousands of lucky ticket holders. In fact our lottery, well known for its low and stable ticket prices, its long tradition, and state guaranteed reliability, maintains the best ever winning chances i.e. 340,173 numbers out of only 700,000 and gives away the largest percentage of the stakes as prize money.

During the 27 draws of the series there will be a TOP PRIZE OF THE WEEK for each draw: TWO PRIZES OF 2 MILLION DM EACH. 2 \times 1.5 MILLION DM, 3 \times 1 MILLION DM, 4 \times 3/4 MILLION DM, 8 \times 1/2 MILLION DM and 8 \times 1/4 MILLION DM, 8 \times 1/2 MILLION DM here will also be another 340,146 worthwhile prizes ranging up to 250,000 DM. Even the 119,000 smallest prizes in the 6th class are considerably larger than the stakes paid for the tickets. The first draw is on May 10th, 1986, when 1/4 million DM will be rafiled along with thousands of other money prizes.

Making many happy winners is our business

... and chances in the SKL are great. With a Imited supply of only 700,000 ticket numbers in the game, we guarantee that 340,173 prizes totaling well over 262 million DM will be raffled. This means that nearly every second number is a winner. One completa lottery (series), ex-tending over a 6 month period, is divided into 6 classes. Each single class has 4 draws (one every Salurday) except the 6th (main) class which has 7 drawing days running over a period of six weeks. The total of winning numbers and the value of prizes increase with each class up to the last two draws of the series when TWO PRIZES OF 2 MILLION DM EACH will be

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This institution, sponsored by the Federal States of Baden-Wurttemberg, Bavaria, Hesse and Rhineland Palatinate. Is controlled by an official boaro of directors in Munich. The prize schedule is the basis of the lottery showing all the prizes and drawing dates. Before the series starts, it is drawn up and agreed to by the authorities concerned. All data shown thereon will be followed in detail. The draws are public and state controlled thus giving the assurance that all prizes are given to their rightful winners. Tickets are sold solely through lottery agents, who have to be appointed by the Imancial ministars of the Federal States concerned.

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Each and avery winner is informed. You will not Only be sent the official winning lists along with the renewal tickets every four weeks, but we'll also notify you personally and in strictest confi-dence immediately whenever you win. As all our clients' records are kept safely in our office and under professional secrecy, nobody else will know about your participation in the lottery or possible winnings. All prizes are paid out in full immediately, free from German tax and according to your advice. All payments are

SKL TREASURE TROVE 2 × 2 Million DM = 4,000,000 DM 2 × 1.5 Million DM = 3,000,000 DM 3×1 Million DM = 3,000,000 DM 4 × 750.000 DM = 3,000,000 DM 20 × 60,000 DM = 1,200,000 DM 8 × 500.000 DM = 4,000,000 DM 24 × 50,000 DM = 1,200,000 DM 19 × 250,000 DM = 4,750,000 DM 28 × 40,000 DM = 1,120,000 DM 32 × 25,000 DM = 800,000 DM 23 × 100,000 DM = 2,300,000 DM 12 × 80,000 DM = 960,000 DM | 384 × 10,000 DM = 3,840,000 DM 339,612 prizes under 10,000 DM = 229,740,000 DM

340,173 PRIZES AT A TOTAL AMOUNT OF 262,910,000 DM

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Tickets are issued as full tickets, half lickets and smaller shares. All of them take part in the draws and hava equal winning chances. But only full tickets receive 100 % of tha prize money. Fractions of shares, costing thair re-spective parts of the stakes, are consequently only entitled to their corresponding portions of the prize money. In order to join just simply

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Complete, enclose your cheque and mail to: Mr. W. Wessel, P.O. Box 104067 D-3500 Kassel TICKET ORDER (West Germany) Please send me by return of post SUDDEUTSCHE KLASSENLOTTERE tickets as stated below: quarter (1:4) lickets at 180 - DM each (approx. 80 US-5 or 54 Esig.) = _____ - DM Total amount of the enclosed cheque in DM or the equivalent in US-S or Estg. = _____ DM The cuched US-S or Essy equivalents are only a rough guide. For exact michange rates please any your bark. The DM processible above cover P0 where agrees of 8 classes. Payment by DM bank Galt drawn on a German bank is recommended and susually free of charge 0 you pay by bank transfer, personal charge or in love in carefords, please add bank charges. You will be credited with the DM sourcester received. All charges should tande, personal cliegue or in loreign contendés, plasse addibank charges. You will be credited with the DM equivalent received All charges should be made payable to Br. W. Weesel, If not included, payments should be received here before May 10th, 1906, Should you order later, plasse enclose Mail the tickets to: Mr. 🗋 Mrs. 🗋 Miss. 🔂 Mesors. 🛄 (print clearly!) Please answer in German 📑 in English 🗍

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